

# Converting Colors

XYZ(26.5213, 33.0791, 25.0488)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(26.5213, 33.0791, 25.0488)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(26.6460, 33.2679,  
25.0956)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	83A57F
RGB	131, 165, 127
RGB Percent	51%, 65%, 50%
CMY	0.4863, 0.3529, 0.5020
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.23, 0.35
HSL	114°, 17%, 57%
HSV	114°, 23%, 65%
XYZ	26.6460, 33.2679, 25.0956
YIQ	150.5020, -8.0660, -19.0260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

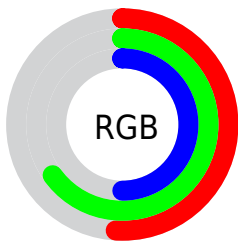
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	127, 165, 161
Decimal	8627583
CIELab	64.38, -19.21, 15.96
CIElCh	64, 24.975, 140.288
Yxy	33.2679, 0.3134, 0.3913
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286817663 (0xFF83A57F)
YUV	150.5020, -11.5865, -17.1033
Hunter-Lab	57.6783, -18.4744, 14.5780

# Details

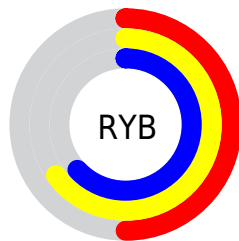
The XYZ color **26.6460, 33.2679, 25.0956** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **29.0802, 25.4734, 38.9832**, and the grayscale version is **29.2538, 30.7773, 33.5165**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53.8390, 64.7960, 52.8493**, and **10.6736, 14.1096, 9.3686** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.5317, 31.7776, 19.7887**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.2641, 34.9995, 31.3468**.

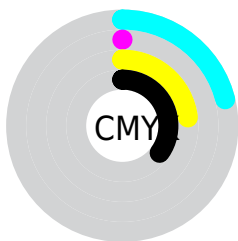
# Distribution



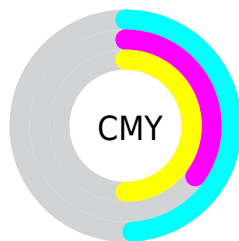
- Red (51%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 26.6460, 33.2679, 25.0956 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 26.6460, 33.2679, 25.0956 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 26.6460, 33.2679,  
25.0956

■ 26.6460, 33.2679,  
25.0956

278.1379,  
316.8552, 291.7766

■ 17.4427, 22.3318,  
15.9286

■ 53.7392, 64.7936,  
52.7783

■ 10.6479, 14.1009,  
9.3199

■ 72.3598, 86.1519,  
72.1311

■ 5.8961, 8.1909,  
4.8507

■ 94.8503, 111.7530,  
95.7163

■ 2.8221, 4.2173,  
2.1028

121.5760,  
141.9814, 123.9524

■ 1.0604, 1.7959,  
0.6174

152.9023,  
177.2214, 157.2579

■ 0.0000, 0.4846,  
0.0000

189.1944,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

217.8574, 196.0515

0.0000

230.8179,  
264.2739, 240.7515

■ 26.6460, 33.2679,  
25.0956

■ 26.6460, 33.2679,  
25.0956

■ 23.5317, 31.7776,  
19.7887

■ 30.2641, 34.9995,  
31.3468

■ 20.8962, 30.5139,  
15.3783

■ 34.4043, 36.9779,  
38.5828

■ 18.7165, 29.4668,  
11.8153

■ 39.0870, 39.2139,  
46.8444

■ 16.9666, 28.6242,  
9.0457

■ 44.3310, 41.7164,  
56.1693

■ 15.6176, 27.9725,  
7.0085

■ 50.1540, 44.4936,  
66.5935

■ 14.6374, 27.4965,  
5.6344

■ 56.5731, 47.5536,  
78.1511

■ 13.9886, 27.1790,  
4.8408

■ 63.6045, 50.9040,  
90.8750

■ 13.6936, 27.0342,  
4.4964

■ 70.6124, 54.2918,  
101.3654

■ 72.7458, 55.3916,  
101.4653

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.3078, 33.2679, 20.7839



26.6460, 33.2679, 25.0956



25.3474, 33.2679, 33.0187

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.6460, 33.2679, 25.0956



30.4805, 33.2679, 59.1589



38.4777, 33.2679, 29.8479

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.6460, 33.2679, 25.0956



29.0802, 25.4734, 38.9832

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.8507, 33.2679, 39.6284



26.6460, 33.2679, 25.0956



34.0510, 33.2679, 57.8726

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.6460, 33.2679, 25.0956



27.4491, 33.2679, 53.4738



37.1777, 33.2679, 50.2323



36.1937, 33.2679, 23.1496



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.6460, 33.2679, 25.0956



25.3577, 33.2679, 39.8346



37.1777, 33.2679, 50.2323



38.8370, 33.2679, 32.8368

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.6469, 33.2693, 25.0963



58.4593, 64.7151, 63.5685



32.0185, 34.8718, 25.1225



12.6911, 14.1053, 13.7411



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.6469, 33.2693, 25.0963



44.5533, 58.0640, 39.5290



27.0586, 33.3638, 30.4356



7.0516, 7.9291, 7.5389



10.3808, 20.4620, 3.4024



0.2374, 0.4399, 0.0724



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.0802, 25.4734, 38.9832



49.7367, 41.4441, 69.1304



28.6476, 25.3949, 32.4305



7.2906, 7.1642, 8.9016



14.3519, 6.8051, 27.4869



0.3212, 0.1531, 0.5785



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.6460, 33.2679, 25.0956 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.6460, 33.2679, 25.0956 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

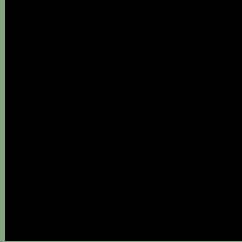
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 26.6460, 33.2679, 25.0956**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.6460, 33.2679, 25.0956.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.6460, 33.2679,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.6460, 33.2679, 25.0956

### Protanopia

30.9601, 32.9548, 23.1415

### Deuteranopia

33.7580, 33.1277, 25.7341



## Tritanopia

30.4920, 33.2638, 43.8432

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.6460, 33.2679, 25.0956

## Protanomaly

29.1731, 33.0238, 23.9054

## Deuteranomaly

30.5841, 32.7091, 25.4704

## Tritanomaly

28.8990, 33.1243, 36.3230

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.6460, 33.2679, 25.0956

## Achromatopsia

29.4150, 30.9469, 33.7012

## Achromatomaly

28.2726, 31.6592, 30.2119

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 26.6460, 33.2679, 25.0956 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 165, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 165, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 165, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 165, 127) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 26.6460, 33.2679, 25.0956 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 165, 127) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 165, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(131, 165, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 165, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 165, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 165,  
127) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 26.6460, 33.2679, 25.0956 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 165, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131,  
165, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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