

# Converting Colors

XYZ(26.1468, 23.5445, 84.0563)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(26.1468, 23.5445, 84.0563)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(26.1629, 23.5548, 84.0565)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(26.1629, 23.5548,  
84.0565)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	4982EE
RGB	73, 130, 238
RGB Percent	29%, 51%, 93%
CMY	0.7137, 0.4902, 0.0667
CMYK	0.69, 0.45, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	219°, 83%, 61%
HSV	219°, 69%, 93%
XYZ	26.1629, 23.5548, 84.0565
YIQ	125.2690, -68.6400, 21.5040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

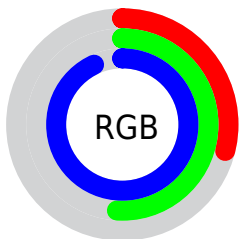
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	73, 115, 238
Decimal	4817646
CIE Lab	55.64, 16.46, -59.95
CIE LCh	56, 62.174, 285.353
Yxy	23.5548, 0.1956, 0.1761
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283007726 (0xFF4982EE)
YUV	125.2690, 55.5764, -45.8399
Hunter-Lab	48.5333, 11.2910, -68.7131

# Details

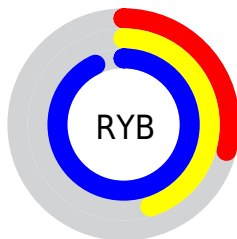
The XYZ color **26.1629, 23.5548, 84.0565** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **52.9889, 51.7102, 13.4934**, and the grayscale version is **19.4201, 20.4314, 22.2498**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45.2592, 46.0792, 101.1165**, and **11.3578, 9.3708, 44.9262** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.7745, 18.9614, 83.3490**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.5566, 29.1326, 84.9021**.

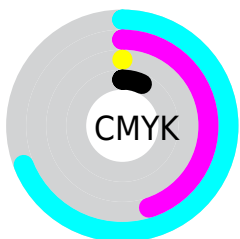
# Distribution



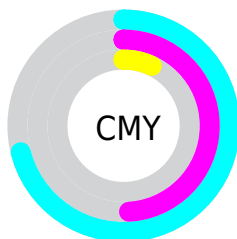
- Red (29%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 26.1629, 23.5548, 84.0565 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 26.1629, 23.5548, 84.0565 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 26.1629, 23.5548,  
84.0565

■ 26.1629, 23.5548,  
84.0565

275.8229,  
270.5619, 528.5638

■ 17.0789, 15.0037,  
62.5164

■ 52.9671, 49.3027,  
140.9166

■ 10.3864, 8.8220,  
45.0116

■ 71.4179, 67.2683,  
177.0738

■ 5.7201, 4.6253,  
31.1236

■ 93.7217, 89.1409,  
218.9404

■ 2.7147, 2.0291,  
20.4337

■ 120.2438,  
115.3048, 266.9349

■ 1.0047, 0.6243,  
12.5235

151.3497,  
146.1445, 321.4760

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
6.9744

187.4046,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

182.0443, 382.9822

3.3679

228.7738,  
223.3886, 451.8719

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.2854

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0498

■ 26.1629, 23.5548,  
84.0565

■ 26.1629, 23.5548,  
84.0565

■ 22.7745, 18.9614,  
83.3490

■ 30.5566, 29.1326,  
84.9021

■ 20.2908, 15.2790,  
82.7691

■ 36.0361, 35.7554,  
85.8916

■ 18.5664, 12.4104,  
82.3063

■ 42.6767, 43.4804,  
87.0327

■ 18.4659, 12.2394,  
82.2786

■ 50.5454, 52.3599,  
88.3319

■ 59.7043, 62.4422,  
89.7952

■ 70.2106, 73.7730,  
91.4286

■ 82.1184, 86.3953,  
93.2373

■ 92.3160, 98.7196,  
95.0787

■ 92.4327, 98.9531,  
95.1176

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.1397, 23.5548, 84.3293



26.1629, 23.5548, 84.0565



33.4533, 23.5548, 63.6266

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.1629, 23.5548, 84.0565



33.2995, 23.5548, 6.7827



11.6876, 23.5548, 17.0475

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.1629, 23.5548, 84.0565



52.9889, 51.7102, 13.4934

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.0794, 23.5548, 6.9227



26.1629, 23.5548, 84.0565



25.9847, 23.5548, 3.4624

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.1629, 23.5548, 84.0565



38.1247, 23.5548, 16.6988



18.9951, 23.5548, 3.4950



11.7156, 23.5548, 37.3288



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.1629, 23.5548, 84.0565



37.0659, 23.5548, 45.4261



18.9951, 23.5548, 3.4950



12.2090, 23.5548, 12.6491

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.1639, 23.5555, 84.0571



67.8379, 70.8586, 104.7094



41.5873, 65.8720, 53.8385



13.8677, 14.4514, 22.3084



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.1639, 23.5555, 84.0571



25.3593, 20.3378, 97.1968



22.8270, 13.5228, 82.2965



15.3437, 16.1215, 20.0247



10.4106, 7.0455, 45.9391



0.9556, 0.7651, 3.8515



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.6727, 24.5554, 23.6628



45.2958, 24.2850, 18.9631



59.2914, 75.8145, 17.8138



15.9982, 15.8490, 17.5466



20.5804, 10.5046, 5.7071



1.7573, 0.8920, 0.7127



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.1629, 23.5548, 84.0565 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

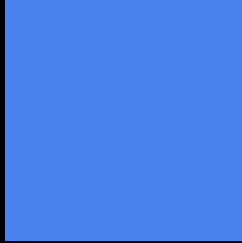
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.1629, 23.5548, 84.0565 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

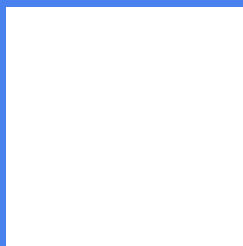
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 26.1629, 23.5548, 84.0565**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.1629, 23.5548, 84.0565.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.1629, 23.5548,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

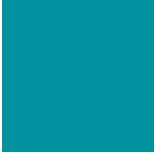
26.1629, 23.5548, 84.0565

### Protanopia

26.5297, 23.5643, 83.2709

### Deuteranopia

24.4855, 23.7184, 83.4083



## **Tritanopia**

16.6917, 23.3706, 36.4321

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.1629, 23.5548, 84.0565

## Protanomaly

26.2782, 23.4346, 83.2591

## Deuteranomaly

24.8003, 23.4703, 83.3439

## Tritanomaly

19.0540, 22.9136, 50.9955

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.1629, 23.5548, 84.0565

## Achromatopsia

19.4927, 20.5079, 22.3331

## Achromatomaly

20.4162, 20.9961, 39.0530

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 26.1629, 23.5548, 84.0565 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 130, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 130, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 130, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 130, 238) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 26.1629, 23.5548, 84.0565 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 130, 238) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 130, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(73, 130, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 130, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 130, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 130,  
238) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 26.1629, 23.5548, 84.0565 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 130, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 130,  
238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor