

# Converting Colors

XYZ(25.8694, 51.2975, 9.9804)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(25.8694, 51.2975, 9.9804)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(25.8677, 51.2962,  
9.9766)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00DC21
RGB	0, 220, 33
RGB Percent	0%, 86%, 13%
CMY	1.0000, 0.1372, 0.8705
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.85, 0.14
HSL	129°, 100%, 43%
HSV	129°, 100%, 86%
XYZ	25.8677, 51.2962, 9.9766
YIQ	132.9020, -71.0930, -104.7970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

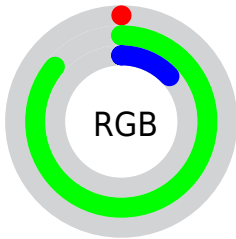
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	0, 191, 220
Decimal	56353
CIELab	76.86, -76.23, 69.94
CIELCh	77, 103.448, 137.465
Yxy	51.2962, 0.2969, 0.5887
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278246433 (0xFF00DC21)
YUV	132.9020, -49.2517, -116.5551
Hunter-Lab	71.6214, -60.8680, 41.8761

# Details

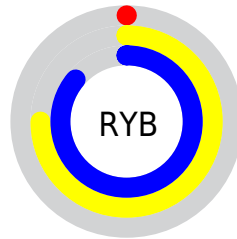
The XYZ color **25.8677, 51.2962, 9.9766** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC00**. The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **38.4854, 18.8039, 48.6114**, and the grayscale version is **22.4522, 23.6214, 25.7237**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.2243, 75.6343, 23.5773**, and **13.0972, 26.1944, 4.3657** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.8689, 51.2983, 9.9777**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26.5384, 51.6044, 11.7766**.

# Distribution



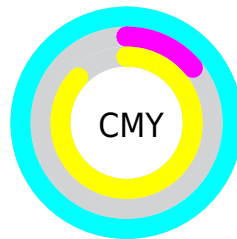
- Red (0%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Black (14%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (87%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 25.8677, 51.2962, 9.9766 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 25.8677, 51.2962, 9.9766 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 25.8677, 51.2962,  
9.9766


 25.8677, 51.2962,  
9.9766


274.4006,  
391.7135, 200.9837


 16.8569, 36.4444,  
5.2780


 52.4943, 92.0925,  
26.3586

 10.2272, 24.7776,  
2.3497


 70.8407, 118.8057,  
38.8791

 5.6132, 15.9114,  
0.7589


 93.0297, 150.2415,  
54.8441

 2.6498, 9.4615,  
0.0000

 119.4266,  
186.7844, 74.6719

 0.9714, 5.0434,  
0.0000

 150.3968,  
228.8186, 98.7813

 0.0000, 2.2728,  
0.0000

 186.3056,

 0.0000, 0.7592,

276.7286, 127.5907

0.0000

227.5185,  
330.8987, 161.5187

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 25.8677, 51.2962,  
9.9766

■ 25.8677, 51.2962,  
9.9766

■ 25.8689, 51.2983,  
9.9777

■ 26.5384, 51.6044,  
11.7766

■ 27.7515, 52.1713,  
14.4698

■ 29.6489, 53.0699,  
18.1560

■ 32.3155, 54.3419,  
22.9197

■ 35.8237, 56.0231,  
28.8362

■ 40.2372, 58.1449,  
35.9741

■ 45.6137, 60.7358,  
44.3967

■ 52.0058, 63.8215,  
54.1626

■ 59.4626, 67.4262,  
65.3272

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.2671, 51.2962, 3.1537



25.8677, 51.2962, 9.9766



20.3803, 51.2962, 35.4959

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.8677, 51.2962, 9.9766



41.0023, 51.2962, 242.2155



94.4378, 51.2962, 29.2535

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.8677, 51.2962, 9.9766



38.4854, 18.8039, 48.6114

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



95.7516, 51.2962, 82.8005



25.8677, 51.2962, 9.9766



61.0040, 51.2962, 235.8624

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.8677, 51.2962, 9.9766



27.4040, 51.2962, 179.6430



82.2536, 51.2962, 165.6739



79.0381, 51.2962, 8.0305



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.8677, 51.2962, 9.9766



20.0574, 51.2962, 71.1324



82.2536, 51.2962, 165.6739



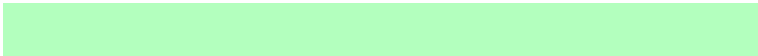
96.6652, 51.2962, 42.9348

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.8689, 51.2983, 9.9778



63.5269, 84.7610, 61.7151



46.0886, 61.7537, 9.4905



12.8808, 17.7969, 12.0949



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.8689, 51.2983, 9.9778



36.1141, 71.6616, 13.7846



30.5524, 53.1717, 34.6406



12.9657, 14.6379, 14.2826



15.2070, 30.1154, 5.9897



1.0108, 1.9613, 0.5231



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.4854, 18.8039, 48.6114



53.7305, 26.2562, 67.7038



30.8560, 15.7521, 8.4357



13.5260, 13.2395, 16.0313



22.6187, 11.0485, 28.7018

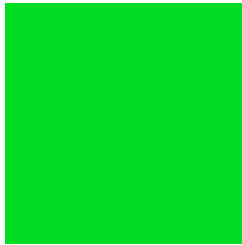


1.4886, 0.7251, 1.9821



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.8677, 51.2962, 9.9766 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.8677, 51.2962, 9.9766 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

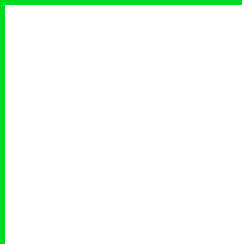
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 25.8677, 51.2962, 9.9766**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.8677, 51.2962, 9.9766.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.8677, 51.2962,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

25.8677, 51.2962, 9.9766

### Protanopia

45.2995, 50.0294, 8.1333

### Deuteranopia

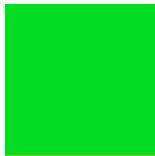
51.2510, 49.9691, 10.8147



## Tritanopia

39.2961, 51.1584, 76.2101

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

25.8677, 51.2962, 9.9766



## Protanomaly

30.8438, 46.5386, 8.3941



## Deuteranomaly

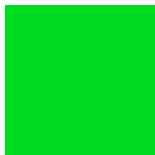
32.1811, 44.8374, 9.7547



## Tritanomaly

30.6000, 49.3229, 38.0445

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

25.8677, 51.2962, 9.9766



## Achromatopsia

22.2940, 23.4551, 25.5426



## Achromatomaly

19.3591, 29.7046, 16.0225

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 25.8677, 51.2962, 9.9766 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 220, 33)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 220, 33)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 220, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 220, 33) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 25.8677, 51.2962, 9.9766 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 220, 33) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 220, 33) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 220, 33)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 220, 33); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 220, 33);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 220, 33)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 25.8677, 51.2962, 9.9766 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 220, 33) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 220,  
33) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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