

# Converting Colors

XYZ(25.9984, 19.6952, 36.9896)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(25.9984, 19.6952, 36.9896)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(26.0602, 19.7242,  
37.0840)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A166A3
RGB	161, 102, 163
RGB Percent	63%, 40%, 64%
CMY	0.3686, 0.6000, 0.3608
CMYK	0.01, 0.37, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	298°, 25%, 52%
HSV	298°, 37%, 64%
XYZ	26.0602, 19.7242, 37.0840
YIQ	126.5950, 15.5830, 31.4790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

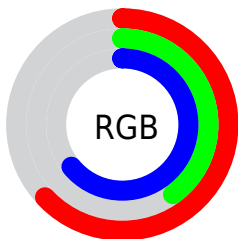
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	161, 102, 163
Decimal	10577571
CIE Lab	51.52, 33.77, -23.25
CIE LCh	52, 41.003, 325.456
Yxy	19.7242, 0.3145, 0.2380
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288767651 (0xFFA166A3)
YUV	126.5950, 17.9477, 30.1732
Hunter-Lab	44.4119, 27.0200, -18.4188

# Details

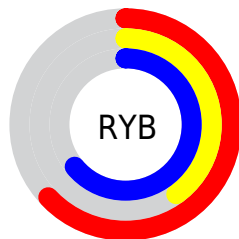
The XYZ color **26.0602, 19.7242, 37.0840** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **21.2051, 30.0973, 17.2631**, and the grayscale version is **19.9715, 21.0116, 22.8816**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52.8258, 42.9249, 71.8308**, and **10.3267, 6.8820, 15.8230** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.5058, 16.7745, 36.5969**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.9313, 23.3058, 37.6770**.

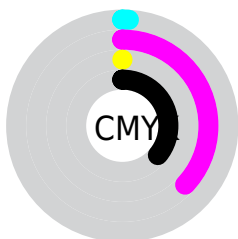
# Distribution



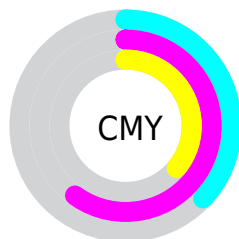
- Red (63%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)




- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (36%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 26.0602, 19.7242, 37.0840 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 26.0602, 19.7242, 37.0840 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 26.0602, 19.7242,  
37.0840

 26.0602, 19.7242,  
37.0840

275.3288,  
250.4181, 348.8537

 17.0016, 12.1947,  
24.9762


 52.8027, 42.9543,  
71.8897


 10.3309, 6.8764,  
15.8405


 71.2172, 59.4237,  
95.4248

 5.6829, 3.3849,  
9.2582


 93.4812, 79.6419,  
123.6060

 2.6920, 1.3359,  
4.8109

 119.9598,  
103.9932, 156.8519

 0.9931, 0.1687,  
2.0799

151.0185,  
132.8621, 195.5811

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.6038

187.0227,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

166.6330, 240.2121

0.0000

228.3377,  
205.6902, 291.1635

■ 26.0602, 19.7242,  
37.0840

■ 26.0602, 19.7242,  
37.0840

■ 24.5058, 16.7745,  
36.5969

■ 27.9313, 23.3058,  
37.6770

■ 23.2477, 14.4171,  
36.2081

■ 30.1342, 27.5507,  
38.3802

■ 22.2659, 12.6117,  
35.9114

■ 32.6854, 32.4915,  
39.1994

■ 21.5375, 11.3123,  
35.6990

■ 35.5997, 38.1578,  
40.1396

■ 21.0355, 10.4652,  
35.5619

■ 38.8910, 44.5775,  
41.2052

■ 20.7168, 9.9840,  
35.4859

■ 42.5725, 51.7769,  
42.4008

■ 20.6441, 9.8788,  
35.4694

■ 46.6569, 59.7813,  
43.7305

■ 51.1560, 68.6145,  
45.1984

■ 56.0815, 78.2997,  
46.8082

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.3632, 19.7242, 49.1710



26.0602, 19.7242, 37.0840



27.8068, 19.7242, 23.3246

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.0602, 19.7242, 37.0840



19.3820, 19.7242, 5.8683



12.4646, 19.7242, 32.7806

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.0602, 19.7242, 37.0840



21.2051, 30.0973, 17.2631

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.9062, 19.7242, 19.7283



26.0602, 19.7242, 37.0840



15.5437, 19.7242, 6.8125

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.0602, 19.7242, 37.0840



23.6085, 19.7242, 7.6833



12.9490, 19.7242, 11.0079



14.6038, 19.7242, 46.1138



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.0602, 19.7242, 37.0840



27.4678, 19.7242, 15.9788



12.9490, 19.7242, 11.0079



12.1006, 19.7242, 28.1090

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.0608, 19.7251, 37.0844



56.7331, 54.6921, 69.6226



17.0449, 15.3775, 36.7204



12.6097, 12.0272, 15.5944



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.0608, 19.7251, 37.0844



44.2931, 30.8073, 65.6680



24.1967, 19.0263, 25.1477



7.3413, 7.1903, 8.9040



16.0520, 7.6816, 27.5664



0.3439, 0.1648, 0.5795



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.3550, 18.2897, 15.4497



36.7047, 27.8747, 21.0658



22.6381, 30.6440, 26.0063



7.0827, 7.0895, 7.4221



11.7649, 6.0620, 0.6868

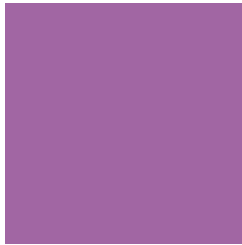


0.2499, 0.1284, 0.0284



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.0602, 19.7242, 37.0840 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

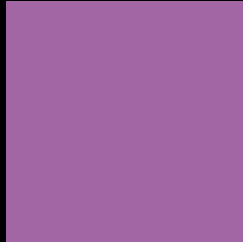
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.0602, 19.7242, 37.0840 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 26.0602, 19.7242, 37.0840**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.0602, 19.7242, 37.0840.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.0602, 19.7242,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.0602, 19.7242, 37.0840

### Protanopia

20.6990, 19.8924, 44.8681

### Deuteranopia

20.2978, 19.8910, 35.5704



## Tritanopia

22.5922, 19.6935, 20.3798

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.0602, 19.7242, 37.0840

## Protanomaly

22.0176, 19.4117, 42.1215

## Deuteranomaly

21.8782, 19.4782, 35.8643

## Tritanomaly

23.7111, 19.6708, 25.8397

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.0602, 19.7242, 37.0840

## Achromatopsia

20.1725, 21.2231, 23.1119

## Achromatomaly

21.8595, 20.3393, 27.5847

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 26.0602, 19.7242, 37.0840 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 102, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 102, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 102, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 102, 163) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 26.0602, 19.7242, 37.0840 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 102, 163) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 102, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 102, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 102, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 102, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 102,  
163) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 26.0602, 19.7242, 37.0840 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 102, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
102, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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