

# Converting Colors

XYZ(27.0401, 31.7032, 32.7093)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(27.0401, 31.7032, 32.7093)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(27.1035, 31.7597,  
32.7187)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	839F94
RGB	131, 159, 148
RGB Percent	51%, 62%, 58%
CMY	0.4863, 0.3765, 0.4196
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.07, 0.38
HSL	156°, 13%, 57%
HSV	156°, 18%, 62%
XYZ	27.1035, 31.7597, 32.7187
YIQ	149.3740, -13.1570, -9.3570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

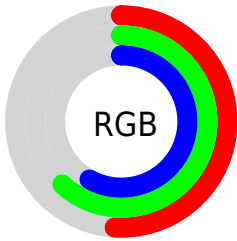
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	131, 148, 159
Decimal	8626068
CIELab	63.14, -12.03, 2.49
CIELCh	63, 12.289, 168.288
Yxy	31.7597, 0.2959, 0.3468
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286816148 (0xFF839F94)
YUV	149.3740, -0.6774, -16.1140
Hunter-Lab	56.3557, -12.7755, 5.0268

# Details

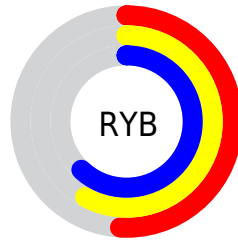
The XYZ color **27.1035, 31.7597, 32.7187** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **27.2980, 25.5573, 29.0869**, and the grayscale version is **28.7321, 30.2284, 32.9187**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.4744, 62.5477, 65.0789**, and **10.9136, 13.3375, 13.3085** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.3463, 30.3948, 30.0780**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.2672, 33.3328, 35.5191**.

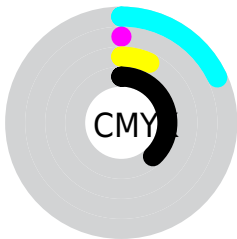
# Distribution



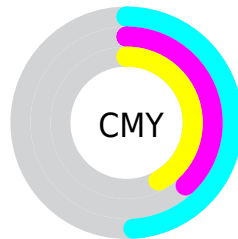
- Red (51%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (42%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 27.1035, 31.7597, 32.7187 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 27.1035, 31.7597, 32.7187 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 27.1035, 31.7597,  
32.7187

■ 27.1035, 31.7597,  
32.7187

280.3163,  
310.0231, 328.9733

■ 17.7880, 21.1780,  
21.6417

■ 54.4686, 62.4342,  
65.0470

■ 10.8966, 13.2542,  
13.3981

■ 73.2489, 83.2958,  
87.1355

■ 6.0641, 7.6038,  
7.5693

■ 95.9148, 108.3528,  
113.7314

■ 2.9252, 3.8425,  
3.7368

122.8317,  
137.9896, 145.2535

■ 1.1143, 1.5859,  
1.4821

154.3650,  
172.5907, 182.1201

■ 0.0370, 0.3480,  
0.2045

190.8799,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

212.5404, 224.7500

0.0000

232.7419,  
258.2231, 273.5615

■ 27.1035, 31.7597,  
32.7187

■ 27.1035, 31.7597,  
32.7187

■ 24.3463, 30.3948,  
30.0780

■ 30.2672, 33.3328,  
35.5191

■ 21.9752, 29.2250,  
27.5918

■ 33.8511, 35.1186,  
38.4800

■ 19.9723, 28.2420,  
25.2579

■ 37.8717, 37.1263,  
41.6050

■ 18.3169, 27.4353,  
23.0729

■ 42.3438, 39.3635,  
44.8966

■ 16.9863, 26.7931,  
21.0334

■ 47.2813, 41.8374,  
48.3576

■ 15.9551, 26.3025,  
19.1358

■ 52.6977, 44.5548,  
51.9905

■ 15.1936, 25.9480,  
17.3763

■ 58.6059, 47.5224,  
55.7980

■ 14.6519, 25.7043,  
15.7500

■ 63.8295, 50.1338,  
59.7267

■ 14.5345, 25.6518,  
15.3799

■ 64.5651, 50.4280,  
63.6005

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.8162, 31.7597, 28.7291



27.1035, 31.7597, 32.7187



27.1937, 31.7597, 37.5964

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.1035, 31.7597, 32.7187



31.2220, 31.7597, 44.2326



32.4099, 31.7597, 28.0646

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.1035, 31.7597, 32.7187



27.2980, 25.5573, 29.0869

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.3915, 31.7597, 31.7312



27.1035, 31.7597, 32.7187



32.6881, 31.7597, 41.1779

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.1035, 31.7597, 32.7187



29.5292, 31.7597, 44.5603



33.4952, 31.7597, 36.5125



30.8538, 31.7597, 26.2152



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.1035, 31.7597, 32.7187



27.6977, 31.7597, 40.6992



33.4952, 31.7597, 36.5125



32.8204, 31.7597, 29.1087

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.1044, 31.7610, 32.7194



55.7459, 60.4612, 64.9152



27.6856, 32.2049, 26.2301



12.4753, 13.5848, 14.5572



76.7382, 80.7346, 87.9200



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.1044, 31.7610, 32.7194



46.5845, 55.9091, 56.7697



27.5412, 31.1739, 37.3681



6.7113, 7.4653, 7.9145



11.5002, 20.2680, 12.2572



0.2260, 0.3705, 0.3263



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.2980, 25.5573, 29.0869



46.9951, 42.7612, 49.0729



26.8933, 26.0054, 25.0753



6.7356, 6.6872, 7.4587



12.0095, 6.1084, 4.3012



0.2349, 0.1173, 0.1829



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.1035, 31.7597, 32.7187 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.1035, 31.7597, 32.7187 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

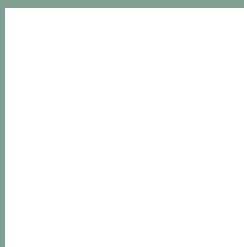
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 27.1035, 31.7597, 32.7187**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.1035, 31.7597, 32.7187.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.1035, 31.7597,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

27.1035, 31.7597, 32.7187

### Protanopia

30.1669, 31.6382, 30.9024

### Deuteranopia

32.2434, 31.7066, 33.2747



## Tritanopia

28.9480, 31.7550, 41.6494

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

27.1035, 31.7597, 32.7187

## Protanomaly

29.0449, 31.7829, 31.3919

## Deuteranomaly

30.1706, 31.5950, 32.9420

## Tritanomaly

28.3215, 31.7555, 38.3549

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

27.1035, 31.7597, 32.7187

## Achromatopsia

28.5667, 30.0544, 32.7292

## Achromatomaly

27.9714, 30.7032, 32.8858

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 27.1035, 31.7597, 32.7187 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 159, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 159, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 159, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 159, 148) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 27.1035, 31.7597, 32.7187 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 159, 148) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 159, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(131, 159, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 159, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 159, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 159,  
148) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 27.1035, 31.7597, 32.7187 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 159, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131,  
159, 148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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