

# Converting Colors

XYZ(26.5170, 31.7659, 26.9243)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(26.5170, 31.7659, 26.9243)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(26.6360, 31.9034, 26.9444)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(26.6360, 31.9034,  
26.9444)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	86A085
RGB	134, 160, 133
RGB Percent	53%, 63%, 52%
CMY	0.4745, 0.3725, 0.4784
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.17, 0.37
HSL	118°, 12%, 57%
HSV	118°, 17%, 63%
XYZ	26.6360, 31.9034, 26.9444
YIQ	149.1480, -6.8290, -13.9090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

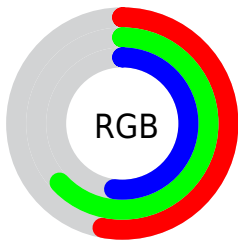
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	133, 160, 159
Decimal	8822917
CIELab	63.26, -14.45, 11.10
CIELCh	63, 18.219, 142.481
Yxy	31.9034, 0.3116, 0.3732
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287012997 (0xFF86A085)
YUV	149.1480, -7.9610, -13.2848
Hunter-Lab	56.4831, -14.6693, 11.2548

# Details

The XYZ color **26.6360, 31.9034, 26.9444** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **29.0320, 26.6849, 36.8799**, and the grayscale version is **28.6646, 30.1574, 32.8414**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53.6569, 62.7108, 55.7308**, and **10.5801, 13.2345, 10.1805** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.3344, 30.3204, 21.4525**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.4656, 33.7409, 33.3414**.

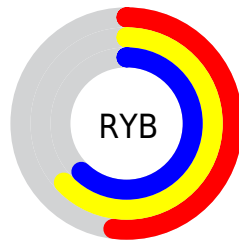
# Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (63%)

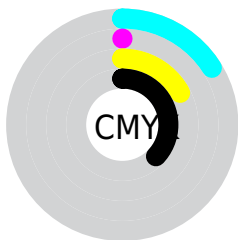
Blue (52%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (62%)

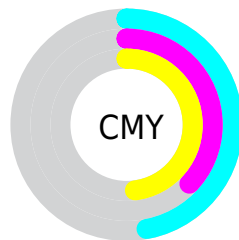


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 26.6360, 31.9034, 26.9444 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 26.6360, 31.9034, 26.9444 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 26.6360, 31.9034,  
26.9444

■ 26.6360, 31.9034,  
26.9444

278.0902,  
310.6790, 301.1395

■ 17.4352, 21.2877,  
17.2994

■ 53.7232, 62.6596,  
55.7973

■ 10.6425, 13.3345,  
10.2840

■ 72.3404, 83.5690,  
75.8423

■ 5.8925, 7.6593,  
5.4796

■ 94.8270, 108.6783,  
100.1910

■ 2.8199, 3.8777,  
2.4677

121.5485,  
138.3720, 129.2619

■ 1.0592, 1.6054,  
0.8230

152.8702,  
173.0346, 163.4737

■ 0.0000, 0.3612,  
0.0000

189.1575,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

213.0503, 203.2449

0.0000

230.7757,  
258.8037, 248.9940

■ 26.6360, 31.9034,  
26.9444

■ 26.6360, 31.9034,  
26.9444

■ 23.3344, 30.3204,  
21.4525

■ 30.4656, 33.7409,  
33.3414

■ 20.5352, 28.9770,  
16.8229

■ 34.8421, 35.8392,  
40.6796

■ 18.2146, 27.8626,  
13.0124

■ 39.7869, 38.2094,  
48.9955

■ 16.3457, 26.9645,  
9.9734

■ 45.3193, 40.8607,  
58.3233

■ 14.8992, 26.2686,  
7.6532

■ 51.4576, 43.8019,  
68.6953

■ 13.8420, 25.7593,  
5.9927

■ 58.2196, 47.0415,  
80.1427

■ 13.1365, 25.4185,  
4.9233

■ 65.6220, 50.5874,  
92.6949

■ 12.7334, 25.2232,  
4.3410

■ 71.8614, 53.6228,  
101.1705

■ 12.6456, 25.1811,  
4.1939

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.5058, 31.9034, 23.4163



26.6360, 31.9034, 26.9444



25.7636, 31.9034, 32.9508

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.6360, 31.9034, 26.9444



29.6928, 31.9034, 50.4119



35.0302, 31.9034, 29.6912

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.6360, 31.9034, 26.9444



29.0320, 26.6849, 36.8799

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.3914, 31.9034, 36.5873



26.6360, 31.9034, 26.9444



32.2162, 31.9034, 49.2212

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.6360, 31.9034, 26.9444



27.4637, 31.9034, 46.9631



34.3359, 31.9034, 43.9044



33.3747, 31.9034, 24.8421



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.6360, 31.9034, 26.9444



25.8291, 31.9034, 37.8272



34.3359, 31.9034, 43.9044



35.3106, 31.9034, 31.8206

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.6369, 31.9048, 26.9451



56.6544, 61.9036, 62.7796



31.0703, 33.8447, 27.0859



12.3157, 13.5239, 13.5852



76.7382, 80.7346, 87.9200



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.6369, 31.9048, 26.9451



46.1514, 56.8665, 45.2390



27.3671, 32.1785, 31.6184



6.5723, 7.4122, 7.0700



9.8587, 19.6190, 3.2673



0.1822, 0.3538, 0.0587



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.0320, 26.6849, 36.8799



51.2775, 45.6935, 66.5036



28.2192, 26.3828, 31.5609



6.8799, 6.7421, 8.3454



15.3434, 7.3388, 26.5151



0.2811, 0.1347, 0.4744



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.6360, 31.9034, 26.9444 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.6360, 31.9034, 26.9444 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

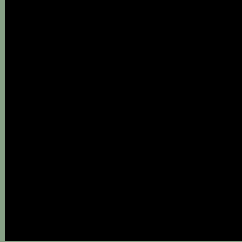
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

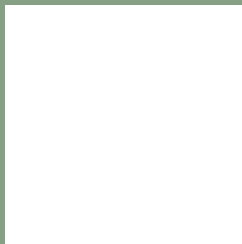
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 26.6360, 31.9034, 26.9444

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.6360, 31.9034, 26.9444.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.6360, 31.9034,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.6360, 31.9034, 26.9444

### Protanopia

29.8886, 31.6185, 25.2966

### Deuteranopia

32.3332, 31.6437, 27.6962



## Tritanopia

29.6044, 31.8453, 41.6322

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.6360, 31.9034, 26.9444

## Protanomaly

28.5131, 31.6337, 25.7222

## Deuteranomaly

29.8995, 31.5767, 27.4407

## Tritanomaly

28.4546, 31.8838, 35.6648

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.6360, 31.9034, 26.9444

## Achromatopsia

28.5667, 30.0544, 32.7292

## Achromatomaly

27.8508, 30.6949, 30.4434

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 26.6360, 31.9034, 26.9444 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 160, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 160, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 160, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 160, 133) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 26.6360, 31.9034, 26.9444 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 160, 133) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 160, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 160, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 160, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 160, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 160,  
133) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 26.6360, 31.9034, 26.9444 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 160, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
160, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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