

# Converting Colors

XYZ(26.0937, 22.1217, 94.9901)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(26.0937, 22.1217, 94.9901)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(26.0937, 22.1217,  
94.9901)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	327CFC
RGB	50, 124, 252
RGB Percent	20%, 49%, 99%
CMY	0.8039, 0.5137, 0.0118
CMYK	0.80, 0.51, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	218°, 97%, 59%
HSV	218°, 80%, 99%
XYZ	26.0937, 22.1217, 94.9901
YIQ	116.4660, -85.1920, 24.1200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

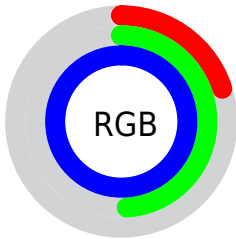
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	50, 104, 252
Decimal	3308796
CIE Lab	54.16, 22.57, -70.15
CIE LCh	54, 73.687, 287.835
Yxy	22.1217, 0.1822, 0.1545
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281498876 (0xFF327CFC)
YUV	116.4660, 66.8183, -58.2907
Hunter-Lab	47.0337, 16.7205, -86.8195

# Details

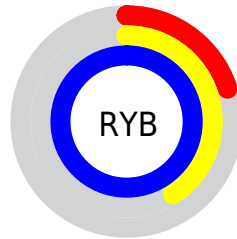
The XYZ color **26.0937, 22.1217, 94.9901** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. The color can be described as middle washed azure. A complement of this color would be **56.6452, 52.7739, 10.2205**, and the grayscale version is **16.5652, 17.4279, 18.9790**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.3277, 42.7827, 100.6347**, and **12.3220, 9.0639, 52.1390** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.3330, 17.9643, 94.3337**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.8632, 27.2804, 95.7877**.

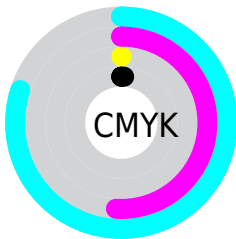
# Distribution



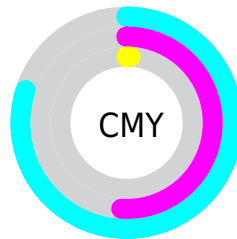
- Red (20%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 26.0937, 22.1217, 94.9901 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 26.0937, 22.1217, 94.9901 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 26.0937, 22.1217,  
94.9901

■ 26.0937, 22.1217,  
94.9901

275.4900,  
263.1812, 565.1168

■ 17.0268, 13.9464,  
71.5299

■ 52.8563, 46.9471,  
156.2464

■ 10.3490, 8.0834,  
52.2903

■ 71.2827, 64.3659,  
194.8796

■ 5.6950, 4.1483,  
36.8526

■ 93.5596, 85.6346,  
239.4074

■ 2.6994, 1.7569,  
24.7985

■ 120.0525,  
111.1377, 290.2486

■ 0.9969, 0.4601,  
15.7094

151.1266,  
141.2595, 347.8216

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
9.1666

187.1473,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

176.3844, 412.5449

4.7517

228.4800,  
216.8968, 484.8372

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.0462

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.5834

■ 26.0937, 22.1217,  
94.9901

■ 26.0937, 22.1217,  
94.9901

■ 23.3330, 17.9643,  
94.3337

■ 29.8632, 27.2804,  
95.7877

■ 21.4243, 14.7353,  
93.8110

■ 34.7510, 33.5183,  
96.7341

■ 40.8540, 40.9056,  
97.8384

■ 48.2570, 49.5051,  
99.1081

■ 57.0363, 59.3745,  
100.5503

■ 67.2625, 70.5674,  
102.1718

■ 79.0007, 83.1339,  
103.9787

■ 92.3120, 97.1216,  
105.9770

■ 94.5708, 99.8083,  
106.3765

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.9504, 22.1217, 97.8310



26.0937, 22.1217, 94.9901



34.6005, 22.1217, 67.3670

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.0937, 22.1217, 94.9901



33.1235, 22.1217, 3.9739



9.2955, 22.1217, 15.9503

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.0937, 22.1217, 94.9901



56.6452, 52.7739, 10.2205

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.5670, 22.1217, 4.9739



26.0937, 22.1217, 94.9901



24.4342, 22.1217, 1.5941

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.0937, 22.1217, 94.9901



39.3145, 22.1217, 12.9636



16.6610, 22.1217, 1.7856



9.5258, 22.1217, 40.2410



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.0937, 22.1217, 94.9901



38.7147, 22.1217, 44.8041



16.6610, 22.1217, 1.7856



9.7620, 22.1217, 11.0035

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.0948, 22.1223, 94.9907



64.8582, 67.8856, 104.2926



44.1568, 73.5117, 53.9499



13.0883, 13.6598, 22.1967



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.0948, 22.1223, 94.9907



22.7220, 16.3745, 96.5708



21.7686, 10.8867, 93.0500



16.8036, 17.6840, 21.9130



11.2881, 7.9318, 48.9096



1.1426, 0.9290, 4.5623



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.9246, 24.4335, 21.4173



43.6445, 22.3989, 14.0457



66.4598, 85.8704, 16.0914



17.5074, 17.3303, 19.2617



21.9897, 11.2116, 6.6544



2.0857, 1.0580, 0.8746



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.0937, 22.1217, 94.9901 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

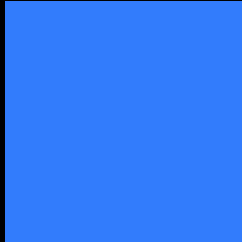
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.0937, 22.1217, 94.9901 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

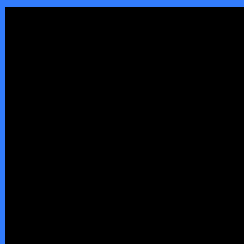
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

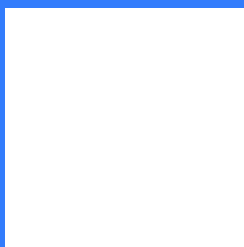
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 26.0937, 22.1217, 94.9901

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.0937, 22.1217, 94.9901.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.0937, 22.1217,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.0937, 22.1217, 94.9901

### Protanopia

26.0450, 22.0965, 94.9878

### Deuteranopia

22.2592, 21.8897, 77.1807



## Tritanopia

15.5722, 21.9448, 33.5520

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.0937, 22.1217, 94.9901

## Protanomaly

26.0450, 22.0965, 94.9878

## Deuteranomaly

23.2547, 21.6814, 83.0800

## Tritanomaly

18.2389, 21.4110, 51.3156

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.0937, 22.1217, 94.9901

## Achromatopsia

16.6002, 17.4647, 19.0191

## Achromatomaly

17.8020, 18.1856, 38.1692

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 26.0937, 22.1217, 94.9901 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(50, 124, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(50, 124, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 124, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(50, 124, 252) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 26.0937, 22.1217, 94.9901 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(50, 124, 252) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(50, 124, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(50, 124, 252)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(50, 124, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 124, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 124,  
252) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 26.0937, 22.1217, 94.9901 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(50, 124, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(50, 124,  
252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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