

# Converting Colors

XYZ(25.8057, 26.8968, 54.8312)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(25.8057, 26.8968, 54.8312)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(25.8952, 27.0297, 54.8914)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(25.8952, 27.0297,  
54.8914)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6C90C2
RGB	108, 144, 194
RGB Percent	42%, 56%, 76%
CMY	0.5765, 0.4353, 0.2392
CMYK	0.44, 0.26, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	215°, 41%, 59%
HSV	215°, 44%, 76%
XYZ	25.8952, 27.0297, 54.8914
YIQ	138.9360, -37.5060, 7.9180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

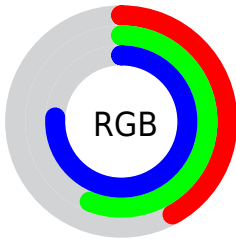
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	108, 133, 194
Decimal	7114946
CIE Lab	59.00, 0.85, -29.86
CIE LCh	59, 29.875, 271.639
Yxy	27.0297, 0.2402, 0.2507
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285305026 (0xFF6C90C2)
YUV	138.9360, 27.1466, -27.1309
Hunter-Lab	51.9901, -2.0755, -26.2056

# Details

The XYZ color **25.8952, 27.0297, 54.8914** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **37.1826, 37.0067, 19.3717**, and the grayscale version is **24.4260, 25.6980, 27.9852**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52.7109, 55.1397, 99.1317**, and **10.2576, 10.6831, 26.3324** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.1693, 22.6987, 54.2523**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.3186, 31.9747, 55.6132**.

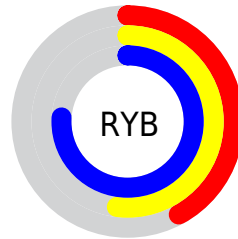
# Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (56%)

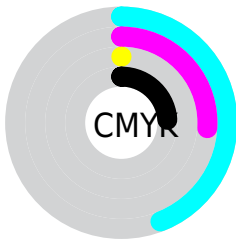
Blue (76%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (76%)

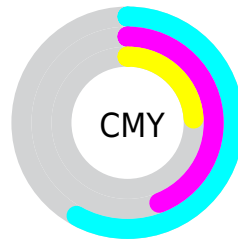


Cyan (44%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 25.8952, 27.0297, 54.8914 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 25.8952, 27.0297, 54.8914 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 25.8952, 27.0297,  
54.8914

■ 25.8952, 27.0297,  
54.8914

274.5334,  
287.8009, 422.7705

■ 16.8775, 17.5955,  
38.9168

■ 52.5383, 54.9315,  
98.8514

■ 10.2420, 10.6600,  
26.3876

■ 70.8945, 74.1680,  
127.6738

■ 5.6232, 5.8387,  
16.8855

■ 93.0942, 97.4406,  
161.6159

■ 2.6558, 2.7472,  
9.9918

■ 119.5028,  
125.1339, 201.0962

■ 0.9745, 1.0012,  
5.2880

150.4857,  
157.6321, 246.5333

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.3555

186.4082,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

195.3198, 298.3457

0.7621

227.6356,  
238.5813, 356.9519

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 25.8952, 27.0297,  
54.8914

■ 25.8952, 27.0297,  
54.8914

■ 22.1693, 22.6987,  
54.2523

■ 30.3186, 31.9747,  
55.6132

■ 19.0979, 18.9507,  
53.6908

■ 35.4736, 37.5568,  
56.4190

■ 16.6372, 15.7557,  
53.2038

■ 41.3949, 43.8012,  
57.3122

■ 14.7360, 13.0793,  
52.7873

■ 48.1146, 50.7311,  
58.2956

■ 13.3333, 10.8813,  
52.4370

■ 55.6623, 58.3680,  
59.3719

■ 12.6957, 9.8111,  
52.2641

■ 64.0665, 66.7329,  
60.5435

■ 73.3541, 75.8453,  
61.8129

■ 80.4677, 84.1350,  
63.0380

■ 83.7861, 90.7718,  
64.1442

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.4540, 27.0297, 51.2768



25.8952, 27.0297, 54.8914



29.6111, 27.0297, 50.4366

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.8952, 27.0297, 54.8914



32.2443, 27.0297, 19.9750



19.9193, 27.0297, 20.7657

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.8952, 27.0297, 54.8914



37.1826, 37.0067, 19.3717

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.1329, 27.0297, 15.2564



25.8952, 27.0297, 54.8914



29.2249, 27.0297, 14.8829

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.8952, 27.0297, 54.8914



33.4883, 27.0297, 28.8511



25.4877, 27.0297, 13.3873



19.2089, 27.0297, 30.0181



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.8952, 27.0297, 54.8914



31.6902, 27.0297, 43.9917



25.4877, 27.0297, 13.3873



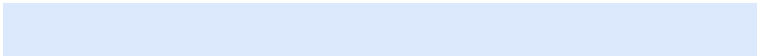
20.5010, 27.0297, 18.4999

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.8961, 27.0307, 54.8920



76.2895, 80.7023, 104.0260



31.5400, 44.1977, 38.6487



16.1428, 17.0852, 22.6969



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

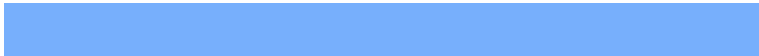


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.8961, 27.0307, 54.8920



40.4660, 41.4819, 98.3438



22.0059, 18.1808, 53.3889



9.8670, 10.4253, 12.7771



8.4242, 6.6048, 34.3875



0.4320, 0.4214, 1.5085



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.6455, 24.2091, 29.3387



54.5680, 36.9722, 44.6429



42.8040, 50.3922, 21.6590



10.2442, 10.1463, 11.3764



15.6481, 7.9490, 6.0589

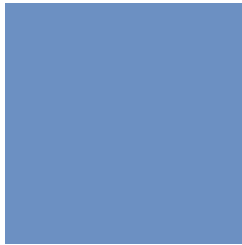


0.7104, 0.3572, 0.4426



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.8952, 27.0297, 54.8914 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

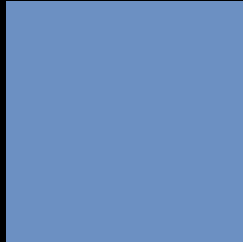
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.8952, 27.0297, 54.8914 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

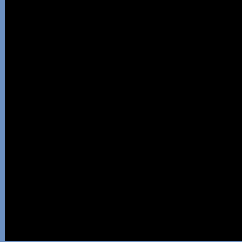
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 25.8952, 27.0297, 54.8914**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.8952, 27.0297, 54.8914.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.8952, 27.0297,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

25.8952, 27.0297, 54.8914

### Protanopia

27.5345, 27.0298, 53.0563

### Deuteranopia

27.6859, 27.0563, 55.3929



## Tritanopia

22.5735, 27.0740, 38.2185

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

25.8952, 27.0297, 54.8914

## Protanomaly

26.7850, 26.8486, 53.6397

## Deuteranomaly

26.9830, 26.9118, 55.4021

## Tritanomaly

23.7094, 27.0606, 44.0180

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

25.8952, 27.0297, 54.8914

## Achromatopsia

24.5403, 25.8183, 28.1161

## Achromatomaly

24.6850, 26.1422, 36.5458

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 25.8952, 27.0297, 54.8914 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 144, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 144, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 144, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 144, 194) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 25.8952, 27.0297, 54.8914 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 144, 194) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 144, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 144, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 144, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 144, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 144,  
194) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 25.8952, 27.0297, 54.8914 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 144, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
144, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor