

# Converting Colors

XYZ(26.2703, 35.3948, 20.4862)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(26.2703, 35.3948, 20.4862)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(26.2703, 35.3948,  
20.4862)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7DAD6F
RGB	125, 173, 111
RGB Percent	49%, 68%, 44%
CMY	0.5098, 0.3216, 0.5647
CMYK	0.28, 0.00, 0.36, 0.32
HSL	106°, 27%, 56%
HSV	106°, 36%, 68%
XYZ	26.2703, 35.3948, 20.4862
YIQ	151.5800, -8.7060, -29.4580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

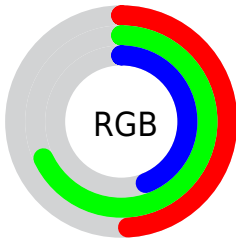
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	111, 173, 159
Decimal	8236399
CIELab	66.05, -27.99, 26.87
CIELCh	66, 38.800, 136.168
Yxy	35.3948, 0.3198, 0.4308
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286426479 (0xFF7DAD6F)
YUV	151.5800, -20.0059, -23.3107
Hunter-Lab	59.4935, -25.2942, 21.2294

# Details

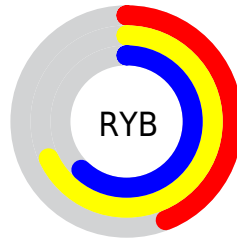
The XYZ color **26.2703, 35.3948, 20.4862** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **27.5268, 21.7579, 42.2859**, and the grayscale version is **29.7509, 31.3003, 34.0860**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53.2206, 68.2667, 45.0221**, and **10.4100, 15.2366, 6.9497** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.5834, 34.1103, 15.8605**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.4072, 36.8921, 26.0975**.

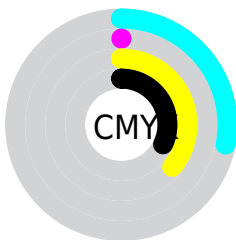
# Distribution



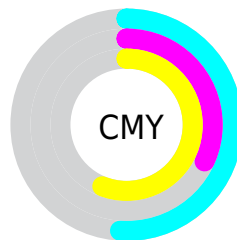
- Red (49%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 26.2703, 35.3948, 20.4862 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 26.2703, 35.3948, 20.4862 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 26.2703, 35.3948,  
20.4862

■ 26.2703, 35.3948,  
20.4862

276.3389,  
326.3075, 267.2259

■ 17.1597, 23.9672,  
12.5614

■ 53.1389, 68.0969,  
45.1005

■ 10.4444, 15.3093,  
7.0001

■ 71.6276, 90.1402,  
62.6270

■ 5.7591, 9.0367,  
3.3837

■ 93.9730, 116.4908,  
84.1912

■ 2.7384, 4.7651,  
1.2937

■ 120.5406,  
147.5331, 110.2116

■ 1.0170, 2.1101,  
0.0566

151.6956,  
183.6516, 141.1067

■ 0.0000, 0.6703,  
0.0000

187.8034,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

225.2305, 177.2951

0.0000

229.2294,  
272.6544, 219.1954

■ 26.2703, 35.3948,  
20.4862

■ 26.2703, 35.3948,  
20.4862

■ 23.5834, 34.1103,  
15.8605

■ 29.4072, 36.8921,  
26.0975

■ 21.3227, 33.0244,  
12.1613

■ 33.0112, 38.6066,  
32.7442

■ 19.4662, 32.1282,  
9.3268


■ 37.1017, 40.5484,  
40.4759


■ 17.9884, 31.4100,  
7.2864


■ 41.6961, 42.7256,  
49.3379


■ 16.8611, 30.8570,  
5.9590


■ 46.8112, 45.1457,  
59.3731


 16.0499, 30.4540,  
5.2390

 52.4627, 47.8160,  
70.6223

 15.7833, 30.3211,  
5.0207

 58.6659, 50.7435,  
83.1241

 65.4352, 53.9350,  
96.9155

 70.8421, 56.6198,  
101.8027

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.6520, 35.3948, 15.4022



26.2703, 35.3948, 20.4862



23.9956, 35.3948, 31.4444

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.2703, 35.3948, 20.4862



31.0635, 35.3948, 78.2546



45.4352, 35.3948, 30.3668

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.2703, 35.3948, 20.4862



27.5268, 21.7579, 42.2859

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.5781, 35.3948, 46.6276



26.2703, 35.3948, 20.4862



36.8198, 35.3948, 77.7193

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.2703, 35.3948, 20.4862



26.5419, 35.3948, 66.2361



42.2772, 35.3948, 64.9333



41.9066, 35.3948, 19.8923



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.2703, 35.3948, 20.4862



23.7911, 35.3948, 42.0471



42.2772, 35.3948, 64.9333



45.8934, 35.3948, 35.2315

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.2712, 35.3963, 20.4870



62.4122, 70.7038, 64.8274



32.4223, 34.6696, 20.0225



13.3591, 15.2684, 13.7030



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.2712, 35.3963, 20.4870



43.1751, 61.5378, 29.9928



25.3658, 34.8145, 25.6451



8.0674, 9.0233, 8.5298



11.6370, 22.2962, 3.6903



0.3703, 0.6442, 0.1048



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.5268, 21.7579, 42.2859



45.7395, 33.4602, 74.8535



28.9596, 22.6702, 34.5109



8.1576, 8.0555, 10.0776



12.8078, 5.9625, 29.5204



0.3993, 0.1880, 0.8232



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.2703, 35.3948, 20.4862 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.2703, 35.3948, 20.4862 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 26.2703, 35.3948, 20.4862**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.2703, 35.3948, 20.4862.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.2703, 35.3948,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.2703, 35.3948, 20.4862

### Protanopia

32.6279, 35.1809, 18.7066

### Deuteranopia

35.7209, 34.9674, 21.0863



## Tritanopia

31.6444, 35.3589, 47.2766

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.2703, 35.3948, 20.4862

## Protanomaly

29.8722, 35.0609, 19.3804

## Deuteranomaly

31.3340, 34.4635, 20.9202

## Tritanomaly

29.3511, 35.2439, 35.8276

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.2703, 35.3948, 20.4862

## Achromatopsia

29.8446, 31.3989, 34.1934

## Achromatomaly

28.2415, 32.6985, 28.4899

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 26.2703, 35.3948, 20.4862 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 173, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 173, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 173, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 173, 111) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 26.2703, 35.3948, 20.4862 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 173, 111) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 173, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 173, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 173, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 173, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 173,  
111) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 26.2703, 35.3948, 20.4862 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 173, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
173, 111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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