

# Converting Colors

XYZ(27.0312, 32.9413, 6.9203)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(27.0312, 32.9413, 6.9203)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(27.2080, 33.1620,  
6.9744)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9DA228
RGB	157, 162, 40
RGB Percent	62%, 64%, 16%
CMY	0.3843, 0.3647, 0.8431
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.75, 0.36
HSL	62°, 60%, 40%
HSV	62°, 75%, 64%
XYZ	27.2080, 33.1620, 6.9744
YIQ	146.5970, 36.1820, -39.0020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

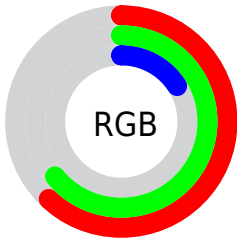
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	40, 162, 45
Decimal	10330664
CIELab	64.29, -16.56, 58.41
CIELCh	64, 60.714, 105.828
Yxy	33.1620, 0.4040, 0.4924
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288520744 (0xFF9DA228)
YUV	146.5970, -52.5523, 9.1234
Hunter-Lab	57.5865, -16.4400, 33.1298

# Details

The XYZ color **27.2080, 33.1620, 6.9744** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999900**. A complement of this color would be **8.3636, 4.6848, 34.6480**, and the grayscale version is **27.7672, 29.2132, 31.8132**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.6100, 64.7481, 20.4458**, and **11.1639, 14.1937, 2.1512** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.8592, 33.0088, 5.8092**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.6746, 33.3649, 8.7492**.

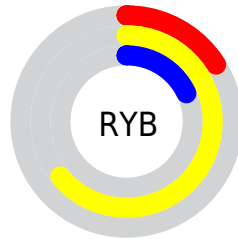
# Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (64%)

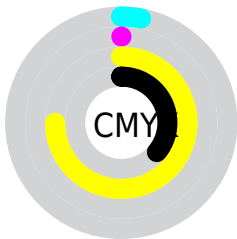
Blue (16%)



Red (16%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (18%)

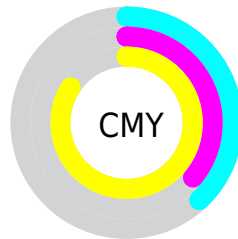


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (75%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (84%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 27.2080, 33.1620, 6.9744 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 27.2080, 33.1620, 6.9744 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 27.2080, 33.1620,  
6.9744

■ 27.2080, 33.1620,  
6.9744

280.8120,  
316.3791, 177.0737

■ 17.8669, 22.2506,  
3.3679

■ 54.6350, 64.6284,  
20.4337

■ 10.9536, 14.0411,  
1.2854

■ 73.4516, 85.9521,  
31.1235

■ 6.1027, 8.1493,  
0.0498

■ 96.1574, 111.5154,  
45.0116

■ 2.9489, 4.1906,  
0.0000

■ 123.1178,  
141.7026, 62.5164

■ 1.1268, 1.7808,  
0.0000

■ 154.6981,  
176.8982, 84.0564

■ 0.0473, 0.4751,  
0.0000

■ 191.2636,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

217.4866, 110.0503

0.0000

233.1798,  
263.8521, 140.9165

■ 27.2080, 33.1620,  
6.9744

■ 27.2080, 33.1620,  
6.9744

■ 26.8592, 33.0088,  
5.8092

■ 27.6746, 33.3649,  
8.7492

■ 26.6094, 32.8940,  
5.1651

■ 28.2694, 33.6179,  
11.1995

■ 26.5076, 32.8463,  
4.9429

■ 29.0046, 33.9272,  
14.3847

■ 29.8899, 34.2966,  
18.3571

■ 30.9346, 34.7298,  
23.1646

■ 32.1468, 35.2301,  
28.8509

■ 33.5343, 35.8006,  
35.4568

■ 35.1045, 36.4443,  
43.0206

■ 36.8641, 37.1638,  
51.5784

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.7578, 33.1620, 6.8563



27.2080, 33.1620, 6.9744



21.0557, 33.1620, 12.0899

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.2080, 33.1620, 6.9744



21.3159, 33.1620, 82.0259



50.4938, 33.1620, 49.0328

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.2080, 33.1620, 6.9744



8.3636, 4.6848, 34.6480

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.9774, 33.1620, 80.3592



27.2080, 33.1620, 6.9744



27.6301, 33.1620, 104.5329

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.2080, 33.1620, 6.9744



18.1021, 33.1620, 50.6776



36.2640, 33.1620, 103.8125



50.3240, 33.1620, 24.6381



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.2080, 33.1620, 6.9744



18.6785, 33.1620, 19.9389



36.2640, 33.1620, 103.8125



49.2048, 33.1620, 59.2637

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.2088, 33.1635, 6.9751



56.5439, 63.2062, 43.8563



16.1876, 9.6418, 3.0158



12.5400, 14.1299, 9.1083



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.2088, 33.1635, 6.9751



48.4498, 59.7811, 9.7028



18.2274, 28.5335, 6.5548



7.6206, 8.2224, 7.5655



20.8912, 25.8803, 3.8943



0.4472, 0.5480, 0.0822



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.3636, 4.6848, 34.6480



12.6169, 5.5391, 62.4603



13.1150, 7.1343, 34.8703



6.7261, 6.8732, 8.8752



5.2125, 2.0936, 27.0592



0.1171, 0.0479, 0.5689



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.2080, 33.1620, 6.9744 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.2080, 33.1620, 6.9744 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 27.2080, 33.1620, 6.9744**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.2080, 33.1620, 6.9744.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.2080, 33.1620,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

27.2080, 33.1620, 6.9744

### Protanopia

29.9175, 33.0308, 6.6325

### Deuteranopia

33.5887, 32.9792, 7.1801



## Tritanopia

33.8259, 33.1024, 39.2569

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

27.2080, 33.1620, 6.9744

## Protanomaly

28.7415, 32.9250, 6.7598

## Deuteranomaly

30.9019, 32.7881, 7.0829

## Tritanomaly

30.3012, 32.6432, 21.8433

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

27.2080, 33.1620, 6.9744

## Achromatopsia

27.7328, 29.1771, 31.7738

## Achromatomaly

26.6975, 30.1185, 18.5937

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 27.2080, 33.1620, 6.9744 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 162, 40)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 162, 40)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 162, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 162, 40) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 27.2080, 33.1620, 6.9744 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 162, 40) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 162, 40) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 162, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 162, 40); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 162, 40);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 162,  
40) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 27.2080, 33.1620, 6.9744 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 162, 40) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
162, 40) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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