

# Converting Colors

XYZ(26.2714, 14.0638, 69.7365)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(26.2714, 14.0638, 69.7365)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(26.2714, 14.0638,  
69.7365)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9237DD
RGB	146, 55, 221
RGB Percent	57%, 22%, 87%
CMY	0.4274, 0.7843, 0.1333
CMYK	0.34, 0.75, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	273°, 71%, 54%
HSV	273°, 75%, 87%
XYZ	26.2714, 14.0638, 69.7365
YIQ	101.1330, 0.9500, 70.9180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

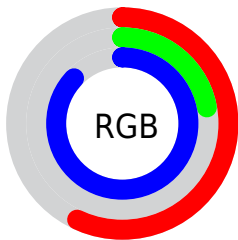
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	146, 55, 221
Decimal	9582557
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	44.32, 65.68, -68.39
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	44, 94.822, 313.843
Yxy	14.0638, 0.2387, 0.1278
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287772637 (0xFF9237DD)
YUV	101.1330, 59.0944, 39.3484
Hunter-Lab	37.5017, 59.4181, -84.0017

# Details

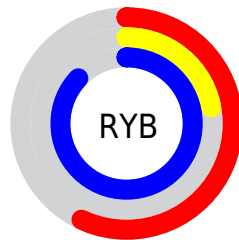
The XYZ color **26.2714, 14.0638, 69.7365** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9933CC**. The color can be described as middle muted purple. A complement of this color would be **35.7518, 56.7346, 12.6811**, and the grayscale version is **12.2567, 12.8950, 14.0426**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48.9113, 31.5680, 98.1231**, and **10.7220, 4.7428, 35.9477** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.7487, 11.5385, 69.3823**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.4202, 17.6091, 70.2552**.

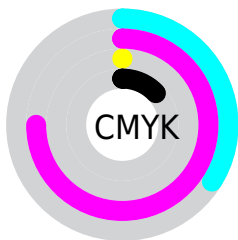
# Distribution



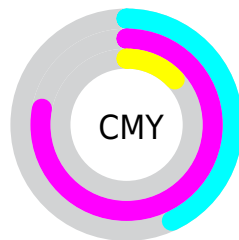
- Red (57%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)




- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 26.2714, 14.0638, 69.7365 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 26.2714, 14.0638, 69.7365 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 26.2714, 14.0638,  
69.7365

 26.2714, 14.0638,  
69.7365


276.3442,  
217.6274, 478.3884

 17.1605, 8.1651,  
50.8363


 53.1406, 33.2022,  
120.5105

 10.4450, 4.2007,  
35.7025


 71.6297, 47.2106,  
153.2213


 5.7595, 1.7865,  
23.9166


 93.9756, 64.6911,  
191.3728

 2.7387, 0.4787,  
15.0602

 120.5436, 86.0279,  
235.3834

 1.0171, 0.0000,  
8.7145

 151.6991,  
111.6056, 285.6718

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
4.4612

187.8075,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

141.8085, 342.6563

1.8816

229.2340,  
177.0209, 406.7557

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.4810

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 26.2714, 14.0638,  
69.7365

■ 26.2714, 14.0638,  
69.7365

■ 23.7487, 11.5385,  
69.3823

■ 29.4202, 17.6091,  
70.2552

■ 21.7778, 9.8935,  
69.1687

■ 33.2523, 22.2864,  
70.9560

■ 20.9580, 9.2966,  
69.0967

■ 37.8201, 28.1937,  
71.8555

■ 43.1696, 35.4179,  
72.9679

■ 49.3427, 44.0378,  
74.3064

■ 56.3783, 54.1259,  
75.8828

■ 64.3122, 65.7494,  
77.7081

■ 73.1784, 78.9713,  
79.7929

■ 83.0089, 93.8513,  
82.1469

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.1804, 14.0638, 102.5984



26.2714, 14.0638, 69.7365



32.9082, 14.0638, 30.1745

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.2714, 14.0638, 69.7365



17.8636, 14.0638, 0.0000



3.6022, 14.0638, 27.6787

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.2714, 14.0638, 69.7365



35.7518, 56.7346, 12.6811

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.6664, 14.0638, 6.3652



26.2714, 14.0638, 69.7365



10.1647, 14.0638, 0.0000

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.2714, 14.0638, 69.7365



26.9321, 14.0638, 0.7508



5.5807, 14.0638, 0.5615



5.3507, 14.0638, 66.5018



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.2714, 14.0638, 69.7365



33.9114, 14.0638, 12.6741



5.5807, 14.0638, 0.5615



3.4412, 14.0638, 18.2951

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.2721, 14.0643, 69.7368



70.0235, 63.4342, 103.1611



22.9416, 22.6623, 71.5720



14.2756, 12.5687, 21.9235



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.2721, 14.0643, 69.7368



31.2293, 14.5462, 95.7695



43.5110, 23.0350, 66.7580



13.0176, 12.9672, 16.4690



12.3071, 5.4687, 40.1453



0.8961, 0.4052, 2.6054



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.2143, 19.7163, 23.0680



45.5732, 23.5668, 22.9806



28.2620, 52.8573, 13.0623



13.2994, 13.1488, 14.8378



18.7096, 9.4849, 8.1165



1.2551, 0.6317, 0.7525



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.2714, 14.0638, 69.7365 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

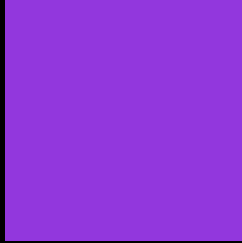
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.2714, 14.0638, 69.7365 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

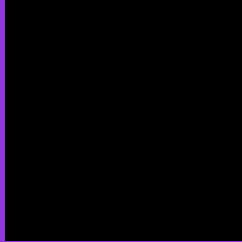
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 26.2714, 14.0638, 69.7365**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.2714, 14.0638, 69.7365.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.2714, 14.0638,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.2714, 14.0638, 69.7365

### Protanopia

16.7913, 14.1624, 65.4669

### Deuteranopia

14.2255, 14.2703, 48.4591



## Tritanopia

15.2297, 14.0404, 15.2720

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.2714, 14.0638, 69.7365



## Protanomaly

17.1629, 12.1073, 67.0780



## Deuteranomaly

15.3494, 12.0252, 55.5449



## Tritanomaly

17.7995, 13.0467, 29.1839

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.2714, 14.0638, 69.7365



## Achromatopsia

12.3695, 13.0136, 14.1719



## Achromatomaly

15.6173, 12.1669, 28.3134

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 26.2714, 14.0638, 69.7365 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 55, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 55, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 55, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 55, 221) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 26.2714, 14.0638, 69.7365 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 55, 221) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 55, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 55, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 55, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 55, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 55,  
221) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 26.2714, 14.0638, 69.7365 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 55, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146, 55,  
221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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