

# Converting Colors

XYZ(25.7323, 27.8373, 53.6546)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(25.7323, 27.8373, 53.6546)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(25.8133, 27.9286,  
53.8994)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6894C0
RGB	104, 148, 192
RGB Percent	41%, 58%, 75%
CMY	0.5921, 0.4196, 0.2471
CMYK	0.46, 0.23, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	210°, 41%, 58%
HSV	210°, 46%, 75%
XYZ	25.8133, 27.9286, 53.8994
YIQ	139.8600, -40.3480, 4.3560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

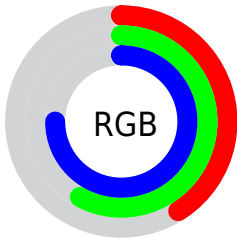
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	104, 133, 192
Decimal	6853824
CIELab	59.82, -3.03, -27.48
CIELCh	60, 27.647, 263.703
Yxy	27.9286, 0.2398, 0.2595
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285043904 (0xFF6894C0)
YUV	139.8600, 25.7050, -31.4492
Hunter-Lab	52.8475, -5.2951, -23.4769

# Details

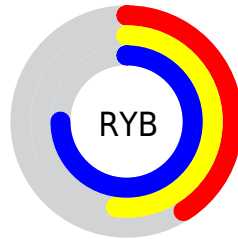
The XYZ color **25.8133, 27.9286, 53.8994** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **34.8278, 33.3870, 17.7067**, and the grayscale version is **24.7884, 26.0793, 28.4004**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52.5175, 56.4515, 97.7508**, and **10.2218, 11.2233, 25.6723** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.3894, 24.0205, 53.3260**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.8714, 32.3502, 54.5395**.

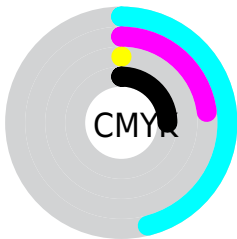
# Distribution



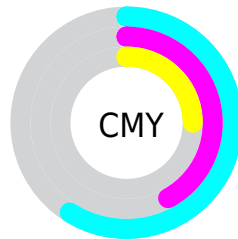
- Red (41%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 25.8133, 27.9286, 53.8994 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 25.8133, 27.9286, 53.8994 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 25.8133, 27.9286,  
53.8994

■ 25.8133, 27.9286,  
53.8994

274.1379,  
292.1256, 418.8900

■ 16.8160, 18.2718,  
38.1286

■ 52.4071, 56.3704,  
97.3814

■ 10.1979, 11.1453,  
25.7799

■ 70.7342, 75.9243,  
125.9298

■ 5.5936, 6.1647,  
16.4348

■ 92.9020, 99.5460,  
159.5743

■ 2.6379, 2.9455,  
9.6747

■ 119.2757,  
127.6199, 198.7337

■ 0.9653, 1.1033,  
5.0810

150.2209,  
160.5304, 243.8264

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.2353

186.1027,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

198.6619, 295.2710

0.6946

227.2866,  
242.3989, 353.4861

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 25.8133, 27.9286,  
53.8994

■ 25.8133, 27.9286,  
53.8994

■ 22.3894, 24.0205,  
53.3260

■ 29.8714, 32.3502,  
54.5395

■ 19.5589, 20.5987,  
52.8148

■ 34.5953, 37.3042,  
55.2467

■ 17.2804, 17.6378,  
52.3633

■ 40.0179, 42.8123,  
56.0241

■ 15.5050, 15.1077,  
51.9685

■ 46.1688, 48.8938,  
56.8738

■ 14.1720, 12.9721,  
51.6266

■ 53.0759, 55.5671,  
57.7978

■ 13.6973, 12.1714,  
51.4970

■ 60.7656, 62.8495,  
58.7981

■ 69.2629, 70.7577,  
59.8767

■ 77.6267, 78.8101,  
60.9902

■ 80.2924, 84.1416,  
61.8788

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.7539, 27.9286, 48.7597



25.8133, 27.9286, 53.8994



29.3465, 27.9286, 51.7163

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.8133, 27.9286, 53.8994



33.2036, 27.9286, 23.2944



21.4777, 27.9286, 20.3589

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.8133, 27.9286, 53.8994



34.8278, 33.3870, 17.7067

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.9282, 27.9286, 15.9441



25.8133, 27.9286, 53.8994



30.7361, 27.9286, 17.3599

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.8133, 27.9286, 53.8994



33.8200, 27.9286, 32.5749



27.2910, 27.9286, 14.9815



20.3966, 27.9286, 28.3422



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.8133, 27.9286, 53.8994



31.4771, 27.9286, 46.5978



27.2910, 27.9286, 14.9815



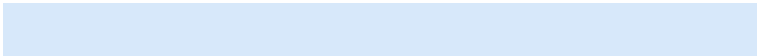
22.1576, 27.9286, 18.4858

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.8142, 27.9296, 53.9001



74.2100, 79.2724, 101.7501



29.9048, 42.7812, 34.6996



15.4281, 16.5140, 21.7597



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.8142, 27.9296, 53.9001



40.5396, 43.4901, 96.6181



20.1748, 16.6507, 52.0202



9.9350, 10.5614, 12.7997



9.2946, 8.3457, 34.6776



0.4705, 0.4985, 1.5213



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.0347, 23.2463, 30.8165



53.5916, 35.3380, 47.8074



43.0872, 49.9058, 20.4598



10.2785, 10.1600, 11.5572



16.0875, 8.1247, 8.3726



0.7299, 0.3650, 0.5450



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.8133, 27.9286, 53.8994 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.8133, 27.9286, 53.8994 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 25.8133, 27.9286, 53.8994

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.8133, 27.9286, 53.8994.



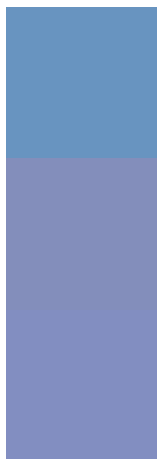
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.8133, 27.9286,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

25.8133, 27.9286, 53.8994

### Protanopia

28.0027, 27.7592, 50.8959

### Deuteranopia

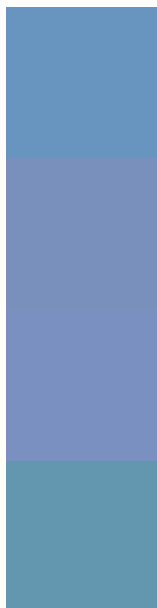
28.5046, 27.9421, 54.3431



## Tritanopia

23.0066, 27.9859, 39.7865

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

25.8133, 27.9286, 53.8994

## Protanomaly

27.0437, 27.6856, 52.0626

## Deuteranomaly

27.4841, 27.8617, 54.3814

## Tritanomaly

23.9501, 27.8810, 44.6767

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

25.8133, 27.9286, 53.8994

## Achromatopsia

24.9269, 26.2251, 28.5591

## Achromatomaly

24.8329, 26.6602, 36.6380

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 25.8133, 27.9286, 53.8994 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 148, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 148, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 148, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 148, 192) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 25.8133, 27.9286, 53.8994 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 148, 192) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 148, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 148, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 148, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 148, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 148,  
192) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 25.8133, 27.9286, 53.8994 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 148, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
148, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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