

# Converting Colors

XYZ(27.0385, 26.5832, 32.0347)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(27.0385, 26.5832, 32.0347)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(27.1330, 26.6406, 32.1458)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(27.1330, 26.6406,  
32.1458)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	978995
RGB	151, 137, 149
RGB Percent	59%, 54%, 58%
CMY	0.4078, 0.4627, 0.4157
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.01, 0.41
HSL	309°, 6%, 56%
HSV	309°, 9%, 59%
XYZ	27.1330, 26.6406, 32.1458
YIQ	142.5540, 4.4920, 6.7000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

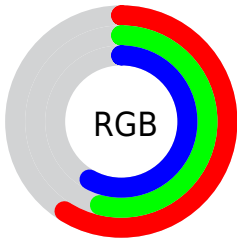
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	151, 137, 149
Decimal	9931157
CIE Lab	58.64, 7.50, -4.48
CIE LCh	59, 8.736, 329.121
Yxy	26.6406, 0.3158, 0.3101
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288121237 (0xFF978995)
YUV	142.5540, 3.1779, 7.4071
Hunter-Lab	51.6145, 3.5094, -0.7959

# Details

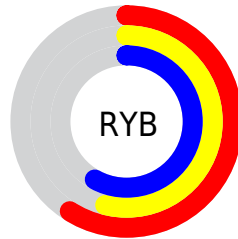
The XYZ color **27.1330, 26.6406, 32.1458** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **26.0444, 29.3164, 28.7136**, and the grayscale version is **25.9180, 27.2677, 29.6946**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.3698, 54.1178, 64.0801**, and **10.8683, 10.4076, 12.9913** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.9645, 22.5765, 30.5811**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.6066, 31.3091, 33.8286**.

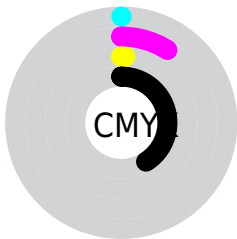
# Distribution



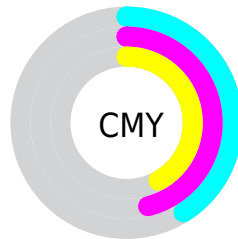
- Red (59%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (42%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 27.1330, 26.6406, 32.1458 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 27.1330, 26.6406, 32.1458 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 27.1330, 26.6406,  
32.1458

