

# Converting Colors

XYZ(27.0908, 20.1613, 55.8272)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(27.0908, 20.1613, 55.8272)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(27.1760, 20.1809,  
55.8891)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9368C6
RGB	147, 104, 198
RGB Percent	58%, 41%, 78%
CMY	0.4235, 0.5921, 0.2235
CMYK	0.26, 0.47, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	267°, 45%, 59%
HSV	267°, 47%, 78%
XYZ	27.1760, 20.1809, 55.8891
YIQ	127.5730, -4.5460, 38.3500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

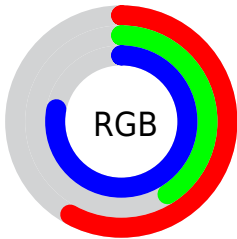
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	147, 104, 198
Decimal	9660614
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	52.04, 36.12, -42.82
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	52, 56.019, 310.144
Yxy	20.1809, 0.2632, 0.1955
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287850694 (0xFF9368C6)
YUV	127.5730, 34.7205, 17.0375
Hunter-Lab	44.9232, 29.3670, -42.3167

# Details

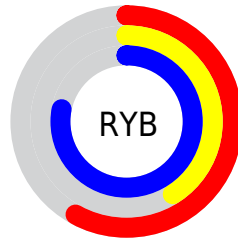
The XYZ color **27.1760, 20.1809, 55.8891** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9966CC**. A complement of this color would be **36.2108, 48.3566, 20.5227**, and the grayscale version is **20.2558, 21.3107, 23.2074**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.5671, 43.6934, 100.1654**, and **10.9144, 7.0731, 27.1756** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.5748, 15.7054, 55.2154**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.4265, 25.6864, 56.7281**.

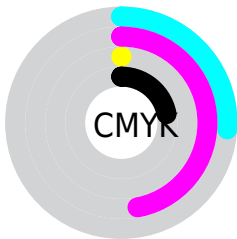
# Distribution



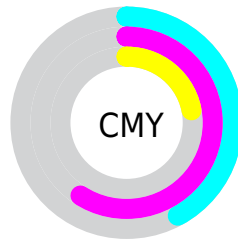
- Red (58%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (22%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 27.1760, 20.1809, 55.8891 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 27.1760, 20.1809, 55.8891 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 27.1760, 20.1809,  
55.8891


 27.1760, 20.1809,  
55.8891


280.6603,  
252.8928, 426.6500


 17.8427, 12.5266,  
39.7106


 54.5841, 43.7203,  
100.3266


 10.9361, 7.1034,  
27.0009


 73.3895, 60.3741,  
129.4227

 6.0909, 3.5268,  
17.3415


 96.0831, 80.7966,  
163.6617

 2.9416, 1.4126,  
10.3137

 123.0302,  
105.3722, 203.4622

 1.1230, 0.2260,  
5.4991

154.5961,  
134.4852, 249.2428

 0.0442, 0.0000,  
2.4792

191.1462,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

168.5200, 301.4219

0.8291

233.0458,  
207.8611, 360.4181

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 27.1760, 20.1809,  
55.8891

■ 27.1760, 20.1809,  
55.8891

■ 23.5748, 15.7054,  
55.2154

■ 31.4265, 25.6864,  
56.7281

■ 20.5825, 12.1886,  
54.6943

■ 36.3587, 32.2821,  
57.7412

■ 18.1571, 9.5534,  
54.3135

■ 42.0055, 40.0260,  
58.9384

■ 16.2493, 7.7091,  
54.0581

■ 48.3968, 48.9716,  
60.3282

■ 14.7911, 6.5282,  
53.9070

■ 55.5605, 59.1685,  
61.9188

■ 14.4659, 6.2799,  
53.8762

■ 63.5233, 70.6639,  
63.7179

■ 72.3104, 83.5022,  
65.7329

■ 79.5384, 92.9111,  
67.1680

■ 83.1519, 94.7739,  
67.3371

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.1830, 20.1809, 69.8074



27.1760, 20.1809, 55.8891



31.4877, 20.1809, 34.4935

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.1760, 20.1809, 55.8891



23.1621, 20.1809, 3.6732



10.2686, 20.1809, 27.9968

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.1760, 20.1809, 55.8891



36.2108, 48.3566, 20.5227

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.5894, 20.1809, 12.9220



27.1760, 20.1809, 55.8891



17.3099, 20.1809, 3.2703

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.1760, 20.1809, 55.8891



28.8700, 20.1809, 7.2859



12.9319, 20.1809, 5.6255



11.9463, 20.1809, 49.1570



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.1760, 20.1809, 55.8891



32.4058, 20.1809, 21.8947



12.9319, 20.1809, 5.6255



10.1558, 20.1809, 22.0526

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.1768, 20.1817, 55.8896



77.9296, 75.8095, 105.1331



27.7408, 30.6974, 57.8896



16.1674, 15.5126, 22.3921



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.1768, 20.1817, 55.8896



41.5247, 27.5430, 97.7355



37.2128, 25.3554, 56.3592



10.5099, 10.5211, 13.3943



9.5037, 4.1336, 35.0413



0.5333, 0.2386, 1.6631



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.1559, 24.2736, 33.8958



55.9103, 35.9893, 51.8649



28.9632, 44.6204, 20.1835



10.8705, 10.7316, 12.3013



16.9293, 8.5213, 10.1035



0.8378, 0.4180, 0.6693



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.1760, 20.1809, 55.8891 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

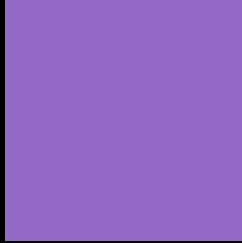
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.1760, 20.1809, 55.8891 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 27.1760, 20.1809, 55.8891**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.1760, 20.1809, 55.8891.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.1760, 20.1809,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

27.1760, 20.1809, 55.8891

### Protanopia

22.6311, 20.4146, 66.3660

### Deuteranopia

20.8757, 20.3366, 53.8640



## Tritanopia

20.6706, 20.1688, 23.5724

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

27.1760, 20.1809, 55.8891

## Protanomaly

23.5793, 19.9413, 62.2808

## Deuteranomaly

22.5183, 19.9139, 54.2867

## Tritanomaly

22.4975, 19.8567, 33.2188

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

27.1760, 20.1809, 55.8891

## Achromatopsia

20.5175, 21.5861, 23.5072

## Achromatomaly

22.3383, 20.6445, 32.9444

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 27.1760, 20.1809, 55.8891 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 104, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 104, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 104, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 104, 198) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 27.1760, 20.1809, 55.8891 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 104, 198) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 104, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(147, 104, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 104, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 104, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 104,  
198) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 27.1760, 20.1809, 55.8891 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 104, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147,  
104, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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