

# Converting Colors

XYZ(26.3567, 13.4193, 8.8263)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(26.3567, 13.4193, 8.8263)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(26.3498, 13.4166,  
8.7903)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CC0050
RGB	204, 0, 80
RGB Percent	80%, 0%, 31%
CMY	0.2000, 0.9998, 0.6863
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.61, 0.20
HSL	336°, 100%, 40%
HSV	336°, 100%, 80%
XYZ	26.3498, 13.4166, 8.7903
YIQ	70.1160, 95.9040, 68.1280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

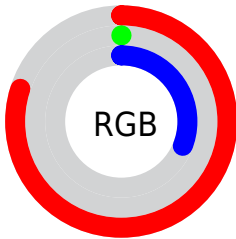
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	204, 0, 80
Decimal	13369424
CIELab	43.38, 70.06, 15.95
CIELCh	43, 71.849, 12.824
Yxy	13.4166, 0.5427, 0.2763
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291559504 (0xFFCC0050)
YUV	70.1160, 4.8728, 117.4163
Hunter-Lab	36.6287, 64.3085, 11.4114

# Details

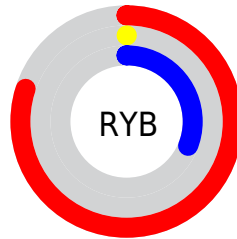
The XYZ color **26.3498, 13.4166, 8.7903** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **25.2341, 44.6420, 26.3699**, and the grayscale version is **5.8257, 6.1291, 6.6746**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48.6106, 29.6614, 23.9320**, and **11.4738, 5.8782, 2.1989** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.3487, 13.4161, 8.7851**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.1092, 14.1332, 11.5170**.

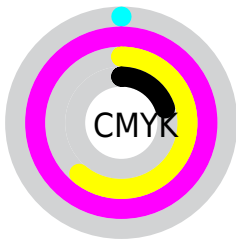
# Distribution



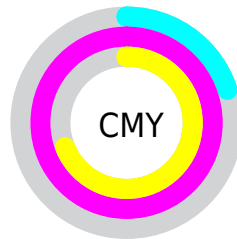
- Red (80%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (69%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 26.3498, 13.4166, 8.7903 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 26.3498, 13.4166, 8.7903 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 26.3498, 13.4166,  
8.7903


 26.3498, 13.4166,  
8.7903


276.7203,  
213.5706, 191.9659


 17.2196, 7.7160,  
4.5097


 53.2660, 32.0502,  
24.0650

 10.4874, 3.9138,  
1.9089


 71.7827, 45.7521,  
35.8963


 5.7880, 1.6255,  
0.4984

 94.1589, 62.8898,  
51.0815

 2.7561, 0.3747,  
0.0000

 120.7600, 83.8478,  
70.0392

 1.0261, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 151.9513,  
109.0105, 93.1879

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 188.0983,

138.7623, 120.9463

229.5662,  
173.4875, 153.7327

■ 26.3498, 13.4166,  
8.7903

■ 26.3498, 13.4166,  
8.7903

■ 26.3487, 13.4161,  
8.7851

■ 27.1092, 14.1332,  
11.5170

■ 28.2290, 15.4283,  
14.8024

■ 29.8066, 17.4901,  
18.6988

■ 31.8953, 20.4195,  
23.2426

■ 34.5408, 24.3020,  
28.4666

■ 37.7832, 29.2125,  
34.4009

■ 41.6589, 35.2186,  
41.0734

■ 46.2012, 42.3818,  
48.5105

■ 51.4409, 50.7594,  
56.7371

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.0089, 13.4166, 25.7023



26.3498, 13.4166, 8.7903



22.3608, 13.4166, 2.0897

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.3498, 13.4166, 8.7903



6.7568, 13.4166, 1.6698



9.8366, 13.4166, 68.0926

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.3498, 13.4166, 8.7903



25.2341, 44.6420, 26.3699

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.3863, 13.4166, 47.0709



26.3498, 13.4166, 8.7903



4.9980, 13.4166, 7.2786

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.3498, 13.4166, 8.7903



10.5140, 13.4166, 0.3316



4.8858, 13.4166, 22.5529



15.2871, 13.4166, 69.7931



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.3498, 13.4166, 8.7903



18.3122, 13.4166, 0.7609



4.8858, 13.4166, 22.5529



8.4495, 13.4166, 62.6011

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.3501, 13.4174, 8.7905



68.7057, 57.8784, 67.5417



18.9847, 8.5287, 57.7719



14.0949, 11.4372, 13.4186



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.3501, 13.4174, 8.7905



43.5387, 22.1795, 14.0346



25.1599, 13.3533, 1.2526



11.3914, 11.2853, 12.5957



16.6270, 8.4614, 5.7547



0.8948, 0.4513, 0.4917



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.3501, 13.4174, 8.7905



43.5387, 22.1795, 14.0346



27.9579, 38.4765, 63.0795



11.3914, 11.2853, 12.5957



16.6270, 8.4614, 5.7547



0.8948, 0.4513, 0.4917



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.3498, 13.4166, 8.7903 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

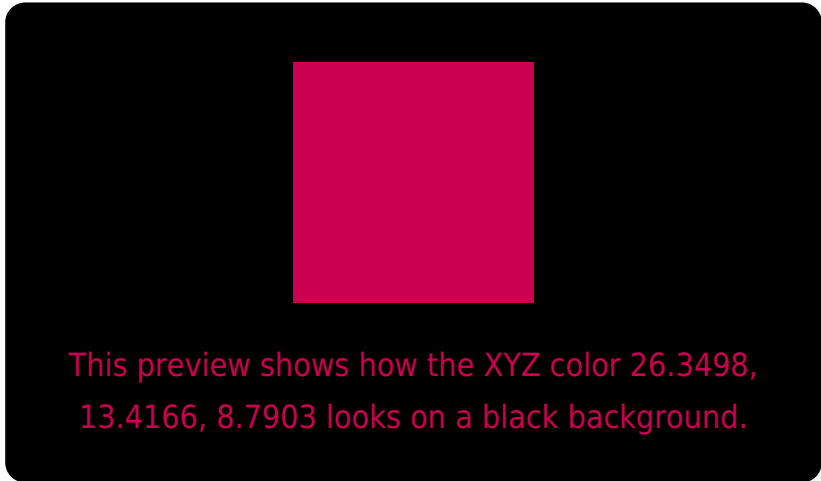
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 26.3498, 13.4166, 8.7903**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.3498, 13.4166, 8.7903.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.3498, 13.4166,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.3498, 13.4166, 8.7903

### Protanopia

13.7547, 14.0685, 18.8202

### Deuteranopia

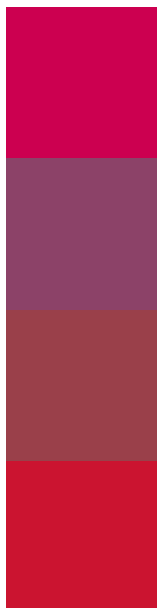
14.1519, 13.9292, 7.9040



## Tritanopia

25.1080, 13.6833, 2.5461

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.3498, 13.4166, 8.7903

## Protanomaly

15.2621, 10.4714, 14.3135

## Deuteranomaly

16.3959, 11.0312, 7.7436

## Tritanomaly

25.4123, 13.4102, 4.0454

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.3498, 13.4166, 8.7903

## Achromatopsia

5.8214, 6.1246, 6.6697

## Achromatomaly

9.7822, 6.2931, 7.1777

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 26.3498, 13.4166, 8.7903 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 0, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 0, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 0, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 0, 80) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 26.3498, 13.4166, 8.7903 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 0, 80) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 0, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 0, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 0, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 0, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 0, 80)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 26.3498, 13.4166, 8.7903 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 0, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204, 0,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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