

# Converting Colors

XYZ(26.5682, 16.4240, 3.5868)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(26.5682, 16.4240, 3.5868)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(26.5973, 16.4771,  
3.6123)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CA4126
RGB	202, 65, 38
RGB Percent	79%, 25%, 15%
CMY	0.2078, 0.7451, 0.8510
CMYK	0.00, 0.68, 0.81, 0.21
HSL	10°, 68%, 47%
HSV	10°, 81%, 79%
XYZ	26.5973, 16.4771, 3.6123
YIQ	102.8850, 90.3190, 20.6470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

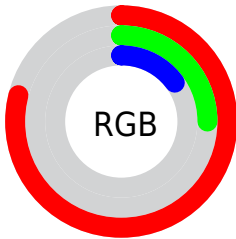
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	202, 70, 38
Decimal	13254950
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	47.59, 52.93, 45.38
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	48, 69.720, 40.610
Yxy	16.4771, 0.5697, 0.3529
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291445030 (0xFFCA4126)
YUV	102.8850, -31.9883, 86.9239
Hunter-Lab	40.5920, 45.9235, 23.1382

# Details

The XYZ color **26.5973, 16.4771, 3.6123** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **26.7883, 35.3330, 61.2848**, and the grayscale version is **12.9278, 13.6010, 14.8115**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.6362, 35.3648, 13.0141**, and **10.8152, 5.5754, 0.5061** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.5270, 14.7245, 2.0605**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.1343, 18.8809, 6.1914**.

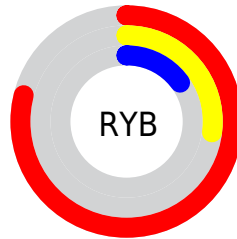
# Distribution



Red (79%)

Green (25%)

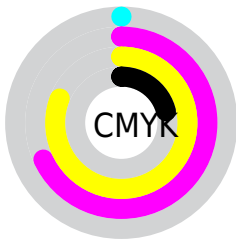
Blue (15%)



Red (79%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (15%)

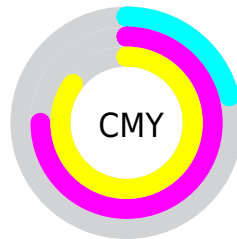


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (81%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (21%)

Magenta (75%)


Yellow (85%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 26.5973, 16.4771, 3.6123 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 26.5973, 16.4771, 3.6123 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 26.5973, 16.4771,  
3.6123


 26.5973, 16.4771,  
3.6123


277.9052,  
232.1408, 143.8134


 17.4060, 9.8624,  
1.4152


 53.6614, 37.4245,  
13.1053


 10.6215, 5.3078,  
0.1535

 72.2650, 52.5260,  
21.2381

 5.8783, 2.4290,  
0.0000

 94.7368, 71.2252,  
32.1867

 2.8112, 0.8407,  
0.0000

 121.4420, 93.9065,  
46.3695

 1.0547, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 152.7461,  
120.9543, 64.2050

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 189.0145,

152.7531, 86.1118

230.6124,  
189.6871, 112.5084

26.5973, 16.4771,  
3.6123

26.5973, 16.4771,  
3.6123

25.5270, 14.7245,  
2.0605

28.1343, 18.8809,  
6.1914

24.9082, 13.6590,  
1.3236

30.1853, 21.9898,  
9.9369

32.7928, 25.8552,  
14.9668

35.9944, 30.5227,  
21.3845

39.8242, 36.0346,  
29.2829

■ 44.3140, 42.4298,  
38.7465

■ 49.4930, 49.7449,  
49.8538

■ 55.3890, 58.0146,  
62.6779

■ 62.0280, 67.2715,  
77.2873

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.5877, 16.4771, 12.3484



26.5973, 16.4771, 3.6123



19.9728, 16.4771, 1.1499

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.5973, 16.4771, 3.6123



6.8770, 16.4771, 8.8084



17.9659, 16.4771, 76.9831

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.5973, 16.4771, 3.6123



26.7883, 35.3330, 61.2848

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.0192, 16.4771, 73.4575



26.5973, 16.4771, 3.6123



6.6070, 16.4771, 25.0086

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.5973, 16.4771, 3.6123



9.0994, 16.4771, 2.4832



8.2280, 16.4771, 50.7090



24.7980, 16.4771, 58.4817



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.5973, 16.4771, 3.6123



15.5341, 16.4771, 0.8630



8.2280, 16.4771, 50.7090



15.7885, 16.4771, 78.5333

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.5977, 16.4781, 3.6126



72.5192, 68.2741, 60.2773



33.0258, 17.1331, 43.3705



14.9341, 13.7759, 11.6623



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.5977, 16.4781, 3.6126



42.3547, 23.4223, 2.5083



34.7712, 32.8252, 6.3371



11.3591, 11.5072, 11.7019



16.0723, 8.8775, 0.8664



0.8770, 0.5536, 0.0606



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.7883, 35.3330, 61.2848



42.2595, 55.4969, 103.0924



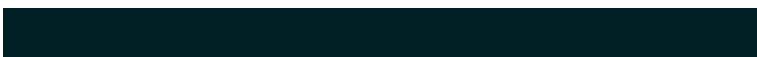
15.5884, 12.9331, 57.5515



11.3799, 12.4002, 14.3641



16.0137, 21.0514, 39.1756

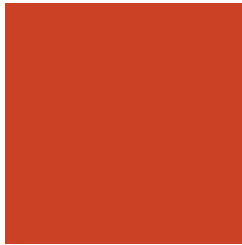


0.8691, 1.1719, 2.0353



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.5973, 16.4771, 3.6123 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 26.5973, 16.4771, 3.6123**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.5973, 16.4771, 3.6123.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.5973, 16.4771,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.5973, 16.4771, 3.6123

### Protanopia

15.2190, 16.7093, 5.5550

### Deuteranopia

16.8657, 16.6350, 3.2416



## Tritanopia

27.3054, 16.5234, 6.7512

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.5973, 16.4771, 3.6123

## Protanomaly

18.0024, 15.4330, 4.6148

## Deuteranomaly

19.3713, 15.6405, 3.2262

## Tritanomaly

27.0957, 16.5274, 5.3764

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.5973, 16.4771, 3.6123

## Achromatopsia

12.8919, 13.5633, 14.7705

## Achromatomaly

15.6311, 13.1982, 9.1208

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 26.5973, 16.4771, 3.6123 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(202, 65, 38)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 65, 38)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 65, 38) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 65, 38) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 26.5973, 16.4771, 3.6123 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 65, 38) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 65, 38) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(202, 65, 38)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 65, 38); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 65, 38);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 65,  
38) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 26.5973, 16.4771, 3.6123 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 65, 38) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202, 65,  
38) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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