

# Converting Colors

XYZ(27.0632, 16.7519, 1.8070)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(27.0632, 16.7519, 1.8070)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(27.0671, 16.7597,  
1.8084)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CD4100
RGB	205, 65, 0
RGB Percent	80%, 25%, 0%
CMY	0.1961, 0.7451, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.68, 1.00, 0.20
HSL	19°, 100%, 40%
HSV	19°, 100%, 80%
XYZ	27.0671, 16.7597, 1.8084
YIQ	99.4500, 104.3050, 9.4650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

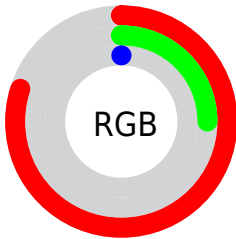
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	205, 95, 0
Decimal	13451520
CIELab	47.96, 53.28, 59.24
CIELCh	48, 79.679, 48.030
Yxy	16.7597, 0.5931, 0.3673
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291641600 (0xFFCD4100)
YUV	99.4500, -49.0288, 92.5674
Hunter-Lab	40.9386, 46.3750, 26.0380

# Details

The XYZ color **27.0671, 16.7597, 1.8084** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3300**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **20.3966, 23.1622, 61.1528**, and the grayscale version is **12.0762, 12.7051, 13.8359**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48.7202, 34.9984, 8.1905**, and **11.1553, 5.7508, 0.5221** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.0673, 16.7603, 1.8085**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.1040, 18.6246, 2.7993**.

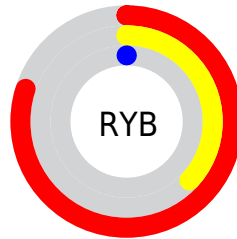
# Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (25%)

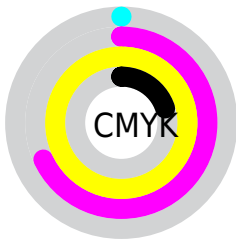
Blue (0%)



Red (80%)

Yellow (37%)

Blue (0%)

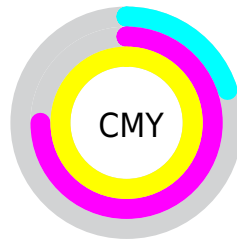


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (20%)

Magenta (75%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 27.0671, 16.7597, 1.8084 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 27.0671, 16.7597, 1.8084 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 27.0671, 16.7597,  
1.8084


 27.0671, 16.7597,  
1.8084


 280.1435,  
233.7838, 119.3269


 17.7605, 10.0633,  
0.4335


 54.4106, 37.9122,  
8.5100


 10.8768, 5.4410,  
0.0000


 73.1783, 53.1370,  
14.7653

 6.0507, 2.5082,  
0.0000


 95.8303, 71.9735,  
23.5149

 2.9169, 0.8808,  
0.0000

 122.7320, 94.8059,  
35.1774

 1.1100, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 154.2489,  
122.0188, 50.1713


 0.0334, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 190.7462,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


153.9965, 68.9151


0.0000


 232.5892,  
191.1233, 91.8275


 27.0671, 16.7597,  
1.8084


 27.0671, 16.7597,  
1.8084

 27.0673, 16.7603,  
1.8085

 28.1040, 18.6246,  
2.7993

 29.4920, 20.9692,  
4.5913

 31.2910, 23.8383,  
7.4385

 33.5379, 27.2646,  
11.4784

 36.2647, 31.2779,  
16.8277

■ 39.5002, 35.9057,  
23.5888

■ 43.2708, 41.1734,  
31.8538

■ 47.6006, 47.1052,  
41.7072

■ 52.5127, 53.7237,  
53.2267

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.0045, 16.7597, 8.5388



27.0671, 16.7597, 1.8084



18.9695, 16.7597, 0.3311

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.0671, 16.7597, 1.8084



5.8778, 16.7597, 11.2122



20.5987, 16.7597, 87.6297

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.0671, 16.7597, 1.8084



20.3966, 23.1622, 61.1528

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.2332, 16.7597, 90.7468



27.0671, 16.7597, 1.8084



6.0744, 16.7597, 33.4349

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.0671, 16.7597, 1.8084



7.7088, 16.7597, 2.5185



8.3629, 16.7597, 66.2905



28.5642, 16.7597, 59.5450



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.0671, 16.7597, 1.8084



14.0769, 16.7597, 0.2646



8.3629, 16.7597, 66.2905



17.9381, 16.7597, 92.1297

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.0675, 16.7607, 1.8087



70.6252, 67.0924, 51.6110



29.9165, 14.8750, 26.1379



14.5319, 13.5477, 9.7521



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.0675, 16.7607, 1.8087



44.1722, 27.1244, 2.9074



39.0718, 40.7694, 5.8101



11.4978, 11.7846, 11.7481



16.9267, 10.5863, 1.1512



0.9416, 0.6829, 0.0822

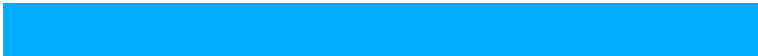


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.3966, 23.1622, 61.1528



33.2127, 37.5455, 100.1042



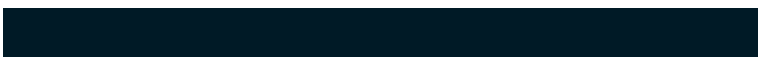
11.6994, 5.7677, 58.2537



11.2316, 12.1036, 14.3146



12.7863, 14.5966, 38.0998



0.7260, 0.8857, 1.9876



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.0671, 16.7597, 1.8084 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.0671, 16.7597, 1.8084 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 27.0671, 16.7597, 1.8084**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.0671, 16.7597, 1.8084.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.0671, 16.7597,

1.8084.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

27.0671, 16.7597, 1.8084

### Protanopia

15.3288, 16.9865, 3.2299

### Deuteranopia

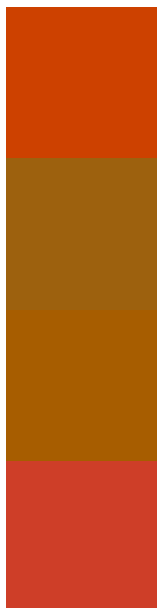
17.1457, 16.9570, 2.3694



## Tritanopia

28.0195, 16.8182, 6.4721

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

27.0671, 16.7597, 1.8084

## Protanomaly

18.2586, 15.7492, 2.4930

## Deuteranomaly

19.8507, 16.0442, 2.0506

## Tritanomaly

27.5592, 16.7203, 3.7823

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

27.0671, 16.7597, 1.8084

## Achromatopsia

11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877

## Achromatomaly

14.7866, 12.5785, 6.3512

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 27.0671, 16.7597, 1.8084 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 65, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 65, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 65, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 65, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 27.0671, 16.7597, 1.8084 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 65, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 65, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 65, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 65, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 65, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 65, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 27.0671, 16.7597, 1.8084 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 65, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205, 65,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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