

# Converting Colors

XYZ(26.0538, 26.9196, 23.1780)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(26.0538, 26.9196, 23.1780)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(26.0286, 26.9122, 23.2248)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(26.0286, 26.9122,  
23.2248)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	988C7D
RGB	152, 140, 125
RGB Percent	60%, 55%, 49%
CMY	0.4039, 0.4510, 0.5098
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.18, 0.40
HSL	33°, 12%, 54%
HSV	33°, 18%, 60%
XYZ	26.0286, 26.9122, 23.2248
YIQ	141.8780, 11.9670, -2.1210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

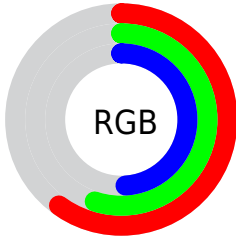
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	147, 152, 125
Decimal	9997437
CIE Lab	58.89, 1.88, 9.63
CIE LCh	59, 9.810, 78.955
Yxy	26.9122, 0.3417, 0.3533
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288187517 (0xFF988C7D)
YUV	141.8780, -8.3209, 8.8770
Hunter-Lab	51.8770, -1.2246, 9.7703

# Details

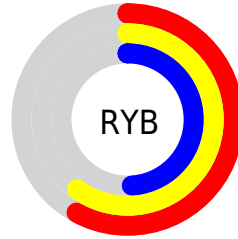
The XYZ color **26.0286, 26.9122, 23.2248** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **23.0705, 24.5177, 33.2223**, and the grayscale version is **25.6920, 27.0300, 29.4357**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52.7813, 54.9197, 49.9382**, and **10.3275, 10.6008, 8.3393** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.1744, 24.6405, 18.1771**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.0935, 29.3669, 29.0765**.

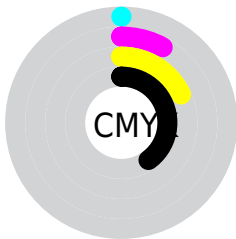
# Distribution



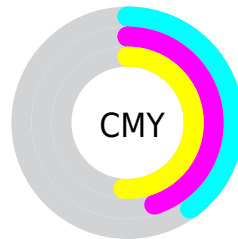
- Red (60%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 26.0286, 26.9122, 23.2248 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 26.0286, 26.9122, 23.2248 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 26.0286, 26.9122,  
23.2248

