

# Converting Colors

XYZ(26.0778, 45.1506, 7.3405)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(26.0778, 45.1506, 7.3405)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(26.0753, 45.1448,  
7.3395)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5FCB00
RGB	95, 203, 0
RGB Percent	37%, 80%, 0%
CMY	0.6275, 0.2039, 0.9999
CMYK	0.53, 0.00, 1.00, 0.20
HSL	92°, 100%, 40%
HSV	92°, 100%, 80%
XYZ	26.0753, 45.1448, 7.3395
YIQ	147.5660, 0.7950, -86.0290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 203, 108
Decimal	6277888
CIELab	72.99, -58.68, 72.03
CIElCh	73, 92.906, 129.167
Yxy	45.1448, 0.3319, 0.5747
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284467968 (0xFF5FCB00)
YUV	147.5660, -72.7500, -46.1004
Hunter-Lab	67.1899, -48.3093, 40.5564

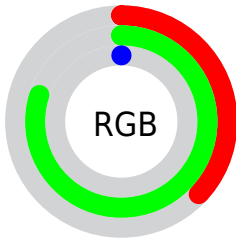
# Details

The XYZ color **26.0753, 45.1448, 7.3395** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC00**.

The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **16.9679, 7.5023, 57.0562**, and the grayscale version is **28.2627, 29.7346, 32.3810**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.9933, 79.1971, 20.5816**, and **10.7869, 21.2814, 3.5392** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.0749, 45.1460, 7.3398**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.4064, 45.8175, 8.0762**.

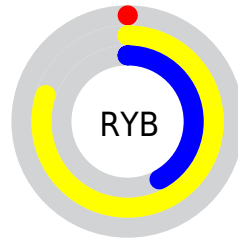
# Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (80%)

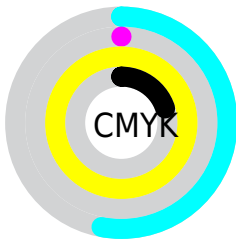
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (42%)

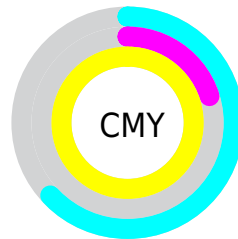


Cyan (53%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (20%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 26.0753, 45.1448, 7.3395 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 26.0753, 45.1448, 7.3395 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 26.0753, 45.1448,  
7.3395


 26.0753, 45.1448,  
7.3395


275.4014,  
367.3597, 180.1922


 17.0130, 31.5715,  
3.5937


 52.8268, 82.9377,  
21.1774


 10.3391, 21.0344,  
1.4052


 71.2467, 107.9260,  
32.1065

 5.6883, 13.1492,  
0.1458


 93.5165, 137.4881,  
46.2672

 2.6954, 7.5313,  
0.0000

 120.0016,  
172.0085, 64.0779

 0.9948, 3.7966,  
0.0000

 151.0673,  
211.8714, 85.9572

 0.0000, 1.5604,  
0.0000

 187.0789,

 0.0000, 0.3307,

257.4613, 112.3237

0.0000

228.4018,  
309.1626, 143.5958

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 26.0753, 45.1448,  
7.3395

■ 26.0753, 45.1448,  
7.3395

■ 26.0749, 45.1460,  
7.3398

■ 27.4064, 45.8175,  
8.0762

■ 29.0335, 46.6258,  
9.5330

■ 31.0100, 47.5931,  
11.9562

■ 33.3660, 48.7322,  
15.4765

■ 36.1276, 50.0540,  
20.2046

■ 39.3182, 51.5686,  
26.2372

■ 42.9589, 53.2849,  
33.6617

■ 47.0696, 55.2114,  
42.5576

■ 51.6684, 57.3558,  
52.9984

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.1308, 45.1448, 3.1979



26.0753, 45.1448, 7.3395



19.8669, 45.1448, 23.7453

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.0753, 45.1448, 7.3395



32.7476, 45.1448, 188.7562



81.6374, 45.1448, 36.2577

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.0753, 45.1448, 7.3395



16.9679, 7.5023, 57.0562

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.1446, 45.1448, 88.2436



26.0753, 45.1448, 7.3395



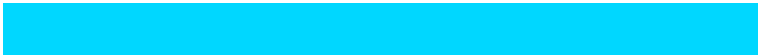
48.0700, 45.1448, 200.5123

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.0753, 45.1448, 7.3395



22.9904, 45.1448, 129.8712



65.7673, 45.1448, 155.9772



71.9066, 45.1448, 11.5769



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.0753, 45.1448, 7.3395



18.6735, 45.1448, 47.8677



65.7673, 45.1448, 155.9772



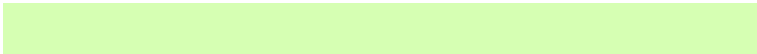
82.2453, 45.1448, 50.4652

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.0763, 45.1467, 7.3405



71.6640, 89.0951, 55.8031



29.6709, 22.7792, 2.8337



14.7643, 18.7995, 10.7536



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.0763, 45.1467, 7.3405



43.4114, 75.4644, 12.2781



21.3758, 42.7214, 7.2172



11.5588, 12.7899, 11.9389



16.6965, 28.7826, 4.6756



0.9487, 1.5299, 0.2453



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.9679, 7.5023, 57.0562



28.1519, 12.4277, 95.5228



35.0110, 16.8500, 55.8187



11.1621, 11.1329, 14.1309



10.9029, 4.8282, 36.3136

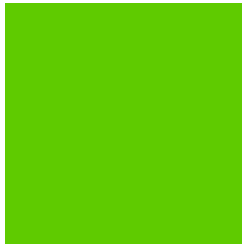


0.6496, 0.2940, 1.8775



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.0753, 45.1448, 7.3395 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.0753, 45.1448, 7.3395 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

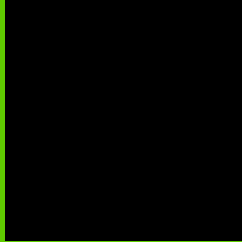
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 26.0753, 45.1448, 7.3395**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.0753, 45.1448, 7.3395.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.0753, 45.1448,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.0753, 45.1448, 7.3395

### Protanopia

40.0078, 44.2583, 6.4341

### Deuteranopia

45.3464, 44.3904, 8.3687



## Tritanopia

37.4089, 45.0399, 63.8487

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.0753, 45.1448, 7.3395



## Protanomaly

32.6706, 43.2220, 6.6208



## Deuteranomaly

34.8532, 42.4740, 7.3983



## Tritanomaly

30.1311, 43.7060, 27.9671

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.0753, 45.1448, 7.3395



## Achromatopsia

28.1479, 29.6138, 32.2495



## Achromatomaly

25.0763, 33.4805, 15.7304

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 26.0753, 45.1448, 7.3395 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 203, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 203, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 203, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 203, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 26.0753, 45.1448, 7.3395 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 203, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 203, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(95, 203, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 203, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 203, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 203, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 26.0753, 45.1448, 7.3395 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 203, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 203,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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