

# Converting Colors

XYZ(26.2513, 14.4512, 3.1007)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(26.2513, 14.4512, 3.1007)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(26.1262, 14.3683,  
3.0654)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CD2424
RGB	205, 36, 36
RGB Percent	80%, 14%, 14%
CMY	0.1961, 0.8588, 0.8588
CMYK	0.00, 0.82, 0.82, 0.20
HSL	0°, 70%, 47%
HSV	0°, 82%, 80%
XYZ	26.1262, 14.3683, 3.0654
YIQ	86.5310, 100.7240, 35.8280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

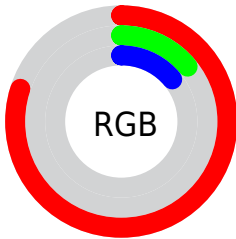
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">205, 36, 36</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13444132</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">44.76, 63.22, 43.91</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">45, 76.971, 34.784</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">14.3683, 0.5998, 0.3299</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291634212</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFCD2424</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">86.5310, -24.9118, 103.8973</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">37.9055, 56.6955, 21.7391</a>

# Details

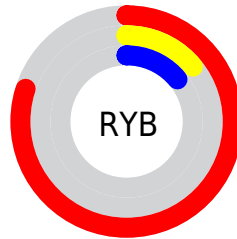
The XYZ color **26.1262, 14.3683, 3.0654** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **33.5743, 48.4375, 65.3371**, and the grayscale version is **8.9966, 9.4651, 10.3075**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.2248, 30.7929, 11.4372**, and **11.1553, 5.7508, 0.5221** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.4448, 13.3715, 1.7107**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.3420, 16.1480, 5.4816**.

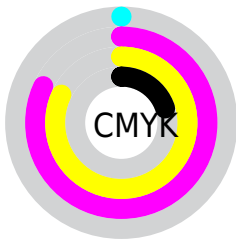
# Distribution



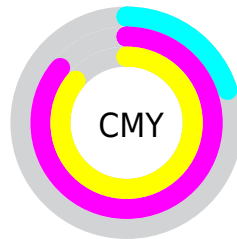
- Red (80%)
- Green (14%)
- Blue (14%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (14%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (86%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 26.1262, 14.3683, 3.0654 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 26.1262, 14.3683, 3.0654 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 26.1262, 14.3683,  
3.0654


 26.1262, 14.3683,  
3.0654


275.6464,  
219.5102, 137.1893


 17.0513, 8.3773,  
1.1281


 52.9083, 33.7411,  
11.7894


 10.3666, 4.3373,  
0.0000


 71.3462, 47.8917,  
19.4132


 5.7068, 1.8640,  
0.0000

 93.6358, 65.5309,  
29.7696

 2.7066, 0.5266,  
0.0000

 120.1424, 87.0431,  
43.2771


 1.0006, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 151.2314,  
112.8127, 60.3543


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 187.2682,


143.2242, 81.4197


 228.6180,  
178.6619, 106.8918


 26.1262, 14.3683,  
3.0654


 26.1262, 14.3683,  
3.0654


 25.4448, 13.3715,  
1.7107


 27.3420, 16.1480,  
5.4816

 25.1769, 12.9795,  
1.1783

 29.1710, 18.8244,  
9.1172

 31.6798, 22.4955,  
14.1043

 34.9261, 27.2459,  
20.5578

 38.9617, 33.1512,  
28.5803

■ 43.8336, 40.2801,  
38.2654

■ 49.5850, 48.6960,  
49.6993

■ 56.2564, 58.4579,  
62.9620

■ 63.8855, 69.6213,  
78.1289

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.5142, 14.3683, 12.9414



26.1262, 14.3683, 3.0654



19.4561, 14.3683, 0.5265

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.1262, 14.3683, 3.0654



5.4025, 14.3683, 5.0716



14.6856, 14.3683, 81.3173

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.1262, 14.3683, 3.0654



33.5743, 48.4375, 65.3371

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.1420, 14.3683, 72.1817



26.1262, 14.3683, 3.0654



4.8284, 14.3683, 18.7003

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.1262, 14.3683, 3.0654



7.8746, 14.3683, 0.9753



5.9619, 14.3683, 44.7177



21.7424, 14.3683, 64.5011



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.1262, 14.3683, 3.0654



14.7810, 14.3683, 0.0359



5.9619, 14.3683, 44.7177



12.5908, 14.3683, 81.2492

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.1265, 14.3692, 3.0656



69.3582, 62.4060, 57.8246



36.8270, 18.6486, 59.4158



14.2343, 12.4630, 11.1617



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.1265, 14.3692, 3.0656



41.2819, 21.3215, 2.0129



32.2719, 26.6599, 5.1141



11.2124, 11.2138, 11.6530



15.6737, 8.0803, 0.7336



0.8086, 0.4169, 0.0379



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.5743, 48.4375, 65.3371



53.8342, 78.7410, 106.9689



18.5237, 18.3363, 60.3202



11.5432, 12.7269, 14.4185



20.4479, 29.9199, 40.6537



1.0549, 1.5436, 2.0973



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.1262, 14.3683, 3.0654 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.1262, 14.3683, 3.0654 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 26.1262, 14.3683, 3.0654**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.1262, 14.3683, 3.0654.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.1262, 14.3683,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.1262, 14.3683, 3.0654

### Protanopia

13.3948, 14.6333, 5.6086

### Deuteranopia

14.7545, 14.5019, 2.5938



## Tritanopia

26.1111, 14.3622, 2.9861

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.1262, 14.3683, 3.0654

## Protanomaly

16.0332, 12.5741, 4.2713

## Deuteranomaly

17.3265, 12.8515, 2.4871

## Tritanomaly

26.1111, 14.3622, 2.9861

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.1262, 14.3683, 3.0654

## Achromatopsia

9.0590, 9.5307, 10.3790

## Achromatomaly

12.3164, 9.2974, 6.6143

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 26.1262, 14.3683, 3.0654 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 36, 36)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 36, 36)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 36, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 36, 36) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 26.1262, 14.3683, 3.0654 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 36, 36) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 36, 36) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 36, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 36, 36); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 36, 36);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 36,  
36) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 26.1262, 14.3683, 3.0654 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 36, 36) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205, 36,  
36) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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