

# Converting Colors

XYZ(27.1014, 36.9396, 22.5313)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(27.1014, 36.9396, 22.5313)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(27.1014, 36.9396, 22.5313)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(27.1014, 36.9396,  
22.5313)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7BB175
RGB	123, 177, 117
RGB Percent	48%, 69%, 46%
CMY	0.5176, 0.3059, 0.5412
CMYK	0.31, 0.00, 0.34, 0.31
HSL	114°, 28%, 58%
HSV	114°, 34%, 69%
XYZ	27.1014, 36.9396, 22.5313
YIQ	154.0140, -12.9240, -30.1080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

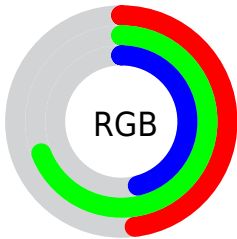
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	117, 177, 171
Decimal	8106357
CIELab	67.23, -29.66, 25.21
CIELCh	67, 38.926, 139.643
Yxy	36.9396, 0.3130, 0.4267
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286296437 (0xFF7BB175)
YUV	154.0140, -18.2479, -27.1993
Hunter-Lab	60.7780, -26.7668, 20.5649

# Details

The XYZ color **27.1014, 36.9396, 22.5313** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **31.0934, 24.5560, 44.6979**, and the grayscale version is **30.8037, 32.4079, 35.2922**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.5261, 70.5272, 48.7695**, and **10.9235, 16.2104, 8.0220** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.0613, 35.4825, 17.4607**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.7111, 38.6697, 28.6573**.

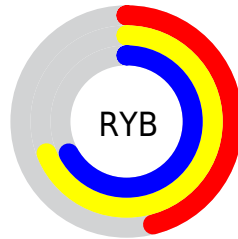
# Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (69%)

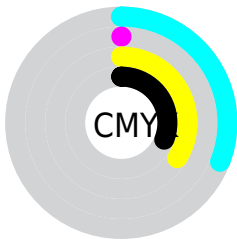
Blue (46%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (67%)

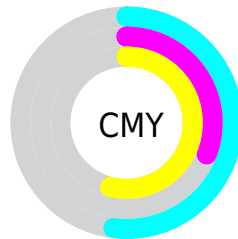


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (54%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 27.1014, 36.9396, 22.5313 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 27.1014, 36.9396, 22.5313 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 27.1014, 36.9396,  
22.5313

■ 27.1014, 36.9396,  
22.5313

280.3063,  
333.0489, 278.3519

■ 17.7864, 25.1607,  
14.0458

■ 54.4653, 70.4799,  
48.5360

■ 10.8955, 16.1968,  
8.0134

■ 73.2448, 93.0101,  
66.8922

■ 6.0634, 9.6636,  
4.0156

■ 95.9100, 119.8928,  
89.3757

■ 2.9247, 5.1765,  
1.6339

122.8260,  
151.5126, 116.4051

■ 1.1141, 2.3512,  
0.3149

154.3583,  
188.2536, 148.3988

■ 0.0368, 0.8006,  
0.0000

190.8722,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

230.5005, 185.7755

0.0000

232.7331,  
278.6374, 228.9537

■ 27.1014, 36.9396,  
22.5313

■ 27.1014, 36.9396,  
22.5313

■ 24.0613, 35.4825,  
17.4607

■ 30.7111, 38.6697,  
28.6573

■ 21.5588, 34.2801,  
13.3838

■ 34.9145, 40.6809,  
35.8910

■ 19.5634, 33.3191,  
10.2358


■ 39.7378, 42.9866,  
44.2842


■ 18.0401, 32.5829,  
7.9438


■ 45.2048, 45.5981,  
53.8847


■ 16.9494, 32.0531,  
6.4238


■ 51.3379, 48.5260,  
64.7376


 16.2452, 31.7082,  
5.5746

 58.1585, 51.7803,  
76.8857

 15.9667, 31.5715,  
5.2524

 65.6872, 55.3708,  
90.3699

 73.3575, 59.0724,  
102.1435

 75.0129, 59.9258,  
102.2210

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.4066, 36.9396, 16.5997



27.1014, 36.9396, 22.5313



25.0249, 36.9396, 34.6189

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.1014, 36.9396, 22.5313



33.0952, 36.9396, 81.7735



47.0108, 36.9396, 30.1911

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.1014, 36.9396, 22.5313



31.0934, 24.5560, 44.6979

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.5949, 36.9396, 46.3969



27.1014, 36.9396, 22.5313



39.0936, 36.9396, 79.5922

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.1014, 36.9396, 22.5313



28.2173, 36.9396, 70.6729



44.5587, 36.9396, 65.3562



43.0426, 36.9396, 20.0798



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.1014, 36.9396, 22.5313



25.0052, 36.9396, 45.9564



44.5587, 36.9396, 65.3562



47.6252, 36.9396, 34.9837

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.1023, 36.9412, 22.5321



65.6159, 74.3314, 69.6325



35.9069, 39.7591, 22.6120



13.9702, 15.9894, 14.6567



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216



16.2198, 17.0645, 18.5832



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.1023, 36.9412, 22.5321



44.2036, 64.0791, 33.1102



27.8672, 37.1510, 30.9024



8.4652, 9.5294, 9.0457



11.5931, 22.8865, 3.8065



0.3903, 0.7333, 0.1210



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.0934, 24.5560, 44.6979



52.4767, 38.3564, 79.1330



30.2438, 24.3706, 33.2483



8.7647, 8.6027, 10.7049



16.1821, 7.6779, 30.7661



0.5331, 0.2539, 0.9692



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.1014, 36.9396, 22.5313 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.1014, 36.9396, 22.5313 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 27.1014, 36.9396, 22.5313**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.1014, 36.9396, 22.5313.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.1014, 36.9396,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

27.1014, 36.9396, 22.5313

### Protanopia

33.8709, 36.5722, 20.3129

### Deuteranopia

37.1395, 36.3885, 23.4786



## Tritanopia

32.6231, 36.9042, 49.6598

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

27.1014, 36.9396, 22.5313

## Protanomaly

30.8879, 36.3656, 21.0141

## Deuteranomaly

32.6020, 36.1225, 23.0233

## Tritanomaly

30.2842, 36.7990, 37.8545

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

27.1014, 36.9396, 22.5313

## Achromatopsia

30.7148, 32.3143, 35.1903

## Achromatomaly

29.0557, 33.6034, 30.1540

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 27.1014, 36.9396, 22.5313 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 177, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 177, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 177, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 177, 117) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 27.1014, 36.9396, 22.5313 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 177, 117) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 177, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 177, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 177, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 177, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 177,  
117) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 27.1014, 36.9396, 22.5313 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 177, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
177, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor