

# Converting Colors

XYZ(26.1804, 32.9918, 4.9882)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(26.1804, 32.9918, 4.9882)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(26.2341, 32.9667,  
4.9805)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99A300
RGB	153, 163, 0
RGB Percent	60%, 64%, 0%
CMY	0.4000, 0.3608, 0.9999
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 1.00, 0.36
HSL	64°, 100%, 32%
HSV	64°, 100%, 64%
XYZ	26.2341, 32.9667, 4.9805
YIQ	141.4280, 46.3630, -52.8130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

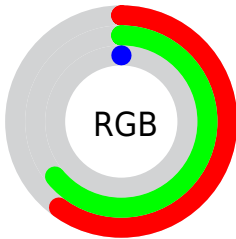
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">0, 163, 10</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10068736</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">64.13, -19.86, 66.64</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">64, 69.532, 106.595</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">32.9667, 0.4087, 0.5136</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288258816 (0xFF99A300)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">141.4280, -69.7240, 10.1486</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">57.4166, -18.9211, 35.0486</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **26.2341, 32.9667, 4.9805** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999900**. A complement of this color would be **6.7368, 2.7094, 34.8203**, and the grayscale version is **25.7401, 27.0806, 29.4907**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53.2054, 64.4997, 16.3021**, and **10.7239, 14.1297, 2.1621** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.2346, 32.9681, 4.9808**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26.5203, 33.1043, 5.4946**.

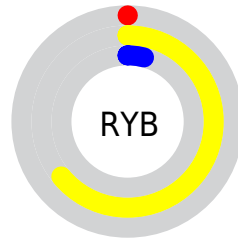
# Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (64%)

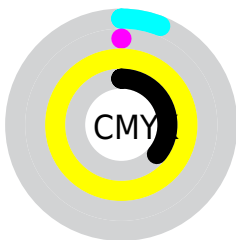
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (4%)

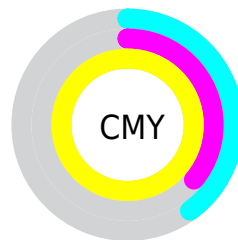


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (36%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 26.2341, 32.9667, 4.9805 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 26.2341, 32.9667, 4.9805 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 26.2341, 32.9667,  
4.9805


 26.2341, 32.9667,  
4.9805


276.1650,  
315.4997, 158.5693


 17.1325, 22.1009,  
2.1773


 53.0810, 64.3235,  
16.2145


 10.4249, 13.9311,  
0.6612


 71.5569, 85.5834,  
25.4823


 5.7460, 8.0727,  
0.0000


 93.8883, 111.0767,  
37.7421

 2.7304, 4.1415,  
0.0000

 120.4406,  
141.1880, 53.4124

 1.0129, 1.7530,  
0.0000

 151.5790,  
176.3015, 72.9117

 0.0000, 0.4577,  
0.0000


 187.6690,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


216.8017, 96.6586


0.0000


 229.0759,  
263.0729, 125.0716


 26.2341, 32.9667,  
4.9805


 26.2341, 32.9667,  
4.9805


 26.2346, 32.9681,  
4.9808

 26.5203, 33.1043,  
5.4946

 26.8848, 33.2722,  
6.4159

 27.3611, 33.4850,  
7.9175

 27.9634, 33.7484,  
10.0741

 28.7036, 34.0671,  
12.9492

■ 29.5926, 34.4455,  
16.5988

■ 30.6398, 34.8874,  
21.0736

■ 31.8541, 35.3963,  
26.4196

■ 33.2435, 35.9755,  
32.6796

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.9287, 32.9667, 4.7741



26.2341, 32.9667, 4.9805



19.4986, 32.9667, 10.0493

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.2341, 32.9667, 4.9805



20.0467, 32.9667, 91.4182



53.5811, 32.9667, 49.9817

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.2341, 32.9667, 4.9805



6.7368, 2.7094, 34.8203

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.1903, 32.9667, 87.4968



26.2341, 32.9667, 4.9805



27.1485, 32.9667, 118.6319

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.2341, 32.9667, 4.9805



16.4727, 32.9667, 53.7047



37.0551, 32.9667, 116.9076



53.1921, 32.9667, 22.5351



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.2341, 32.9667, 4.9805



16.9785, 32.9667, 18.3846



37.0551, 32.9667, 116.9076



52.1056, 32.9667, 62.0126

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.2348, 32.9682, 4.9812



54.7566, 62.4293, 37.2454



15.1938, 7.9642, 0.7368



12.1226, 13.9474, 7.6095



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.2348, 32.9682, 4.9812



46.9188, 59.0076, 8.9167



15.8730, 27.6265, 4.4963



7.6063, 8.2150, 7.5649



20.4020, 25.6281, 3.8714



0.4407, 0.5447, 0.0819



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.7368, 2.7094, 34.8203



12.0054, 4.8213, 62.3540



10.7947, 4.8014, 35.0102



6.7389, 6.8797, 8.8758



5.2496, 2.1127, 27.0609



0.1217, 0.0503, 0.5691



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.2341, 32.9667, 4.9805 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.2341, 32.9667, 4.9805 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 26.2341, 32.9667, 4.9805**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.2341, 32.9667, 4.9805.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.2341, 32.9667,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.2341, 32.9667, 4.9805

### Protanopia

29.5677, 32.8909, 4.7902

### Deuteranopia

33.3851, 32.6778, 5.5251



## Tritanopia

33.1945, 32.7769, 39.2274

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.2341, 32.9667, 4.9805

## Protanomaly

28.3345, 33.0118, 4.8785

## Deuteranomaly

30.3148, 32.5262, 5.2107

## Tritanomaly

28.9180, 32.0192, 17.7529

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.2341, 32.9667, 4.9805

## Achromatopsia

25.3171, 26.6356, 29.0061

## Achromatomaly

24.2700, 28.2528, 13.8470

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 26.2341, 32.9667, 4.9805 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 163, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 163, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 163, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 163, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 26.2341, 32.9667, 4.9805 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 163, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 163, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 163, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 163, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 163, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 163,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 26.2341, 32.9667, 4.9805 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 163, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
163, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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