

# Converting Colors

XYZ(25.8191, 33.8427, 51.3799)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(25.8191, 33.8427, 51.3799)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(25.8801, 33.9362, 51.6407)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(25.8801, 33.9362,  
51.6407)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	45ABBA
RGB	69, 171, 186
RGB Percent	27%, 67%, 73%
CMY	0.7294, 0.3294, 0.2706
CMYK	0.63, 0.08, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	188°, 46%, 50%
HSV	188°, 63%, 73%
XYZ	25.8801, 33.9362, 51.6407
YIQ	142.2120, -65.6070, -16.9590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

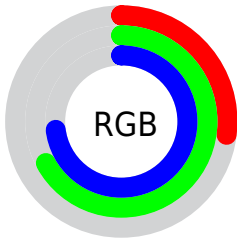
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	69, 123, 186
Decimal	4565946
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	64.91, -24.68, -16.47
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	65, 29.671, 213.708
Yxy	33.9362, 0.2322, 0.3045
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282756026 (0xFF45ABBA)
YUV	142.2120, 21.5875, -64.2069
Hunter-Lab	58.2548, -22.6460, -11.7800

# Details

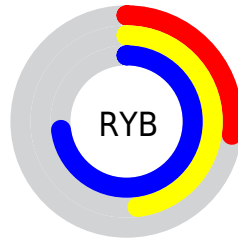
The XYZ color **25.8801, 33.9362, 51.6407** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **24.4951, 17.2105, 7.6622**, and the grayscale version is **25.7320, 27.0721, 29.4815**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52.5494, 66.0161, 93.9771**, and **10.7121, 14.6503, 24.4535** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.3156, 32.4677, 51.4403**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.8683, 35.6366, 51.8647**.

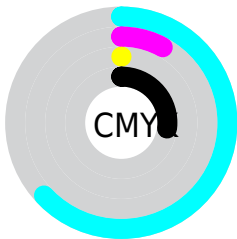
# Distribution



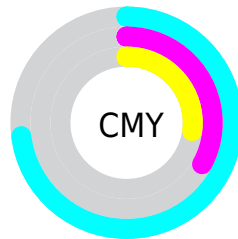
- Red (27%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 25.8801, 33.9362, 51.6407 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 25.8801, 33.9362, 51.6407 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 25.8801, 33.9362,  
51.6407

■ 25.8801, 33.9362,  
51.6407

274.4605,  
319.8475, 409.9653

■ 16.8662, 22.8446,  
36.3385

■ 52.5141, 65.8344,  
94.0223

■ 10.2338, 14.4788,  
24.4040

■ 70.8650, 87.4099,  
121.9388

■ 5.6177, 8.4544,  
15.4186

■ 93.0588, 113.2487,  
154.8971

■ 2.6525, 4.3871,  
8.9638

■ 119.4610,  
143.7353, 193.3158

■ 0.9728, 1.8924,  
4.6211

■ 150.4369,  
179.2541, 237.6135

■ 0.0000, 0.5438,  
1.9719

186.3519,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

220.1894, 288.2086

0.5379

227.5713,  
266.9258, 345.5197

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 25.8801, 33.9362,  
51.6407

■ 25.8801, 33.9362,  
51.6407

■ 24.3156, 32.4677,  
51.4403

■ 27.8683, 35.6366,  
51.8647

■ 23.1314, 31.2066,  
51.2593

■ 30.3121, 37.5833,  
52.1117

■ 22.2805, 30.1293,  
51.0962

■ 33.2438, 39.7936,  
52.3838

■ 21.8109, 29.4409,  
50.9881

■ 36.6920, 42.2825,  
52.6825

■ 40.6829, 45.0635,  
53.0089

■ 45.2410, 48.1492,  
53.3643

■ 50.3893, 51.5516,  
53.7497

■ 56.1495, 55.2820,  
54.1661

■ 62.5422, 59.3510,  
54.6146

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.7177, 33.9362, 38.4967



25.8801, 33.9362, 51.6407



28.7445, 33.9362, 62.3764

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.8801, 33.9362, 51.6407



40.2136, 33.9362, 48.4091



31.7258, 33.9362, 18.0631

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.8801, 33.9362, 51.6407



24.4951, 17.2105, 7.6622

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.0411, 33.9362, 19.5870



25.8801, 33.9362, 51.6407



41.1879, 33.9362, 35.4467

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.8801, 33.9362, 51.6407



37.0432, 33.9362, 60.2393



39.6000, 33.9362, 25.3498



27.8989, 33.9362, 20.6028



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.8801, 33.9362, 51.6407



31.3615, 33.9362, 65.6900



39.6000, 33.9362, 25.3498



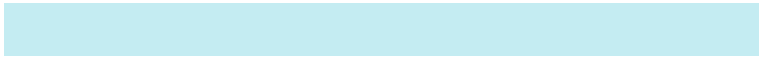
33.1660, 33.9362, 18.1206

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.8812, 33.9375, 51.6415



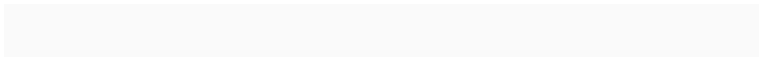
68.9836, 78.3837, 95.6952



21.5619, 37.0030, 14.1200



14.7512, 16.9518, 21.0371



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.8812, 33.9375, 51.6415



43.2828, 58.0452, 93.1240



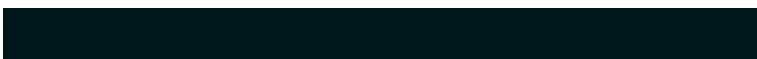
17.3187, 16.8125, 48.7874



9.1658, 10.0089, 11.5283



14.7118, 19.8834, 34.3156



0.5463, 0.7562, 1.2189



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.7294, 17.6367, 40.3667



51.1299, 27.3247, 69.5681



30.8719, 29.9640, 9.7878



9.3300, 9.1424, 11.0854



18.0395, 8.7896, 23.8928

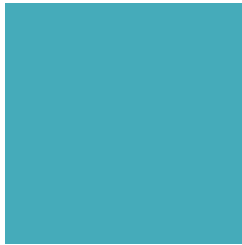


0.6499, 0.3154, 0.9158



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.8801, 33.9362, 51.6407 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

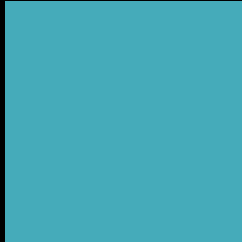
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.8801, 33.9362, 51.6407 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

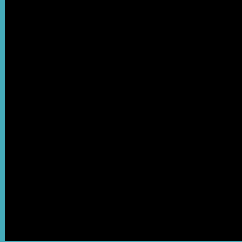
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 25.8801, 33.9362, 51.6407

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.8801, 33.9362, 51.6407.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.8801, 33.9362,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

25.8801, 33.9362, 51.6407

### Protanopia

32.8842, 33.4473, 45.7971

### Deuteranopia

34.2031, 33.4687, 53.3726



## Tritanopia

25.7741, 33.8938, 51.0827

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

25.8801, 33.9362, 51.6407

## Protanomaly

29.1515, 32.9960, 48.0124

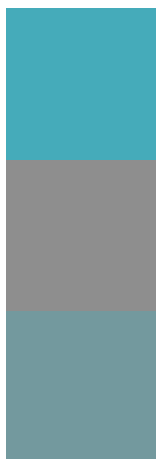
## Deuteranomaly

30.0683, 33.1008, 52.9484

## Tritanomaly

25.7741, 33.8938, 51.0827

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

25.8801, 33.9362, 51.6407

## Achromatopsia

25.7108, 27.0498, 29.4572

## Achromatomaly

24.6330, 28.8959, 36.6269

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 25.8801, 33.9362, 51.6407 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(69, 171, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 171, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 171, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 171, 186) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 25.8801, 33.9362, 51.6407 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

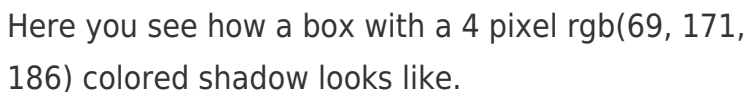
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 171, 186) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 171, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(69, 171, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 171, 186); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 171, 186); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 171, 186) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 25.8801, 33.9362, 51.6407 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 171, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 171,  
186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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