

# Converting Colors

XYZ(26.6833, 12.5662, 54.9911)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(26.6833, 12.5662, 54.9911)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(26.6710, 12.5585,  
55.0512)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A900C7
RGB	169, 0, 199
RGB Percent	66%, 0%, 78%
CMY	0.3372, 1.0000, 0.2196
CMYK	0.15, 1.00, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	291°, 100%, 39%
HSV	291°, 100%, 78%
XYZ	26.6710, 12.5585, 55.0512
YIQ	73.2170, 36.8450, 97.7170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

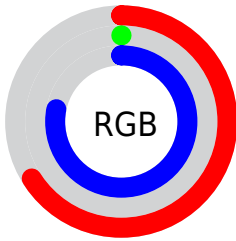
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	169, 0, 199
Decimal	11075783
CIELab	42.09, 76.95, -59.17
CIELCh	42, 97.075, 322.441
Yxy	12.5585, 0.2829, 0.1332
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289265863 (0xFFA900C7)
YUV	73.2170, 62.0110, 84.0017
Hunter-Lab	35.4380, 72.3246, -67.2976

# Details

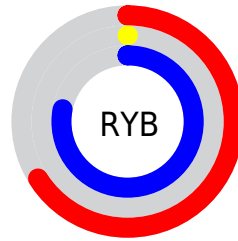
The XYZ color **26.6710, 12.5585, 55.0512** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9900CC**. The color can be described as dark washed purple. A complement of this color would be **20.9593, 41.1232, 6.8332**, and the grayscale version is **6.2626, 6.5888, 7.1752**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53.6909, 30.5336, 97.6715**, and **11.5896, 5.3931, 26.8157** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.6711, 12.5586, 55.0514**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.5711, 13.3916, 55.1648**.

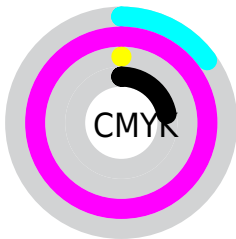
# Distribution



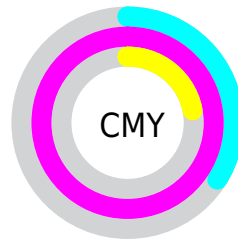
- Red (66%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (22%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 26.6710, 12.5585, 55.0512 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 26.6710, 12.5585, 55.0512 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 26.6710, 12.5585,  
55.0512

 26.6710, 12.5585,  
55.0512


278.2573,  
208.0684, 423.3934


 17.4616, 7.1252,  
39.0438


 53.7791, 30.5083,  
99.0879

 10.6615, 3.5405,  
26.4857


 72.4085, 43.7936,  
127.9543


 5.9053, 1.4200,  
16.9584


 94.9086, 60.4651,  
161.9441

 2.8277, 0.2314,  
10.0432

 121.6448, 80.9071,  
201.4758

 1.0633, 0.0000,  
5.3216

 152.9824,  
105.5041, 246.9681

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.3751

 189.2868,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

134.6403, 298.8395

0.7729

230.9233,  
168.7003, 357.5084

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 26.6710, 12.5585,  
55.0512

■ 26.6710, 12.5585,  
55.0512

■ 26.6711, 12.5586,  
55.0514

■ 27.5711, 13.3916,  
55.1648

■ 28.7409, 14.7426,  
55.3639

■ 30.2702, 16.7903,  
55.6785

■ 32.2056, 19.6281,  
56.1243

■ 34.5869, 23.3350,  
56.7143

■ 37.4487, 27.9803,  
57.4601

■ 40.8223, 33.6264,  
58.3721

■ 44.7362, 40.3302,  
59.4598

■ 49.2167, 48.1444,  
60.7319

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.0592, 12.5585, 93.1762



26.6710, 12.5585, 55.0512



31.6660, 12.5585, 19.5996

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.6710, 12.5585, 55.0512



13.8575, 12.5585, 0.0000



3.1535, 12.5585, 35.1602

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.6710, 12.5585, 55.0512



20.9593, 41.1232, 6.8332

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.7856, 12.5585, 9.0823



26.6710, 12.5585, 55.0512



7.3824, 12.5585, 0.0000

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.6710, 12.5585, 55.0512



22.5569, 12.5585, 0.0000



3.9668, 12.5585, 0.9365



5.3161, 12.5585, 75.6132



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.6710, 12.5585, 55.0512



31.2740, 12.5585, 6.7724



3.9668, 12.5585, 0.9365



2.8642, 12.5585, 24.1530

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.6716, 12.5590, 55.0515



71.1937, 58.3981, 102.1274



10.8577, 5.2211, 54.4686



14.6771, 11.5545, 21.7066



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.6716, 12.5590, 55.0515



46.5340, 21.9040, 96.3830



27.7643, 13.8268, 23.2766



10.9200, 10.7325, 13.4135



17.2091, 8.1059, 35.4019



0.8586, 0.4064, 1.6783



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.7879, 12.2362, 2.3370



41.5970, 21.4028, 3.8101



21.4171, 41.2445, 12.0393



10.6980, 10.6626, 11.3927



15.3165, 7.8761, 1.6104



0.7466, 0.3815, 0.1888



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.6710, 12.5585, 55.0512 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

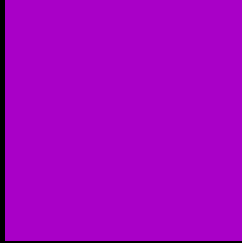
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.6710, 12.5585, 55.0512 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

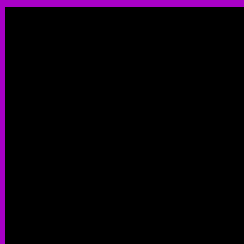
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 26.6710, 12.5585, 55.0512**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.6710, 12.5585, 55.0512.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.6710, 12.5585,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.6710, 12.5585, 55.0512

### Protanopia

15.6302, 13.2404, 60.7633

### Deuteranopia

13.2937, 13.0779, 46.0796



## Tritanopia

17.6510, 12.9589, 9.9585

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.6710, 12.5585, 55.0512



## Protanomaly

14.5462, 8.7970, 58.0581



## Deuteranomaly

12.9498, 8.5194, 48.5388



## Tritanomaly

19.2046, 11.1585, 20.8803

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.6710, 12.5585, 55.0512



## Achromatopsia

6.3328, 6.6626, 7.2556



## Achromatomaly

10.4911, 6.4740, 18.1494

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 26.6710, 12.5585, 55.0512 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 0, 199)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 0, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 0, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 0, 199) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 26.6710, 12.5585, 55.0512 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 0, 199) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 0, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 0, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 0, 199); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 0, 199);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 0,  
199) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 26.6710, 12.5585, 55.0512 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 0, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169, 0,  
199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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