

# Converting Colors

XYZ(26.8066, 29.9382, 31.5504)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(26.8066, 29.9382, 31.5504)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(26.7331, 29.8502,  
31.5468)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	899892
RGB	137, 152, 146
RGB Percent	54%, 60%, 57%
CMY	0.4627, 0.4039, 0.4274
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.04, 0.40
HSL	156°, 7%, 57%
HSV	156°, 10%, 60%
XYZ	26.7331, 29.8502, 31.5468
YIQ	146.8310, -7.0140, -5.0460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

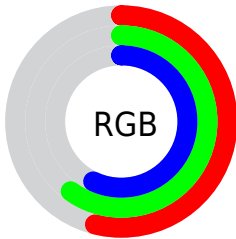
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	137, 146, 152
Decimal	9017490
CIE Lab	61.52, -6.56, 1.32
CIE LCh	62, 6.693, 168.607
Yxy	29.8502, 0.3033, 0.3387
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287207570 (0xFF899892)
YUV	146.8310, -0.4097, -8.6218
Hunter-Lab	54.6353, -8.2717, 4.0103

# Details

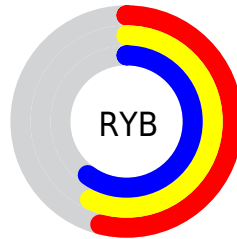
The XYZ color **26.7331, 29.8502, 31.5468** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **26.8536, 26.5507, 29.6975**, and the grayscale version is **27.6678, 29.1087, 31.6993**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53.7318, 59.2599, 63.2499**, and **10.6955, 12.1781, 12.8532** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.9544, 28.4718, 29.0129**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.8898, 31.4222, 34.2311**.

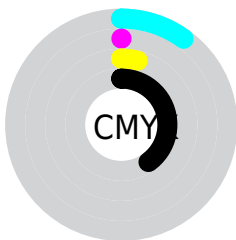
# Distribution



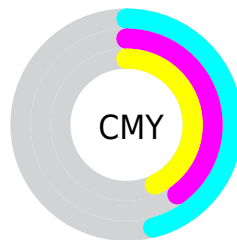
- Red (54%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 26.7331, 29.8502, 31.5468 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 26.7331, 29.8502, 31.5468 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 26.7331, 29.8502,  
31.5468

■ 26.7331, 29.8502,  
31.5468

278.5537,  
301.2056, 323.4784

■ 17.5084, 19.7249,  
20.7536

■ 53.8782, 59.4252,  
63.1896

■ 10.6952, 12.1952,  
12.7545

■ 72.5293, 79.6437,  
84.8762

■ 5.9280, 6.8768,  
7.1310

■ 95.0533, 103.9954,  
111.0312

■ 2.8416, 3.3852,  
3.4645

121.8155,  
132.8647, 142.0729

■ 1.0706, 1.3360,  
1.3364

153.1813,  
166.6359, 178.4199

■ 0.0003, 0.1688,  
0.0914

189.5160,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

205.6936, 220.4908

0.0000

231.1850,  
250.4220, 268.7042

■ 26.7331, 29.8502,  
31.5468

■ 26.7331, 29.8502,  
31.5468

■ 23.9544, 28.4718,  
29.0129

■ 29.8898, 31.4222,  
34.2311

■ 21.5361, 27.2754,  
26.6246

■ 33.4360, 33.1913,  
37.0663

■ 19.4630, 26.2543,  
24.3797

■ 37.3859, 35.1655,  
40.0558

■ 17.7179, 25.3994,  
22.2755

■ 41.7523, 37.3513,  
43.2020

■ 16.2820, 24.7012,  
20.3087

■ 46.5473, 39.7551,  
46.5073

■ 15.1344, 24.1490,  
18.4762

■ 51.7827, 42.3827,  
49.9741

■ 14.2517, 23.7307,  
16.7745

■ 57.4695, 45.2398,  
53.6047

■ 13.6063, 23.4321,  
15.2001

■ 62.2801, 47.6422,  
57.3387

■ 13.1311, 23.2188,  
13.7474

■ 62.9804, 47.9223,  
61.0264

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.1119, 29.8502, 29.3791



26.7331, 29.8502, 31.5468



26.7865, 29.8502, 34.0847

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.7331, 29.8502, 31.5468



28.9192, 29.8502, 37.3521



29.5140, 29.8502, 28.9749

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.7331, 29.8502, 31.5468



26.8536, 26.5507, 29.6975

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.0183, 29.8502, 30.9687



26.7331, 29.8502, 31.5468



29.6700, 29.8502, 35.8383

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.7331, 29.8502, 31.5468



28.0363, 29.8502, 37.5268



30.0760, 29.8502, 33.4759



28.7098, 29.8502, 27.9466



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.7331, 29.8502, 31.5468



27.0602, 29.8502, 35.6445



30.0760, 29.8502, 33.4759



29.7249, 29.8502, 29.5495

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.7339, 29.8515, 31.5475



50.9060, 54.5391, 58.8790



27.1157, 30.1260, 28.0531



11.4710, 12.3466, 13.2988



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.7339, 29.8515, 31.5475



45.9671, 52.0826, 54.6006



27.0115, 29.6395, 34.0046



6.2799, 6.9847, 7.3971



11.0202, 19.4715, 11.5929



0.1827, 0.2983, 0.2676



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.8536, 26.5507, 29.6975



46.2248, 44.9750, 50.6174



26.5896, 26.7311, 27.4256



6.3061, 6.2616, 6.9919



11.5740, 5.8838, 4.2817

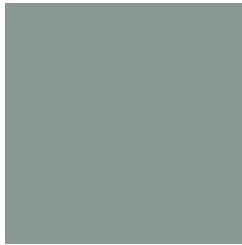


0.1903, 0.0949, 0.1548



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.7331, 29.8502, 31.5468 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

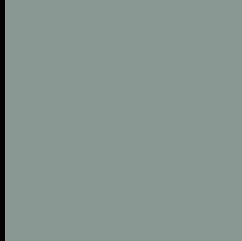
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.7331, 29.8502, 31.5468 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

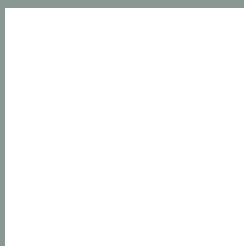
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 26.7331, 29.8502, 31.5468**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.7331, 29.8502, 31.5468.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.7331, 29.8502,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.7331, 29.8502, 31.5468

### Protanopia

28.5728, 29.8688, 30.6449

### Deuteranopia

30.4228, 29.8712, 32.1792



## Tritanopia

28.2432, 29.9968, 38.4838

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.7331, 29.8502, 31.5468

## Protanomaly

27.8909, 29.7423, 31.0589

## Deuteranomaly

29.0266, 29.8440, 31.8344

## Tritanomaly

27.7148, 30.0225, 35.7867

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.7331, 29.8502, 31.5468

## Achromatopsia

27.7328, 29.1771, 31.7738

## Achromatomaly

27.3416, 29.4411, 31.8454

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 26.7331, 29.8502, 31.5468 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 152, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 152, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 152, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 152, 146) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 26.7331, 29.8502, 31.5468 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 152, 146) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 152, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 152, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 152, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 152, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 152,  
146) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 26.7331, 29.8502, 31.5468 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 152, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
152, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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