

# Converting Colors

XYZ(25.5655, 23.1345, 12.4169)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(25.5655, 23.1345, 12.4169)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(25.6121, 23.1500, 12.3510)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(25.6121, 23.1500,  
12.3510)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AC7958
RGB	172, 121, 88
RGB Percent	67%, 47%, 35%
CMY	0.3255, 0.5255, 0.6549
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.49, 0.33
HSL	24°, 34%, 51%
HSV	24°, 49%, 67%
XYZ	25.6121, 23.1500, 12.3510
YIQ	132.4870, 40.9890, 0.5490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

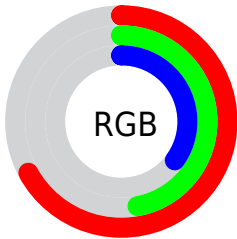
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	172, 142, 88
Decimal	11303256
CIELab	55.23, 15.94, 25.99
CIElCh	55, 30.489, 58.475
Yxy	23.1500, 0.4191, 0.3788
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289493336 (0xFFAC7958)
YUV	132.4870, -21.9321, 34.6529
Hunter-Lab	48.1144, 10.8182, 18.4603

# Details

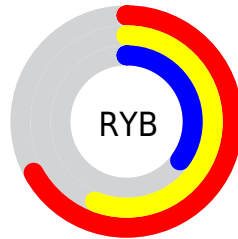
The XYZ color **25.6121, 23.1500, 12.3510** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **20.7031, 23.5175, 42.4778**, and the grayscale version is **22.1752, 23.3300, 25.4064**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51.8441, 48.3801, 30.6506**, and **10.0714, 8.5838, 3.3165** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.7810, 20.4967, 8.6307**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.7498, 26.1476, 17.0033**.

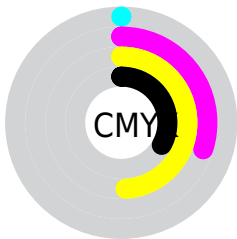
# Distribution



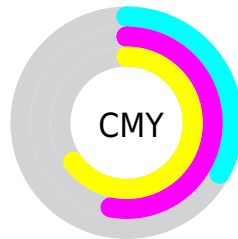
- Red (67%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (65%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 25.6121, 23.1500, 12.3510 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 25.6121, 23.1500, 12.3510 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 25.6121, 23.1500,  
12.3510

■ 25.6121, 23.1500,  
12.3510

273.1644,  
268.4945, 217.7751

■ 16.6648, 14.7043,  
6.8578

■ 52.0843, 48.6395,  
30.8067

■ 10.0896, 8.6121,  
3.2962

■ 70.3399, 66.4521,  
44.6062

■ 5.5211, 4.4891,  
1.2478

■ 92.4290, 88.1558,  
62.0116

■ 2.5940, 1.9507,  
0.0184

■ 118.7170,  
114.1350, 83.4414

■ 0.9429, 0.5786,  
0.0000

■ 149.5691,  
144.7741, 109.3141

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

185.3509,

180.4574, 140.0482

226.4275,  
221.5694, 176.0624

■ 25.6121, 23.1500,  
12.3510

■ 25.6121, 23.1500,  
12.3510

■ 23.7810, 20.4967,  
8.6307

■ 27.7498, 26.1476,  
17.0033

■ 22.2385, 18.1708,  
5.7763

■ 30.2074, 29.4987,  
22.6446

■ 20.9669, 16.1587,  
3.7152


■ 32.9995, 33.2163,  
29.3291


■ 19.9456, 14.4445,  
2.3620


■ 36.1389, 37.3119,  
37.1065


■ 19.1397, 13.0060,  
1.5591


■ 39.6381, 41.7963,  
46.0233

 19.0550, 12.8542,  
1.4768

 43.5086, 46.6797,  
56.1232

 47.7616, 51.9720,  
67.4478

 52.4076, 57.6830,  
80.0366

 57.4569, 63.8218,  
93.9271

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.2834, 23.1500, 17.2732



25.6121, 23.1500, 12.3510



22.1783, 23.1500, 10.7114

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.6121, 23.1500, 12.3510



16.0793, 23.1500, 24.7100



25.2791, 23.1500, 45.5730

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.6121, 23.1500, 12.3510



20.7031, 23.5175, 42.4778

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.8293, 23.1500, 49.0171



25.6121, 23.1500, 12.3510



16.7294, 23.1500, 35.2587

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.6121, 23.1500, 12.3510



16.8752, 23.1500, 16.6091



18.7506, 23.1500, 44.8354



28.0776, 23.1500, 36.3524



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.6121, 23.1500, 12.3510



19.9908, 23.1500, 11.2637



18.7506, 23.1500, 44.8354



24.1467, 23.1500, 47.5352

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.6127, 23.1511, 12.3515



61.8246, 62.8306, 58.0093



25.2220, 17.6378, 26.8089



13.1908, 13.3333, 12.0045



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.6127, 23.1511, 12.3515



42.7733, 36.6376, 14.9435



31.7303, 35.3864, 14.3907



8.2537, 8.5123, 8.4214



14.2304, 9.6663, 1.1158



0.4501, 0.3773, 0.0491



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.7031, 23.5175, 42.4778



32.7480, 37.3293, 76.2850



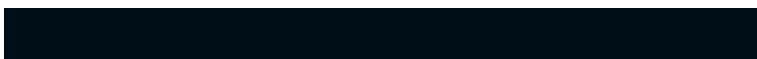
15.8201, 13.7515, 40.8501



7.9682, 8.5357, 10.1803



9.3113, 9.7565, 30.4369



0.3103, 0.3739, 0.8638



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.6121, 23.1500, 12.3510 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

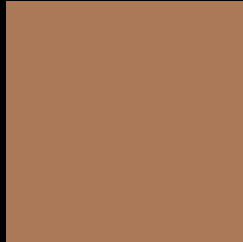
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.6121, 23.1500, 12.3510 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 25.6121, 23.1500, 12.3510

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.6121, 23.1500, 12.3510.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.6121, 23.1500,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

25.6121, 23.1500, 12.3510

### Protanopia

21.5547, 23.1325, 13.6849

### Deuteranopia

23.6077, 23.2378, 12.2579



## Tritanopia

27.6263, 23.0854, 22.4019

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

25.6121, 23.1500, 12.3510

## Protanomaly

22.9339, 23.0637, 13.1405

## Deuteranomaly

24.3638, 23.2479, 12.2200

## Tritanomaly

26.8586, 23.1254, 18.3773

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

25.6121, 23.1500, 12.3510

## Achromatopsia

21.9318, 23.0740, 25.1276

## Achromatomaly

22.9042, 22.9023, 19.7364

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 25.6121, 23.1500, 12.3510 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 121, 88)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 121, 88)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 121, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 121, 88) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 25.6121, 23.1500, 12.3510 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 121, 88) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 121, 88) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(172, 121, 88)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 121, 88); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 121, 88);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 121,  
88) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 25.6121, 23.1500, 12.3510 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 121, 88) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
121, 88) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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