■ 26.0286, 26.9122,  
23.2248

275.1766,  
287.2318, 282.0368

■ 16.9778, 17.5073,  
14.5527

■ 52.7521, 54.7429,  
49.6901

■ 10.3139, 10.5968,  
8.3630

■ 71.1554, 73.9376,  
68.3203

■ 5.6714, 5.7964,  
4.2370

■ 93.4071, 97.1642,  
91.1070

■ 2.6851, 2.7217,  
1.7562

119.8724,  
124.8073, 118.4688

■ 0.9895, 0.9882,  
0.3988

150.9166,  
157.2512, 150.8241

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

186.9051,

194.8803, 188.5915

228.2033,  
238.0790, 232.1895

■ 26.0286, 26.9122,  
23.2248

■ 26.0286, 26.9122,  
23.2248

■ 24.1744, 24.6405,  
18.1771

■ 28.0935, 29.3669,  
29.0765

■ 22.5209, 22.5433,  
13.8960

■ 30.3742, 32.0057,  
35.7642

■ 21.0604, 20.6169,  
10.3434

■ 32.8785, 34.8342,  
43.3199

■ 19.7839, 18.8556,  
7.4773

■ 35.6129, 37.8565,  
51.7738

■ 18.6816, 17.2537,  
5.2515

■ 38.5839, 41.0769,  
61.1542

■ 17.7424, 15.8049,  
3.6139

■ 41.7974, 44.4993,  
71.4886

■ 16.9535, 14.5020,  
2.5040

■ 45.2594, 48.1274,  
82.8030

■ 16.2932, 13.3342,  
1.8127

■ 48.9754, 51.9650,  
95.1225

■ 16.1553, 13.0881,  
1.6748

■ 51.8362, 55.5699,  
102.6017

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.1412, 26.9122, 24.5492



26.0286, 26.9122, 23.2248



24.8293, 26.9122, 23.4296

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.0286, 26.9122, 23.2248



23.4366, 26.9122, 31.5260



27.3785, 26.9122, 33.9106

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.0286, 26.9122, 23.2248



23.0705, 24.5177, 33.2223

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.3442, 26.9122, 36.0837



26.0286, 26.9122, 23.2248



24.0784, 26.9122, 34.6336

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.0286, 26.9122, 23.2248



23.3581, 26.9122, 28.0419



25.1351, 26.9122, 36.3583



27.9368, 26.9122, 30.6010



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.0286, 26.9122, 23.2248



24.1410, 26.9122, 24.4102



25.1351, 26.9122, 36.3583



27.0735, 26.9122, 34.8090

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.0293, 26.9134, 23.2254



50.6227, 53.0445, 54.3222



24.8089, 23.1534, 26.8851



11.4483, 11.9892, 12.1792



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.0293, 26.9134, 23.2254



44.7084, 46.0055, 37.5852



27.6277, 30.4831, 23.8302



6.4791, 6.7632, 6.5698



13.5770, 11.0365, 1.4147



0.2392, 0.2375, 0.0332



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.0705, 24.5177, 33.2223



38.5713, 41.0369, 58.3217



21.6574, 21.3969, 32.6944



6.0991, 6.4555, 7.8536



6.4920, 5.3807, 25.6041

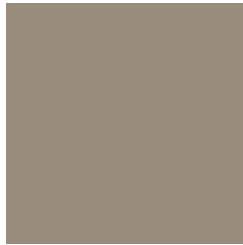


0.1325, 0.1514, 0.3946



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.0286, 26.9122, 23.2248 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

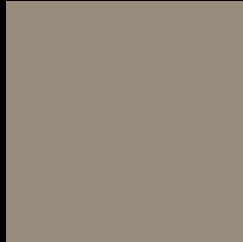
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.0286, 26.9122, 23.2248 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

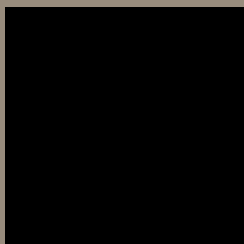
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

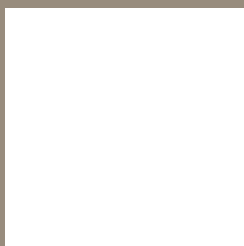
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 26.0286, 26.9122, 23.2248**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.0286, 26.9122, 23.2248.



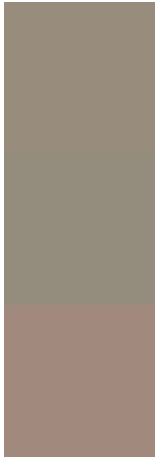
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.0286, 26.9122,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.0286, 26.9122, 23.2248

### Protanopia

25.5035, 26.8520, 23.5774

### Deuteranopia

27.4095, 26.9747, 23.5007



## Tritanopia

27.7297, 26.9665, 31.3473

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.0286, 26.9122, 23.2248

## Protanomaly

25.6852, 26.9457, 23.5859

## Deuteranomaly

26.9549, 26.9524, 23.5203

## Tritanomaly

27.0751, 26.9111, 28.1934

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.0286, 26.9122, 23.2248

## Achromatopsia

25.7108, 27.0498, 29.4572

## Achromatomaly

25.8229, 26.9383, 27.1312

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 26.0286, 26.9122, 23.2248 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 140, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 140, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 140, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 140, 125) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 26.0286, 26.9122, 23.2248 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 140, 125) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 140, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 140, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 140, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 140, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 140,  
125) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 26.0286, 26.9122, 23.2248 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 140, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
140, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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