

# Converting Colors

XYZ(27.0336, 28.7299, 46.7688)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(27.0336, 28.7299, 46.7688)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(27.0388, 28.7196, 46.7662)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(27.0388, 28.7196,  
46.7662)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7C94B3
RGB	124, 148, 179
RGB Percent	49%, 58%, 70%
CMY	0.5137, 0.4196, 0.2980
CMYK	0.31, 0.17, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	214°, 27%, 59%
HSV	214°, 31%, 70%
XYZ	27.0388, 28.7196, 46.7662
YIQ	144.3580, -24.2550, 4.5530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

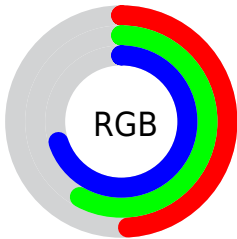
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	124, 141, 179
Decimal	8164531
CIELab	60.53, -1.04, -18.95
CIELCh	61, 18.974, 266.846
Yxy	28.7196, 0.2637, 0.2801
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286354611 (0xFF7C94B3)
YUV	144.3580, 17.0785, -17.8540
Hunter-Lab	53.5907, -3.7227, -14.2263

# Details

The XYZ color **27.0388, 28.7196, 46.7662** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **33.9503, 34.4820, 23.9360**, and the grayscale version is **26.5946, 27.9796, 30.4698**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.4760, 57.7042, 86.8641**, and **10.7882, 11.4722, 21.3844** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.1690, 24.4775, 46.1518**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.5179, 33.4819, 47.4498**.

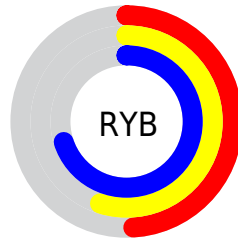
# Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (58%)

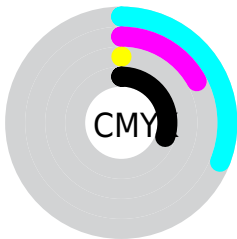
Blue (70%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (70%)

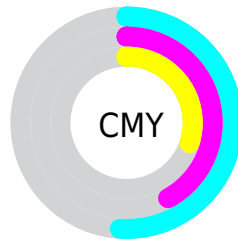


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 27.0388, 28.7196, 46.7662 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 27.0388, 28.7196, 46.7662 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 27.0388, 28.7196,  
46.7662

■ 27.0388, 28.7196,  
46.7662

280.0091,  
295.8896, 390.2472

■ 17.7391, 18.8688,  
32.4978

■ 54.3656, 57.6313,  
86.7109

■ 10.8614, 11.5755,  
21.4741

■ 73.1234, 77.4610,  
113.2242

■ 6.0403, 6.4553,  
13.2764

■ 95.7645, 101.3857,  
144.6564

■ 2.9105, 3.1239,  
7.4862

122.6545,  
129.7900, 181.4258

■ 1.1066, 1.1967,  
3.6849

154.1586,  
163.0581, 223.9510

■ 0.0306, 0.0590,  
1.4541

190.6421,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

201.5745, 272.6507

0.1834

232.4705,  
245.7235, 327.9432

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 27.0388, 28.7196,  
46.7662

■ 27.0388, 28.7196,  
46.7662

■ 23.1690, 24.4775,  
46.1518

■ 31.5179, 33.4819,  
47.4498

■ 19.8769, 20.7321,  
45.6024

■ 36.6306, 38.7800,  
48.2030

■ 17.1319, 17.4630,  
45.1161

■ 42.4028, 44.6327,  
49.0285

■ 14.8992, 14.6465,  
44.6901

■ 48.8584, 51.0570,  
49.9282

■ 13.1397, 12.2564,  
44.3215

■ 56.0199, 58.0690,  
50.9042

■ 11.8073, 10.2630,  
44.0070

■ 63.9088, 65.6843,  
51.9583

■ 10.8692, 8.7196,  
43.7585

■ 72.5456, 73.9176,  
53.0923

■ 77.3168, 80.3948,  
54.0911

■ 80.1854, 86.1319,  
55.0473

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.8014, 28.7196, 43.9784



27.0388, 28.7196, 46.7662



29.4799, 28.7196, 44.9165

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.0388, 28.7196, 46.7662



31.7190, 28.7196, 25.5660



23.5406, 28.7196, 24.4584

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.0388, 28.7196, 46.7662



33.9503, 34.4820, 23.9360

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.2248, 28.7196, 20.7132



27.0388, 28.7196, 46.7662



29.9549, 28.7196, 21.2823

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.0388, 28.7196, 46.7662



32.2754, 28.7196, 32.0188



27.5571, 28.7196, 19.6430



22.8590, 28.7196, 30.5345



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.0388, 28.7196, 46.7662



30.8795, 28.7196, 41.4342



27.5571, 28.7196, 19.6430



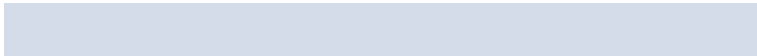
24.0031, 28.7196, 22.9221

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.0397, 28.7207, 46.7669



67.1505, 71.0354, 86.5532



30.2866, 38.8674, 36.5878



14.5626, 15.4161, 19.1303



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.0397, 28.7207, 46.7669



43.5304, 46.0969, 82.9845



24.0603, 22.1637, 45.6583



8.3369, 8.8199, 10.7693



7.7431, 6.2865, 30.9423



0.3021, 0.3147, 0.9931



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.1441, 26.1380, 31.4219



52.2194, 41.2274, 50.3655



37.7199, 42.9553, 25.3728



8.6452, 8.5648, 9.6302



14.1430, 7.1748, 5.9130

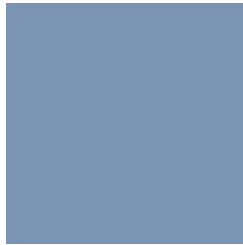


0.4745, 0.2375, 0.3413



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.0388, 28.7196, 46.7662 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.0388, 28.7196, 46.7662 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

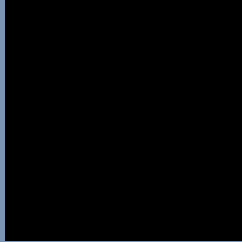
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

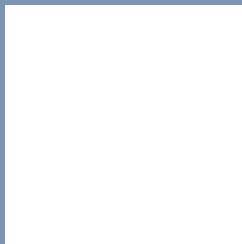
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 27.0388, 28.7196, 46.7662**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.0388, 28.7196, 46.7662.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.0388, 28.7196,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

27.0388, 28.7196, 46.7662

### Protanopia

28.4572, 28.5701, 45.0890

### Deuteranopia

29.2160, 28.6910, 47.1781



## Tritanopia

25.4232, 28.7706, 38.8637

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

27.0388, 28.7196, 46.7662

## Protanomaly

27.8927, 28.4935, 45.6247

## Deuteranomaly

28.3553, 28.6970, 47.2246

## Tritanomaly

25.9529, 28.7422, 41.7161

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

27.0388, 28.7196, 46.7662

## Achromatopsia

26.5089, 27.8894, 30.3716

## Achromatomaly

26.5277, 28.0035, 35.9053

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 27.0388, 28.7196, 46.7662 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 148, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 148, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 148, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 148, 179) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 27.0388, 28.7196, 46.7662 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 148, 179) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 148, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 148, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 148, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 148, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 148,  
179) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 27.0388, 28.7196, 46.7662 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 148, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
148, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor