

# Converting Colors

XYZ(26.3760, 27.1759, 52.2437)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(26.3760, 27.1759, 52.2437)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(26.3439, 27.1010,  
51.9866)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	758FBD
RGB	117, 143, 189
RGB Percent	46%, 56%, 74%
CMY	0.5412, 0.4392, 0.2588
CMYK	0.38, 0.24, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	218°, 35%, 60%
HSV	218°, 38%, 74%
XYZ	26.3439, 27.1010, 51.9866
YIQ	140.4700, -30.2620, 8.7940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

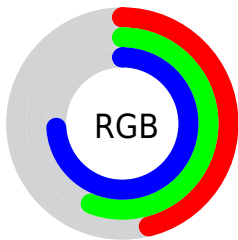
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	117, 136, 189
Decimal	7704509
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	59.07, 2.43, -26.89
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	59, 27.000, 275.168
Yxy	27.1010, 0.2499, 0.2570
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285894589 (0xFF758FBD)
YUV	140.4700, 23.9253, -20.5832
Hunter-Lab	52.0586, -0.7739, -22.7669

# Details

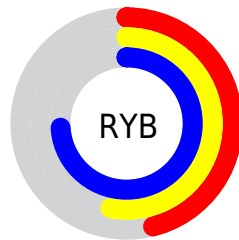
The XYZ color **26.3439, 27.1010, 51.9866** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **37.2949, 38.2981, 22.2572**, and the grayscale version is **25.0291, 26.3325, 28.6761**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53.2423, 55.1830, 94.2314**, and **10.4675, 10.7018, 24.4356** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.3401, 22.4898, 51.3081**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.0573, 32.3689, 52.7555**.

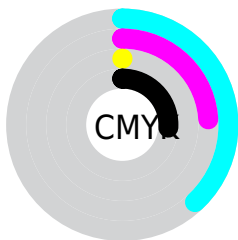
# Distribution



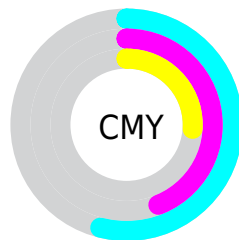
- Red (46%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (26%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 26.3439, 27.1010, 51.9866 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 26.3439, 27.1010, 51.9866 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 26.3439, 27.1010,  
51.9866

■ 26.3439, 27.1010,  
51.9866

276.6920,  
288.1458, 411.3404

■ 17.2151, 17.6491,  
36.6122

■ 53.2566, 55.0459,  
94.5379

■ 10.4842, 10.6983,  
24.6140

■ 71.7712, 74.3077,  
122.5518

■ 5.7859, 5.8644,  
15.5733

■ 94.1451, 97.6082,  
155.6161

■ 2.7548, 2.7628,  
9.0716

120.7437,  
125.3319, 194.1491

■ 1.0254, 1.0092,  
4.6905

151.9324,  
157.8631, 238.5695

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.0113

188.0764,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

195.5862, 289.2959

0.5622

229.5412,  
238.8856, 346.7466

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 26.3439, 27.1010,  
51.9866

■ 26.3439, 27.1010,  
51.9866

■ 22.3401, 22.4898,  
51.3081

■ 31.0573, 32.3689,  
52.7555

■ 19.0061, 18.5038,  
50.7144

■ 36.5119, 38.3167,  
53.6160

■ 16.3018, 15.1134,  
50.2025

■ 42.7407, 44.9703,  
54.5720

■ 14.1815, 12.2849,  
49.7683

■ 49.7736, 52.3532,  
55.6264

■ 12.5923, 9.9803,  
49.4072

■ 57.6390, 60.4879,  
56.7820

■ 11.4554, 8.1473,  
49.1134

■ 66.3640, 69.3956,  
58.0415

■ 11.2678, 7.8389,  
49.0637

■ 75.9742, 79.0968,  
59.4075

■ 81.4685, 87.0203,  
60.6473

■ 85.1345, 94.3523,  
61.8693

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.1445, 27.1010, 49.6416



26.3439, 27.1010, 51.9866



29.6541, 27.1010, 47.3257

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.3439, 27.1010, 51.9866



31.3977, 27.1010, 20.0985



20.3386, 27.1010, 22.4124

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.3439, 27.1010, 51.9866



37.2949, 38.2981, 22.2572

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.2203, 27.1010, 16.8400



26.3439, 27.1010, 51.9866



28.5627, 27.1010, 15.7212

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.3439, 27.1010, 51.9866



32.7292, 27.1010, 27.8760



25.1822, 27.1010, 14.6727



19.8555, 27.1010, 31.2033



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.3439, 27.1010, 51.9866



31.4224, 27.1010, 41.3632



25.1822, 27.1010, 14.6727



20.8200, 27.1010, 20.1672

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.3448, 27.1020, 51.9872



72.9585, 76.7309, 97.1914



32.1095, 42.8077, 41.0339



15.3598, 16.1493, 20.8501



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.3448, 27.1020, 51.9872



40.9128, 41.3336, 92.0481



24.2404, 20.8791, 50.8970



9.2910, 9.7742, 12.0691



7.6479, 5.4075, 33.0336



0.3623, 0.3373, 1.3149



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.3062, 25.5255, 29.2119



53.3927, 38.9428, 44.1651



40.0921, 47.3115, 23.8495



9.6687, 9.5918, 10.6444



14.8611, 7.5756, 4.5620

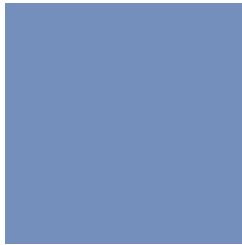


0.6138, 0.3094, 0.3455



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.3439, 27.1010, 51.9866 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.3439, 27.1010, 51.9866 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

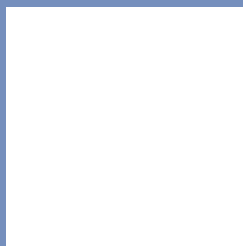
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 26.3439, 27.1010, 51.9866**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.3439, 27.1010, 51.9866.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.3439, 27.1010,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.3439, 27.1010, 51.9866

### Protanopia

27.4010, 27.0112, 50.7832

### Deuteranopia

27.7256, 27.1410, 52.4926



## Tritanopia

23.3655, 27.0329, 37.2441

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.3439, 27.1010, 51.9866

## Protanomaly

27.0594, 27.0406, 51.3701

## Deuteranomaly

27.2766, 27.1274, 52.5137

## Tritanomaly

24.4396, 27.0088, 42.4532

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.3439, 27.1010, 51.9866

## Achromatopsia

24.9269, 26.2251, 28.5591

## Achromatomaly

25.2122, 26.4239, 36.1193

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 26.3439, 27.1010, 51.9866 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 143, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 143, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 143, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 143, 189) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 26.3439, 27.1010, 51.9866 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 143, 189) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 143, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 143, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 143, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 143, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 143,  
189) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 26.3439, 27.1010, 51.9866 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 143, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
143, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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