

# Converting Colors

XYZ(26.7150, 28.5002, 8.8945)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(26.7150, 28.5002, 8.8945)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(26.6246, 28.4237,  
8.9335)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A69040
RGB	166, 144, 64
RGB Percent	65%, 56%, 25%
CMY	0.3490, 0.4353, 0.7490
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.61, 0.35
HSL	47°, 44%, 45%
HSV	47°, 61%, 65%
XYZ	26.6246, 28.4237, 8.9335
YIQ	141.4580, 38.7920, -20.2160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

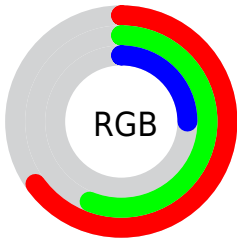
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	92, 166, 64
Decimal	10915904
CIELab	60.27, -1.59, 44.59
CIELCh	60, 44.622, 92.048
Yxy	28.4237, 0.4161, 0.4442
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289105984 (0xFFA69040)
YUV	141.4580, -38.1868, 21.5233
Hunter-Lab	53.3139, -4.1576, 27.3848

# Details

The XYZ color **26.6246, 28.4237, 8.9335** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **12.3250, 10.4984, 37.4531**, and the grayscale version is **25.6329, 26.9678, 29.3680**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53.7200, 57.3139, 24.4510**, and **10.6187, 11.4091, 1.9591** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.6874, 27.1960, 6.6275**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.7210, 29.7447, 11.9868**.

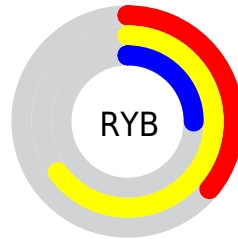
# Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (56%)

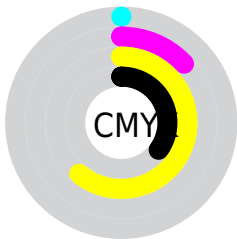
Blue (25%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (25%)

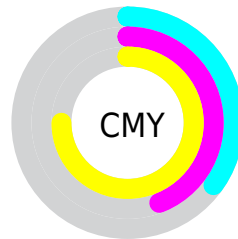


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (61%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (44%)


Yellow (75%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 26.6246, 28.4237, 8.9335 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 26.6246, 28.4237, 8.9335 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 26.6246, 28.4237,  
8.9335


 26.6246, 28.4237,  
8.9335


278.0357,  
294.4860, 193.0808


 17.4266, 18.6453,  
4.6016


 53.7050, 57.1602,  
24.3449


 10.6363, 11.4143,  
1.9609


 72.3182, 76.8871,  
36.2614


 5.8883, 6.3462,  
0.5310


 94.8004, 100.6989,  
51.5432

 2.8173, 3.0567,  
0.0000

 121.5172,  
128.9801, 70.6089

 1.0579, 1.1614,  
0.0000

 152.8337,  
162.1150, 93.8770

 0.0000, 0.0298,  
0.0000

189.1154,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

200.4880, 121.7659

0.0000

230.7276,  
244.4835, 154.6944

■ 26.6246, 28.4237,  
8.9335

■ 26.6246, 28.4237,  
8.9335

■ 25.6874, 27.1960,  
6.6275

■ 27.7210, 29.7447,  
11.9868

■ 24.8942, 26.0522,  
4.9992

■ 28.9860, 31.1598,  
15.8454

■ 24.2304, 24.9871,  
3.9686

■ 30.4306, 32.6748,  
20.5636

■ 23.7355, 24.1262,  
3.4058

■ 32.0642, 34.2937,  
26.1902

■ 33.8957, 36.0201,  
32.7706

■ 35.9332, 37.8577,  
40.3472

■ 38.1843, 39.8097,  
48.9595

■ 40.6562, 41.8792,  
58.6451

■ 43.3561, 44.0693,  
69.4397

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.5072, 28.4237, 10.6270



26.6246, 28.4237, 8.9335



21.5888, 28.4237, 11.1888

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.6246, 28.4237, 8.9335



18.7232, 28.4237, 50.8572



37.9450, 28.4237, 48.1894

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.6246, 28.4237, 8.9335



12.3250, 10.4984, 37.4531

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.2838, 28.4237, 66.0694



26.6246, 28.4237, 8.9335



22.1806, 28.4237, 67.9540

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.6246, 28.4237, 8.9335



17.4460, 28.4237, 32.0883



27.4110, 28.4237, 74.3178



39.5683, 28.4237, 29.8361



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.6246, 28.4237, 8.9335



19.2367, 28.4237, 15.3350



27.4110, 28.4237, 74.3178



36.6518, 28.4237, 54.6490

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.6253, 28.4251, 8.9341



59.1883, 63.1932, 51.0581



19.2432, 12.4475, 10.2140



13.0432, 13.9479, 10.7093



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.6253, 28.4251, 8.9341



46.0246, 48.5246, 10.7275



24.8947, 32.9694, 9.9024



8.0076, 8.4952, 8.0070



18.4408, 18.7788, 2.6527



0.4820, 0.5236, 0.0757



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.3250, 10.4984, 37.4531



17.8789, 13.3203, 67.1040



13.2207, 8.7422, 37.0669



7.2581, 7.5531, 9.4937



5.8510, 3.1623, 28.2775



0.1776, 0.1474, 0.6997



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.6246, 28.4237, 8.9335 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.6246, 28.4237, 8.9335 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

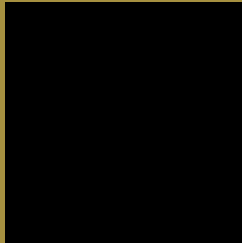
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 26.6246, 28.4237, 8.9335**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.6246, 28.4237, 8.9335.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.6246, 28.4237,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.6246, 28.4237, 8.9335

### Protanopia

26.1046, 28.6093, 8.9968

### Deuteranopia

28.8942, 28.2736, 9.0887



## Tritanopia

31.0859, 28.2875, 31.0158

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.6246, 28.4237, 8.9335

## Protanomaly

26.1551, 28.4075, 8.9552

## Deuteranomaly

28.0114, 28.2518, 8.9778

## Tritanomaly

28.8184, 27.9840, 20.4055

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.6246, 28.4237, 8.9335

## Achromatopsia

25.3171, 26.6356, 29.0061

## Achromatomaly

25.2313, 27.0223, 19.5088

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 26.6246, 28.4237, 8.9335 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 144, 64)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 144, 64)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 144, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 144, 64) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 26.6246, 28.4237, 8.9335 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 144, 64) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 144, 64) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 144, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 144, 64); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 144, 64);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 144,  
64) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 26.6246, 28.4237, 8.9335 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 144, 64) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
144, 64) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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