

# Converting Colors

XYZ(25.9145, 37.6228, 52.4341)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(25.9145, 37.6228, 52.4341)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(25.7964, 37.4121,  
52.3160)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00B7BA
RGB	0, 183, 186
RGB Percent	0%, 72%, 73%
CMY	0.9998, 0.2823, 0.2706
CMYK	1.00, 0.02, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	181°, 100%, 36%
HSV	181°, 100%, 73%
XYZ	25.7964, 37.4121, 52.3160
YIQ	128.6250, -110.0310, -37.8630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

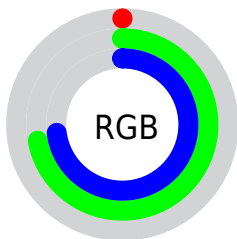
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">0, 92, 186</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">47034</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">67.59, -36.55, -12.53</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">68, 38.644, 198.927</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">37.4121, 0.2233, 0.3238</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4278237114 (0xFF00B7BA)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">128.6250, 28.2859, -112.8041</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">61.1654, -31.7575, -7.8961</a>

# Details

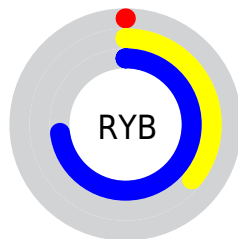
The XYZ color **25.7964, 37.4121, 52.3160** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **20.2832, 10.5053, 0.9598**, and the grayscale version is **20.6716, 21.7481, 23.6837**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52.5539, 71.4977, 95.0350**, and **12.0839, 17.3940, 24.9108** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.7969, 37.4130, 52.3168**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26.1206, 37.6719, 52.3498**.

# Distribution



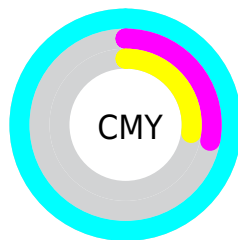
- Red (0%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (27%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 25.7964, 37.4121, 52.3160 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 25.7964, 37.4121, 52.3160 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 25.7964, 37.4121,  
52.3160


 25.7964, 37.4121,  
52.3160


274.0563,  
335.0913, 412.6469


 16.8033, 25.5267,  
36.8730


 52.3800, 71.2061,  
95.0284


 10.1888, 16.4699,  
24.8142


 70.7011, 93.8836,  
123.1350


 5.5875, 9.8573,  
15.7209


 92.8623, 120.9272,  
156.2998

 2.6342, 5.3044,  
9.1747

 119.2288,  
152.7213, 194.9414

 0.9634, 2.4270,  
4.7569

 150.1662,  
189.6504, 239.4784

 0.0000, 0.8397,  
2.0491

186.0396,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

232.0989, 290.3293

0.5852

227.2145,  
280.4510, 347.9126

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 25.7964, 37.4121,  
52.3160

■ 25.7964, 37.4121,  
52.3160

■ 25.7969, 37.4130,  
52.3168

■ 26.1206, 37.6719,  
52.3498

■ 26.6926, 38.0590,  
52.3943

■ 27.6052, 38.6218,  
52.4549

■ 28.9036, 39.3836,  
52.5335

■ 30.6262, 40.3644,  
52.6320

■ 32.8070, 41.5815,  
52.7520

■ 35.4761, 43.0507,  
52.8949

■ 38.6614, 44.7861,  
53.0620

■ 42.3887, 46.8010,  
53.2544

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.4703, 37.4121, 34.7600



25.7964, 37.4121, 52.3160



28.5585, 37.4121, 70.7704

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.7964, 37.4121, 52.3160



44.9015, 37.4121, 66.2823



37.8023, 37.4121, 16.2963

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.7964, 37.4121, 52.3160



20.2832, 10.5053, 0.9598

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.6193, 37.4121, 20.6886



25.7964, 37.4121, 52.3160



48.0120, 37.4121, 47.3591

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.7964, 37.4121, 52.3160



39.4011, 37.4121, 80.2616



47.5182, 37.4121, 31.0039



31.9753, 37.4121, 16.9351



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.7964, 37.4121, 52.3160



31.6015, 37.4121, 79.6035



47.5182, 37.4121, 31.0039



39.8340, 37.4121, 17.1701

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.7975, 37.4135, 52.3169



64.0288, 77.8814, 95.8593



17.5599, 35.1187, 5.8542



13.6286, 16.8919, 21.0847



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.7975, 37.4135, 52.3169



46.7393, 67.7752, 94.8199



12.7796, 11.3777, 47.9776



9.2539, 10.1851, 11.5576



17.3608, 25.1812, 35.1985



0.6160, 0.8956, 1.2422



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.7979, 13.8591, 45.9584



52.1870, 25.1148, 83.2510



24.1663, 18.2716, 2.2542



9.3745, 9.1602, 11.3196



19.3766, 9.3244, 30.9336



0.6851, 0.3295, 1.1010



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.7964, 37.4121, 52.3160 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

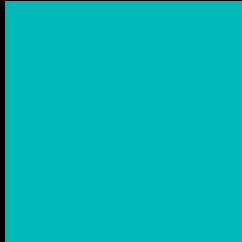
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.7964, 37.4121, 52.3160 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

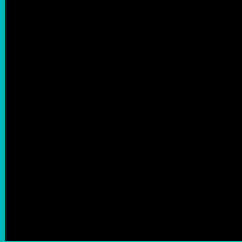
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

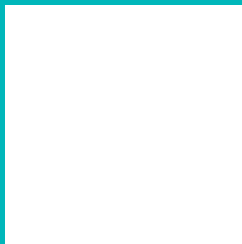
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 25.7964, 37.4121, 52.3160**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.7964, 37.4121, 52.3160.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.7964, 37.4121,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

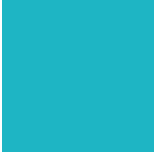
25.7964, 37.4121, 52.3160

### Protanopia

35.7730, 36.7503, 44.7432

### Deuteranopia

37.7007, 37.0102, 54.4469



## **Tritanopia**

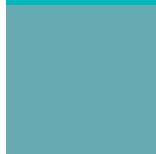
27.0231, 37.3093, 58.0017

# Trichromacy



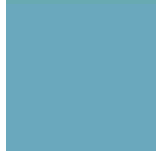
## Original Color

25.7964, 37.4121, 52.3160



## Protanomaly

28.1195, 34.9069, 47.3751



## Deuteranomaly

29.1318, 34.7436, 53.3149



## Tritanomaly

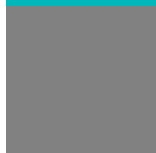
26.5109, 37.4001, 55.6908

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

25.7964, 37.4121, 52.3160



## Achromatopsia

20.8660, 21.9526, 23.9064



## Achromatomaly

19.7321, 25.4907, 32.7344

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 25.7964, 37.4121, 52.3160 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 183, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 183, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 183, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 183, 186) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 25.7964, 37.4121, 52.3160 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 183, 186) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 183, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 183, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 183, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 183, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 183,  
186) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 25.7964, 37.4121, 52.3160 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 183, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 183,  
186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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