

# Converting Colors

XYZ(26.9603, 53.6054, 9.9585)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(26.9603, 53.6054, 9.9585)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(26.8535, 53.3904,  
9.9270)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00E01B
RGB	0, 224, 27
RGB Percent	0%, 88%, 11%
CMY	1.0000, 0.1216, 0.8941
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.88, 0.12
HSL	127°, 100%, 44%
HSV	127°, 100%, 88%
XYZ	26.8535, 53.3904, 9.9270
YIQ	134.5660, -70.2670, -108.7550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

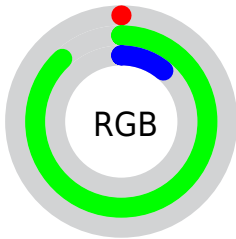
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 200, 224
Decimal	57371
CIELab	78.10, -77.54, 72.23
CIELCh	78, 105.970, 137.027
Yxy	53.3904, 0.2978, 0.5921
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278247451 (0xFF00E01B)
YUV	134.5660, -53.0300, -118.0144
Hunter-Lab	73.0687, -62.2697, 43.0931

# Details

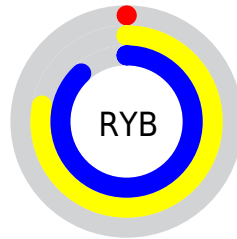
The XYZ color **26.8535, 53.3904, 9.9270** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC00**. The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **40.8190, 19.8789, 54.5051**, and the grayscale version is **23.0790, 24.2809, 26.4419**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.3811, 75.7257, 23.1039**, and **13.8187, 27.6374, 4.6062** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.8546, 53.3926, 9.9280**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.5039, 53.6915, 11.5731**.

# Distribution



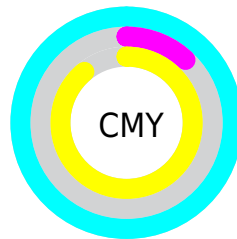
- Red (0%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Black (12%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (89%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 26.8535, 53.3904, 9.9270 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 26.8535, 53.3904, 9.9270 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 26.8535, 53.3904,  
9.9270


 26.8535, 53.3904,  
9.9270


279.1276,  
399.7811, 200.6161


 17.5992, 38.1145,  
5.2456


 54.0702, 95.1786,  
26.2638


 10.7606, 26.0716,  
2.3308


 72.7634, 122.4597,  
38.7562

 5.9722, 16.8772,  
0.7484


 95.3337, 154.5113,  
54.6895

 2.8687, 10.1470,  
0.0000

 122.1463,  
191.7179, 74.4820

 1.0847, 5.4965,  
0.0000

 153.5666,  
234.4637, 98.5524

 0.0123, 2.5414,  
0.0000

 189.9600,

 0.0000, 0.8973,

283.1333, 127.3192

0.0000

231.6919,  
338.1110, 161.2009

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 26.8535, 53.3904,  
9.9270

■ 26.8535, 53.3904,  
9.9270

■ 26.8546, 53.3926,  
9.9280

■ 27.5039, 53.6915,  
11.5731

■ 28.7259, 54.2651,  
14.1785

■ 30.6698, 55.1876,  
17.8637

■ 33.4266, 56.5040,  
22.7290

■ 37.0740, 58.2523,  
28.8635

■ 41.6802, 60.4660,  
36.3475

■ 47.3070, 63.1754,  
45.2549

■ 54.0108, 66.4081,  
55.6542

■ 61.8439, 70.1897,  
67.6092

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.9677, 53.3904, 3.0779



26.8535, 53.3904, 9.9270



21.0183, 53.3904, 36.1287

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.8535, 53.3904, 9.9270



42.3310, 53.3904, 254.7654



99.0658, 53.3904, 30.7509

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.8535, 53.3904, 9.9270



40.8190, 19.8789, 54.5051

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



100.2078, 53.3904, 87.6356



26.8535, 53.3904, 9.9270



63.3062, 53.3904, 249.2202

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.8535, 53.3904, 9.9270



28.1765, 53.3904, 187.6475



85.7638, 53.3904, 175.4740



82.9715, 53.3904, 8.2743



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.8535, 53.3904, 9.9270



20.6227, 53.3904, 73.2118



85.7638, 53.3904, 175.4740



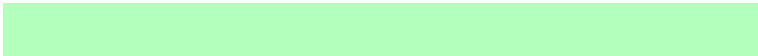
101.3395, 53.3904, 45.2814

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.8547, 53.3926, 9.9282



63.2825, 84.6632, 60.4277



49.9113, 65.3016, 9.9740



12.8249, 17.7745, 11.8006



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.8547, 53.3926, 9.9282



36.0040, 71.6176, 13.2050



31.2541, 55.1524, 33.0951



13.5957, 15.3640, 14.9061



15.6529, 31.0860, 5.8952



1.1075, 2.1637, 0.5270



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.8190, 19.8789, 54.5051



54.7287, 26.6555, 72.9606



32.4162, 16.5178, 10.2565



14.2201, 13.9057, 16.9294



23.7872, 11.5819, 31.8750

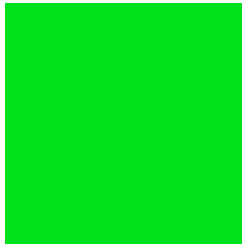


1.6691, 0.8109, 2.3165



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.8535, 53.3904, 9.9270 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

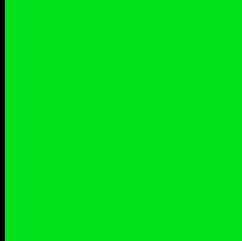
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.8535, 53.3904, 9.9270 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

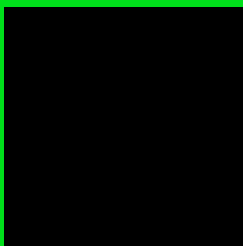
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

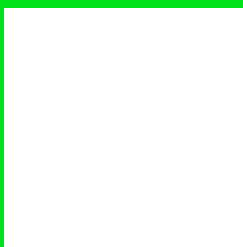
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 26.8535, 53.3904, 9.9270**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.8535, 53.3904, 9.9270.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.8535, 53.3904,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.8535, 53.3904, 9.9270

### Protanopia

47.2548, 52.3327, 8.0626

### Deuteranopia

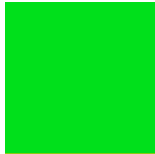
53.3527, 52.2570, 10.8890



## Tritanopia

40.7626, 52.9277, 79.3018

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.8535, 53.3904, 9.9270



## Protanomaly

32.0269, 48.5511, 8.2994



## Deuteranomaly

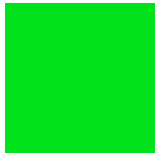
33.5768, 46.8943, 9.7644



## Tritanomaly

31.6598, 51.3537, 38.3806

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.8535, 53.3904, 9.9270



## Achromatopsia

23.0288, 24.2281, 26.3844



## Achromatomaly

19.7678, 30.4604, 15.9039

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 26.8535, 53.3904, 9.9270 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 224, 27)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 224, 27)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 224, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 224, 27) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 26.8535, 53.3904, 9.9270 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 224, 27) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 224, 27) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 224, 27)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 224, 27); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 224, 27);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 224, 27)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 26.8535, 53.3904, 9.9270 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 224, 27) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 224,  
27) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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