

# Converting Colors

XYZ(26.7304, 38.1046, 81.5194)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(26.7304, 38.1046, 81.5194)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(31.9827, 40.8873,  
81.8077)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00BAE7
RGB	0, 186, 231
RGB Percent	0%, 73%, 91%
CMY	0.9998, 0.2706, 0.0941
CMYK	1.00, 0.19, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	192°, 100%, 45%
HSV	192°, 100%, 91%
XYZ	31.9827, 40.8873, 81.8077
YIQ	135.5160, -125.3010, -25.4370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

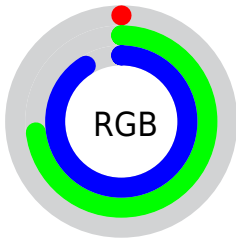
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 103, 231
Decimal	47847
CIELab	70.10, -23.33, -33.38
CIELCh	70, 40.725, 235.042
Yxy	40.8873, 0.2068, 0.2643
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278237927 (0xFF00BAE7)
YUV	135.5160, 47.0736, -118.8475
Hunter-Lab	63.9432, -22.6195, -31.0943

# Details

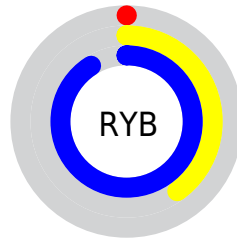
The XYZ color **31.9827, 40.8873, 81.8077** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCFF**. The color can be described as middle washed azure. A complement of this color would be **33.8964, 18.8706, 1.8576**, and the grayscale version is **23.0918, 24.2944, 26.4566**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55.9865, 73.9124, 105.9235**, and **16.1254, 19.8702, 43.5429** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.9808, 40.8833, 81.8078**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.3037, 42.9990, 82.1465**.

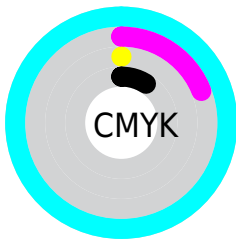
# Distribution



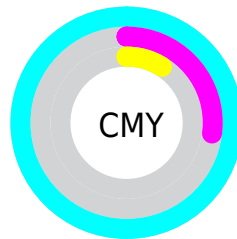
- Red (0%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 31.9827, 40.8873, 81.8077 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 31.9827, 40.8873, 81.8077 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 31.9827, 40.8873,  
81.8077

■ 31.9827, 40.8873,  
81.8077

302.7871,  
349.8494, 520.8708

■ 21.5038, 28.2310,  
60.6722

■ 62.1493, 76.5128,  
137.7386

■ 13.6073, 18.4999,  
43.5318

■ 82.5678, 100.2508,  
173.3709

■ 7.9279, 11.3095,  
29.9681

■ 107.0301,  
128.4515, 214.6727

■ 4.1003, 6.2754,  
19.5625

■ 135.9016,  
161.4993, 262.0624

■ 1.7590, 3.0133,  
11.8965

■ 169.5477,  
199.7786, 315.9584

■ 0.4928, 1.1387,  
6.5516

208.3338,

■ 0.0000, 0.0107,

243.6738, 376.7795

3.1091

252.6251,  
293.5692, 444.9441

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.1506

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 31.9827, 40.8873,  
81.8077

■ 31.9827, 40.8873,  
81.8077

■ 31.9808, 40.8833,  
81.8078

■ 33.3037, 42.9990,  
82.1465

■ 35.0786, 45.3887,  
82.5142

■ 37.4439, 48.1279,  
82.9183

■ 40.4783, 51.2576,  
83.3624

■ 44.2482, 54.8123,  
83.8499

■ 48.8115, 58.8224,  
84.3834

■ 54.2204, 63.3150,  
84.9654

■ 60.5225, 68.3151,  
85.5984

■ 67.7616, 73.8456,  
86.2844

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.3850, 40.8873, 61.8996



31.9827, 40.8873, 81.8077



37.7668, 40.8873, 91.9099

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.9827, 40.8873, 81.8077



53.0527, 40.8873, 47.7619



33.6943, 40.8873, 18.8901

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.9827, 40.8873, 81.8077



33.8964, 18.8706, 1.8576

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.9784, 40.8873, 17.0835



31.9827, 40.8873, 81.8077



51.6442, 40.8873, 30.7411

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.9827, 40.8873, 81.8077



50.3191, 40.8873, 68.9872



46.6635, 40.8873, 20.7353



29.2913, 40.8873, 26.6520



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.9827, 40.8873, 81.8077



42.2780, 40.8873, 90.1085



46.6635, 40.8873, 20.7353



35.6354, 40.8873, 17.6809

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.9841, 40.8887, 81.8087



67.7128, 79.1197, 106.3105



29.0021, 57.3229, 11.7641



13.8526, 16.4096, 22.6872



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

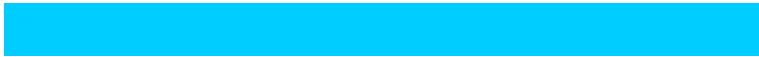


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.9841, 40.8887, 81.8087



39.9562, 51.0325, 102.3521



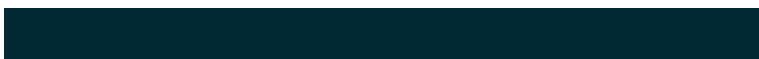
16.8199, 10.5604, 76.7540



14.5563, 15.8340, 18.4334



18.0169, 23.0960, 45.8915



1.3926, 1.8292, 3.4116



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.8192, 20.5357, 48.2153



52.2973, 25.6829, 60.1568



45.1604, 41.3987, 5.6123



14.8684, 14.5645, 17.5073



23.4876, 11.5293, 27.2605



1.7666, 0.8643, 2.1773



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.9827, 40.8873, 81.8077 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

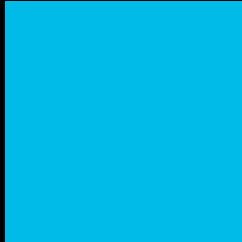
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.9827, 40.8873, 81.8077 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

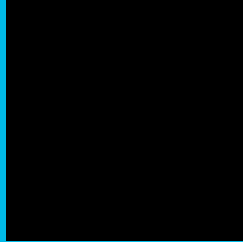
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 31.9827, 40.8873, 81.8077**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.9827, 40.8873, 81.8077.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.9827, 40.8873,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.9827, 40.8873, 81.8077

### Protanopia

40.5621, 40.2353, 71.9580

### Deuteranopia

41.3925, 40.3930, 84.2123



## Tritanopia

29.0967, 40.7548, 63.4597

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.9827, 40.8873, 81.8077



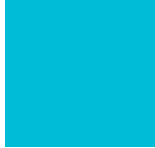
## Protanomaly

33.9048, 38.6970, 75.4943



## Deuteranomaly

34.9006, 39.0334, 83.5366



## Tritanomaly

30.1208, 40.8215, 69.9101

# Monochromacy



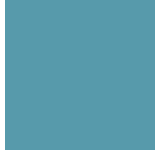
## Original Color

31.9827, 40.8873, 81.8077



## Achromatopsia

23.4014, 24.6201, 26.8113



## Achromatomaly

22.8368, 28.0777, 42.7440

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 31.9827, 40.8873, 81.8077 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 186, 231)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 186, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 186, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 186, 231) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 31.9827, 40.8873, 81.8077 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 186, 231) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 186, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 186, 231)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 186, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 186, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 186,  
231) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 31.9827, 40.8873, 81.8077 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 186, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 186,  
231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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