

# Converting Colors

XYZ(25.6986, 12.3464, 41.9401)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(25.6986, 12.3464, 41.9401)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(25.7410, 12.3647,  
42.1042)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B000B0
RGB	176, 0, 176
RGB Percent	69%, 0%, 69%
CMY	0.3098, 0.9999, 0.3098
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	300°, 100%, 35%
HSV	300°, 100%, 69%
XYZ	25.7410, 12.3647, 42.1042
YIQ	72.6880, 48.4000, 92.0480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

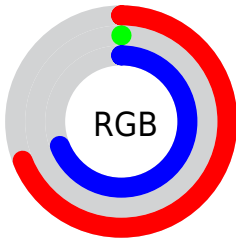
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	176, 0, 176
Decimal	11534512
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	41.79, 74.40, -46.07
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	42, 87.508, 328.233
Yxy	12.3647, 0.3209, 0.1542
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289724592 (0xFFB000B0)
YUV	72.6880, 50.9328, 90.6046
Hunter-Lab	35.1635, 69.1327, -46.3785

# Details

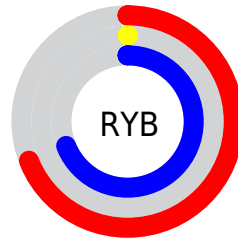
The XYZ color **25.7410, 12.3647, 42.1042** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC33CC**. A complement of this color would be **15.5259, 31.0514, 5.1758**, and the grayscale version is **6.1891, 6.5114, 7.0909**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52.1542, 30.1439, 79.4135**, and **11.0464, 5.2816, 19.1761** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.7413, 12.3649, 42.1044**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.9515, 12.7852, 42.1745**.

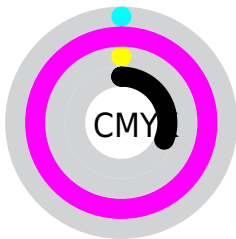
# Distribution



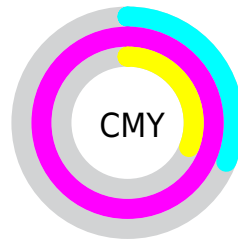
- Red (69%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)




- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (31%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 25.7410, 12.3647, 42.1042 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 25.7410, 12.3647, 42.1042 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 25.7410, 12.3647,  
42.1042

 25.7410, 12.3647,  
42.1042


273.7884,  
206.8050, 370.7271


 16.7616, 6.9926,  
28.8567


 52.2911, 30.1576,  
79.6291


 10.1589, 3.4574,  
18.7278


 70.5926, 43.3472,  
104.7436


 5.5675, 1.3750,  
11.2989


 92.7321, 59.9113,  
134.6508

 2.6221, 0.1982,  
6.1516

 119.0751, 80.2345,  
169.7693

 0.9572, 0.0000,  
2.8672

 149.9868,  
104.7010, 210.5177

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.0272

 185.8327,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

133.6954, 257.3144

0.0000

226.9782,  
167.6019, 310.5780

■ 25.7410, 12.3647,  
42.1042

■ 25.7410, 12.3647,  
42.1042

■ 25.7413, 12.3649,  
42.1044

■ 25.9515, 12.7852,  
42.1745

■ 26.3488, 13.5799,  
42.3070

■ 27.0062, 14.8946,  
42.5262

■ 27.9578, 16.7979,  
42.8434

■ 29.2327, 19.3476,  
43.2684

■ 30.8563, 22.5948,  
43.8097

■ 32.8516, 26.5854,  
44.4749

■ 35.2397, 31.3616,  
45.2710

■ 38.0401, 36.9622,  
46.2044

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.6391, 12.3647, 75.1351



25.7410, 12.3647, 42.1042



28.9882, 12.3647, 14.5870

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.7410, 12.3647, 42.1042



12.1384, 12.3647, 0.0000



3.8689, 12.3647, 38.1804

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.7410, 12.3647, 42.1042



15.5259, 31.0514, 5.1758

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.2105, 12.3647, 12.3984



25.7410, 12.3647, 42.1042



6.8129, 12.3647, 0.0000

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.7410, 12.3647, 42.1042



19.5535, 12.3647, 0.0000



4.0539, 12.3647, 2.0920



6.3631, 12.3647, 71.7452



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.7410, 12.3647, 42.1042



27.8782, 12.3647, 5.1350



4.0539, 12.3647, 2.0920



3.4769, 12.3647, 27.8905

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.7415, 12.3653, 42.1044



59.3694, 47.7931, 80.5909



7.8371, 3.1352, 41.2671



12.5291, 9.6831, 17.3529



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216



16.2198, 17.0645, 18.5832



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.7415, 12.3653, 42.1044



46.6855, 22.4254, 76.3622



19.6669, 9.9354, 10.1159



8.8501, 8.6467, 10.7089



18.8866, 9.0722, 30.8923



0.5943, 0.2854, 0.9720



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.7415, 12.3653, 42.1044



46.6855, 22.4254, 76.3622



17.2877, 31.7561, 14.4531



8.8501, 8.6467, 10.7089



18.8866, 9.0722, 30.8923



0.5943, 0.2854, 0.9720



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.7410, 12.3647, 42.1042 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

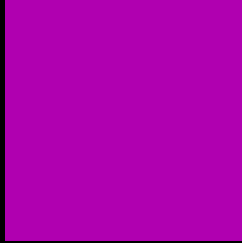
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.7410, 12.3647, 42.1042 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

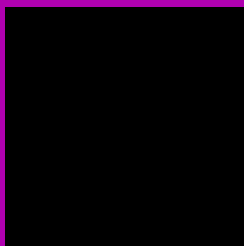
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 25.7410, 12.3647, 42.1042**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.7410, 12.3647, 42.1042.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.7410, 12.3647,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

25.7410, 12.3647, 42.1042

### Protanopia

15.4153, 13.0056, 60.0904

### Deuteranopia

13.3087, 12.9846, 37.4022



## Tritanopia

18.8812, 12.7500, 7.9444

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

25.7410, 12.3647, 42.1042



## Protanomaly

13.6873, 8.4754, 52.5443



## Deuteranomaly

14.4743, 9.3561, 38.5792



## Tritanomaly

20.1321, 11.3841, 16.1752

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

25.7410, 12.3647, 42.1042



## Achromatopsia

6.3328, 6.6626, 7.2556



## Achromatomaly

10.2219, 6.3948, 15.4474

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 25.7410, 12.3647, 42.1042 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 0, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 0, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 0, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 0, 176) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 25.7410, 12.3647, 42.1042 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 0, 176) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 0, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 0, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 0, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 0, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 0,  
176) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 25.7410, 12.3647, 42.1042 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 0, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176, 0,  
176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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