

# Converting Colors

XYZ(26.0992, 37.2369, 26.1232)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(26.0992, 37.2369, 26.1232)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(26.1614, 37.2652,  
26.2361)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6AB480
RGB	106, 180, 128
RGB Percent	42%, 71%, 50%
CMY	0.5843, 0.2941, 0.4980
CMYK	0.41, 0.00, 0.29, 0.29
HSL	138°, 33%, 56%
HSV	138°, 41%, 71%
XYZ	26.1614, 37.2652, 26.2361
YIQ	151.9460, -27.4120, -31.8600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

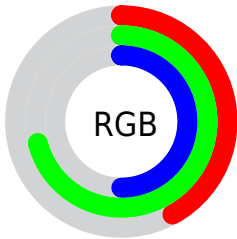
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	106, 163, 180
Decimal	6993024
CIELab	67.48, -34.56, 19.47
CIElCh	67, 39.669, 150.608
Yxy	37.2652, 0.2918, 0.4156
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285183104 (0xFF6AB480)
YUV	151.9460, -11.8054, -40.2946
Hunter-Lab	61.0452, -30.3316, 17.2499

# Details

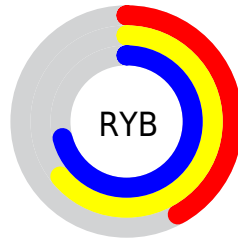
The XYZ color **26.1614, 37.2652, 26.2361** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. A complement of this color would be **30.1492, 22.4808, 35.0994**, and the grayscale version is **29.8803, 31.4364, 34.2342**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52.8331, 70.8007, 54.5974**, and **10.4327, 16.4857, 9.8399** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.4614, 35.9646, 22.0316**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.4162, 38.8418, 31.0101**.

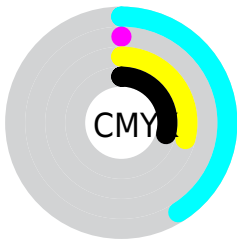
# Distribution



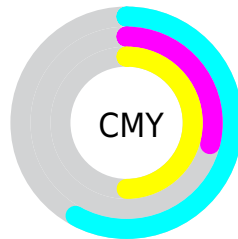
- Red (42%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 26.1614, 37.2652, 26.2361 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 26.1614, 37.2652, 26.2361 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 26.1614, 37.2652,  
26.2361

■ 26.1614, 37.2652,  
26.2361

275.8157,  
334.4573, 297.5814

■ 17.0777, 25.4129,  
16.7730

■ 52.9647, 70.9805,  
54.6443

■ 10.3856, 16.3849,  
9.9125

■ 71.4150, 93.6122,  
74.4266

■ 5.7196, 9.7970,  
5.2362

■ 93.7182, 120.6059,  
98.4856

■ 2.7144, 5.2645,  
2.3253

■ 120.2397,  
152.3459, 127.2399

■ 1.0046, 2.4033,  
0.7454

151.3449,  
189.2167, 161.1081

■ 0.0000, 0.8276,  
0.0000

187.3990,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

231.6026, 200.5088

0.0000

228.7675,  
279.8880, 245.8604

■ 26.1614, 37.2652,  
26.2361

■ 26.1614, 37.2652,  
26.2361

■ 23.4614, 35.9646,  
22.0316

■ 29.4162, 38.8418,  
31.0101

■ 21.2811, 34.9194,  
18.3726

■ 33.2522, 40.7047,  
36.3711

■ 19.5859, 34.1131,  
15.2373


■ 37.6979, 42.8691,  
42.3393


■ 18.3356, 33.5256,  
12.6012


■ 42.7787, 45.3477,  
48.9330


■ 17.4827, 33.1329,  
10.4380


■ 48.5189, 48.1526,  
56.1698

 16.9765, 32.9057,  
8.8871

 54.9411, 51.2952,  
64.0663

 62.0671, 54.7865,  
72.6390

 69.9177, 58.6367,  
81.9034

 73.5653, 60.3053,  
91.6432

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.7832, 37.2652, 18.0075



26.1614, 37.2652, 26.2361



24.9490, 37.2652, 40.9325

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.1614, 37.2652, 26.2361



35.5439, 37.2652, 84.2209



46.4894, 37.2652, 25.7778

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.1614, 37.2652, 26.2361



30.1492, 22.4808, 35.0994

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.4728, 37.2652, 40.2206



26.1614, 37.2652, 26.2361



41.7254, 37.2652, 76.8440

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.1614, 37.2652, 26.2361



29.9754, 37.2652, 77.3901



46.6385, 37.2652, 59.3698



41.4858, 37.2652, 17.8011



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.1614, 37.2652, 26.2361



25.5466, 37.2652, 53.5672



46.6385, 37.2652, 59.3698



47.5555, 37.2652, 29.8750

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.1624, 37.2667, 26.2369



67.4144, 77.2708, 75.5286



33.2288, 41.0592, 19.8099



14.3385, 16.5879, 16.0164



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.1624, 37.2667, 26.2369



43.1085, 65.4828, 40.8611



28.9641, 38.3874, 40.9906



8.4895, 9.5303, 9.5713



11.8743, 22.9757, 6.3408



0.3999, 0.7334, 0.3382



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.1492, 22.4808, 35.0994



51.2781, 35.1321, 58.9829



27.4924, 21.4181, 21.1089



8.7402, 8.6028, 10.1305



15.8179, 7.8447, 14.7327



0.5219, 0.2565, 0.5908



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.1614, 37.2652, 26.2361 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.1614, 37.2652, 26.2361 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 26.1614, 37.2652, 26.2361

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.1614, 37.2652, 26.2361.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.1614, 37.2652, 26.2361.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.1614, 37.2652, 26.2361

### Protanopia

34.1666, 36.6644, 23.0455

### Deuteranopia

37.5258, 36.7545, 27.3068



## Tritanopia

31.4142, 37.3542, 52.0088

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.1614, 37.2652, 26.2361

## Protanomaly

30.3408, 36.2900, 24.1444

## Deuteranomaly

31.8499, 35.9199, 26.7273

## Tritanomaly

29.2563, 37.3447, 41.2636

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.1614, 37.2652, 26.2361

## Achromatopsia

29.8446, 31.3989, 34.1934

## Achromatomaly

27.8699, 32.9747, 30.8825

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 26.1614, 37.2652, 26.2361 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 180, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 180, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 180, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 180, 128) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 26.1614, 37.2652, 26.2361 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 180, 128) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 180, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(106, 180, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 180, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 180, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 180,  
128) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 26.1614, 37.2652, 26.2361 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 180, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106,  
180, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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