

Converting Colors

XYZ(27.1073, 30.3593, 21.0372)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(27.1073, 30.3593, 21.0372)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(26.9583, 30.2015,
20.9316)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	969874
RGB	150, 152, 116
RGB Percent	59%, 60%, 45%
CMY	0.4118, 0.4039, 0.5451
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.24, 0.40
HSL	63°, 15%, 53%
HSV	63°, 24%, 60%
XYZ	26.9583, 30.2015, 20.9316
YIQ	147.2980, 10.3640, -11.6200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

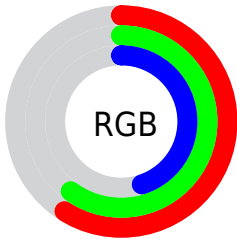
Format	Color
RYB	116, 152, 118
Decimal	9869428
CIELab	61.83, -6.95, 18.76
CIELCh	62, 20.004, 110.329
Yxy	30.2015, 0.3452, 0.3867
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288059508 (0xFF969874)
YUV	147.2980, -15.4299, 2.3697
Hunter-Lab	54.9559, -8.6107, 15.8867

Details

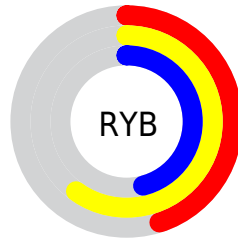
The XYZ color **26.9583, 30.2015, 20.9316** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **19.3853, 18.6101, 32.2779**, and the grayscale version is **27.9161, 29.3699, 31.9838**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.0410, 59.8071, 45.7415**, and **10.8427, 12.3774, 7.2864** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.9907, 29.7976, 16.6425**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.0733, 30.6666, 25.9841**.

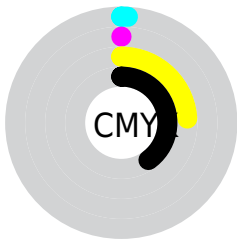
Distribution



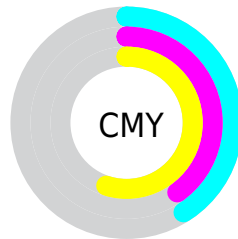
- Red (59%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 26.9583, 30.2015, 20.9316 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 26.9583, 30.2015, 20.9316 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.9583, 30.2015,
20.9316

■ 26.9583, 30.2015,
20.9316

279.6264,
302.8426, 269.6839

■ 17.6783, 19.9916,
12.8833

■ 54.2373, 59.9807,
45.8530

■ 10.8176, 12.3889,
7.2184

■ 72.9671, 80.3188,
63.5631

■ 6.0107, 7.0091,
3.5186

■ 95.5774, 104.8017,
85.3309

■ 2.8923, 3.4678,
1.3651

122.4338,
133.8138, 111.5749

■ 1.0971, 1.3806,
0.1143

153.9016,
167.7396, 142.7137

■ 0.0227, 0.2023,
0.0000

190.3460,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

206.9633, 179.1657

0.0000

232.1325,
251.8695, 221.3496

■ 26.9583, 30.2015,
20.9316

■ 26.9583, 30.2015,
20.9316

■ 25.9907, 29.7976,
16.6425

■ 28.0733, 30.6666,
25.9841

■ 25.1611, 29.4479,
13.0778

■ 29.3399, 31.1914,
31.8326

■ 24.4627, 29.1509,
10.1982

■ 30.7651, 31.7798,
38.5101

■ 23.8872, 28.9032,
7.9595

■ 32.3546, 32.4341,
46.0472

■ 23.4251, 28.7009,
6.3126

■ 34.1140, 33.1564,
54.4730

■ 23.0659, 28.5400,
5.2014

■ 36.0486, 33.9489,
63.8150

■ 22.7967, 28.4151,
4.5588

■ 38.1633, 34.8136,
74.0999

■ 22.6509, 28.3461,
4.2775

■ 40.4630, 35.7525,
85.3530

■ 42.9523, 36.7673,
97.5987

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.5769, 30.2015, 20.4128



26.9583, 30.2015, 20.9316



24.9316, 30.2015, 24.3610

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.9583, 30.2015, 20.9316



25.5507, 30.2015, 45.5531



34.0712, 30.2015, 35.4172

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.9583, 30.2015, 20.9316



19.3853, 18.6101, 32.2779

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.8425, 30.2015, 43.1945



26.9583, 30.2015, 20.9316



27.8516, 30.2015, 49.6169

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.9583, 30.2015, 20.9316



24.1546, 30.2015, 38.2628



30.5269, 30.2015, 48.6926



33.7952, 30.2015, 28.0350

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.9583, 30.2015, 20.9316



24.1366, 30.2015, 28.1781



30.5269, 30.2015, 48.6926



33.8177, 30.2015, 38.0874

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.9591, 30.2028, 20.9322



50.9823, 54.7206, 52.4598



22.5572, 20.8469, 19.3584



11.5607, 12.4261, 11.7988



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.9591, 30.2028, 20.9322



46.7207, 52.9477, 33.1022



23.9288, 28.6407, 20.7904



6.6749, 7.2054, 6.6448



18.9999, 23.7707, 3.5868



0.2929, 0.3600, 0.0540

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.3853, 18.6101, 32.2779



31.1607, 29.1294, 56.4139



22.0347, 19.9760, 32.4019



5.9147, 6.0419, 7.7834



4.8498, 1.9512, 25.0287



0.0799, 0.0330, 0.3745

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.9583, 30.2015, 20.9316 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 26.9583, 30.2015, 20.9316 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

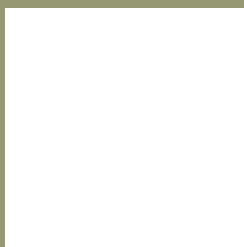
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 26.9583, 30.2015, 20.9316

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.9583, 30.2015, 20.9316.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 26.9583, 30.2015,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26.9583, 30.2015, 20.9316

Protanopia

28.1400, 30.1036, 20.5471

Deuteranopia

30.5480, 29.9516, 21.3107



Tritanopia

30.1607, 30.0943, 36.5669

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.9583, 30.2015, 20.9316

Protanomaly

27.7112, 30.1184, 20.5726

Deuteranomaly

29.0068, 29.8415, 21.0608

Tritanomaly

28.8743, 30.0330, 30.2617

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.9583, 30.2015, 20.9316

Achromatopsia

27.7328, 29.1771, 31.7738

Achromatomaly

27.4041, 29.5684, 27.5555

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 26.9583, 30.2015, 20.9316 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 152, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 152, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 152, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 152, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 26.9583, 30.2015, 20.9316 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 152, 116) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 152, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 152, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 152, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 152, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 152,  
116) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 26.9583, 30.2015, 20.9316 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 152, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
152, 116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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