■ 27.1330, 26.6406,  
32.1458

280.4563,  
285.9127, 326.2961

■ 17.8102, 17.3035,  
21.2071

■ 54.5156, 54.3066,  
64.1401

■ 10.9127, 10.4511,  
13.0828

■ 73.3061, 73.4043,  
86.0329

■ 6.0750, 5.6991,  
7.3542

■ 95.9833, 96.5243,  
112.4142

■ 2.9318, 2.6630,  
3.6028

122.9125,  
124.0510, 143.7024

■ 1.1178, 0.9584,  
1.4101

154.4591,  
156.3688, 180.3161

■ 0.0400, 0.0000,  
0.1496

190.9883,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

193.8621, 222.6740

0.0000

232.8656,  
236.9153, 271.1944

■ 27.1330, 26.6406,  
32.1458

■ 27.1330, 26.6406,  
32.1458

■ 24.9645, 22.5765,  
30.5811

■ 29.6066, 31.3091,  
33.8286

■ 23.0865, 19.0885,  
29.1286

■ 32.3948, 36.6020,  
35.6318

■ 21.4864, 16.1513,  
27.7843

■ 35.5093, 42.5425,  
37.5596

■ 20.1498, 13.7362,  
26.5433

■ 38.9608, 49.1517,  
39.6158

■ 19.0612, 11.8120,  
25.4004

■ 42.7593, 56.4496,  
41.8037

■ 18.2033, 10.3441,  
24.3498

■ 46.9144, 64.4556,  
44.1267

■ 17.5564, 9.2936,  
23.3847

■ 51.4353, 73.1880,  
46.5879

■ 17.0980, 8.6148,  
22.4976

■ 55.4298, 80.8623,  
48.8899

■ 16.7758, 8.2038,  
21.6709

■ 55.6299, 80.9423,  
49.9434

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.3382, 26.6406, 34.4799



27.1330, 26.6406, 32.1458



27.4401, 26.6406, 29.0978

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.1330, 26.6406, 32.1458



25.3527, 26.6406, 23.4922



23.5615, 26.6406, 31.9780

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.1330, 26.6406, 32.1458



26.0444, 29.3164, 28.7136

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.3141, 26.6406, 28.9166



27.1330, 26.6406, 32.1458



24.3305, 26.6406, 24.1464

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.1330, 26.6406, 32.1458



26.3946, 26.6406, 24.2267



23.5917, 26.6406, 26.0796



24.2771, 26.6406, 34.3783



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.1330, 26.6406, 32.1458



27.3204, 26.6406, 27.1147



23.5917, 26.6406, 26.0796



23.4218, 26.6406, 30.9855

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.1338, 26.6418, 32.1464



51.2772, 52.7722, 59.4150



25.1580, 25.6046, 32.8948



11.5762, 11.8464, 13.4512



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.1338, 26.6418, 32.1464



47.7928, 46.2081, 57.0064



26.6016, 26.4289, 29.3440



6.4233, 6.3085, 7.6090



14.2602, 6.9583, 18.4270



0.2223, 0.1077, 0.3235



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.1338, 26.6418, 32.1464



47.7928, 46.2081, 57.0064



26.5620, 29.5235, 31.4393



6.4233, 6.3085, 7.6090



14.2602, 6.9583, 18.4270

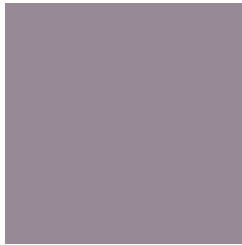


0.2223, 0.1077, 0.3235



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.1330, 26.6406, 32.1458 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

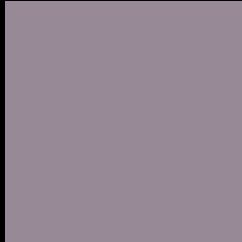
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.1330, 26.6406, 32.1458 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

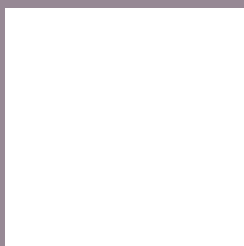
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 27.1330, 26.6406, 32.1458**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.1330, 26.6406, 32.1458.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.1330, 26.6406,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

27.1330, 26.6406, 32.1458

### Protanopia

25.9485, 26.6533, 33.0551

### Deuteranopia

27.1330, 26.6406, 32.1458



## Tritanopia

27.0535, 26.6087, 31.7271

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

27.1330, 26.6406, 32.1458

## Protanomaly

26.4147, 26.6870, 32.6131

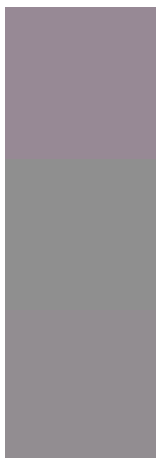
## Deuteranomaly

27.1330, 26.6406, 32.1458

## Tritanomaly

27.0535, 26.6087, 31.7271

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

27.1330, 26.6406, 32.1458

## Achromatopsia

26.1081, 27.4677, 29.9124

## Achromatomaly

26.4898, 27.2051, 30.6430

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 27.1330, 26.6406, 32.1458 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 137, 149)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 137, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 137, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 137, 149) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 27.1330, 26.6406, 32.1458 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 137, 149) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 137, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 137, 149)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 137, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 137, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 137,  
149) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 27.1330, 26.6406, 32.1458 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 137, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
137, 149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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