

# Converting Colors

XYZ(27.1158, 27.3950, 7.5347)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(27.1158, 27.3950, 7.5347)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(27.0116, 27.3370,  
7.4673)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AD8A37
RGB	173, 138, 55
RGB Percent	68%, 54%, 22%
CMY	0.3216, 0.4588, 0.7843
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.68, 0.32
HSL	42°, 52%, 45%
HSV	42°, 68%, 68%
XYZ	27.0116, 27.3370, 7.4673
YIQ	139.0030, 47.5030, -18.3930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

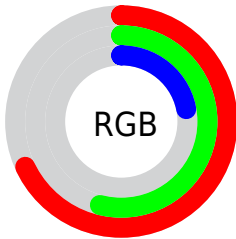
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	105, 173, 55
Decimal	11373111
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	59.28, 4.23, 47.94
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	59, 48.123, 84.961
Yxy	27.3370, 0.4370, 0.4422
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289563191 (0xFFAD8A37)
YUV	139.0030, -41.4135, 29.8154
Hunter-Lab	52.2848, 0.7191, 28.1316

# Details

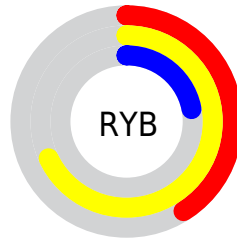
The XYZ color **27.0116, 27.3370, 7.4673** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**. A complement of this color would be **12.7743, 11.1412, 41.0120**, and the grayscale version is **24.6840, 25.9695, 28.2808**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.1873, 55.2911, 21.4519**, and **10.8258, 10.7614, 1.5066** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.9488, 25.7628, 5.4137**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.2558, 29.0416, 10.2990**.

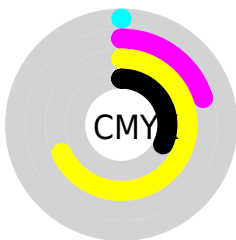
# Distribution



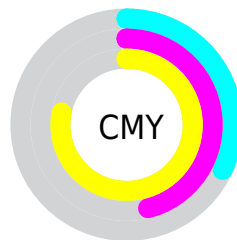
- Red (68%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Black (32%)




- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (78%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 27.0116, 27.3370, 7.4673 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 27.0116, 27.3370, 7.4673 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 27.0116, 27.3370,  
7.4673


 27.0116, 27.3370,  
7.4673


279.8798,  
289.2851, 181.2677


 17.7186, 17.8265,  
3.6732


 54.3222, 55.4242,  
21.4360

 10.8466, 10.8255,  
1.4478


 73.0706, 74.7696,  
32.4476

 6.0303, 5.9496,  
0.1786


 95.7013, 98.1622,  
46.7022

 2.9043, 2.8145,  
0.0000

 122.5800,  
125.9862, 64.6182

 1.1034, 1.0357,  
0.0000

 154.0718,  
158.6261, 86.6142

 0.0279, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 190.5421,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

196.4663, 113.1088

0.0000

232.3563,  
239.8912, 144.5204

■ 27.0116, 27.3370,  
7.4673

■ 27.0116, 27.3370,  
7.4673

■ 25.9488, 25.7628,  
5.4137

■ 28.2558, 29.0416,  
10.2990

■ 25.0491, 24.3076,  
4.0524

■ 29.6937, 30.8790,  
13.9795

■ 24.2854, 22.9610,  
3.2410

■ 31.3384, 32.8562,  
18.5731

■ 24.1553, 22.7279,  
3.1138

■ 33.2013, 34.9786,  
24.1375

■ 35.2929, 37.2509,  
30.7256

■ 37.6230, 39.6779,  
38.3865

■ 40.2005, 42.2638,  
47.1660

■ 43.0341, 45.0127,  
57.1075

■ 46.1320, 47.9285,  
68.2518

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.2008, 27.3370, 10.0551



27.0116, 27.3370, 7.4673



21.4038, 27.3370, 8.7096

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.0116, 27.3370, 7.4673



16.8490, 27.3370, 46.0357



36.6432, 27.3370, 53.1052

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.0116, 27.3370, 7.4673



12.7743, 11.1412, 41.0120

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.1728, 27.3370, 70.9969



27.0116, 27.3370, 7.4673



19.8953, 27.3370, 65.9314

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.0116, 27.3370, 7.4673



16.0854, 27.3370, 26.9512



24.9808, 27.3370, 76.4212



39.2826, 27.3370, 32.7689



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.0116, 27.3370, 7.4673



18.6408, 27.3370, 11.9480



24.9808, 27.3370, 76.4212



35.0371, 27.3370, 59.8730

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.0122, 27.3383, 7.4678



62.3706, 65.8202, 52.3414



20.4623, 12.3618, 11.0703



13.3300, 14.0618, 10.6627



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.0122, 27.3383, 7.4678



45.5969, 44.7523, 8.2775



28.1006, 36.5900, 9.1962



8.4591, 8.9230, 8.4898



17.7973, 16.8000, 2.3047



0.5396, 0.5564, 0.0790



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.7743, 11.1412, 41.0120



18.4882, 14.0404, 72.5414



12.1005, 7.3949, 40.3244



7.7653, 8.1300, 10.1127



6.4653, 4.0644, 29.4883



0.2280, 0.2094, 0.8364



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.0116, 27.3370, 7.4673 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

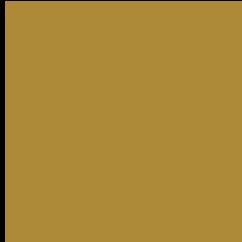
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.0116, 27.3370, 7.4673 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 27.0116, 27.3370, 7.4673**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.0116, 27.3370, 7.4673.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.0116, 27.3370,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

27.0116, 27.3370, 7.4673

### Protanopia

24.8343, 27.3014, 7.7022

### Deuteranopia

27.8781, 27.3588, 7.5528



## Tritanopia

31.1009, 27.1483, 28.0270

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

27.0116, 27.3370, 7.4673

## Protanomaly

25.5485, 27.2278, 7.6503

## Deuteranomaly

27.5640, 27.4070, 7.5787

## Tritanomaly

29.0895, 26.9323, 17.8526

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

27.0116, 27.3370, 7.4673

## Achromatopsia

24.5403, 25.8183, 28.1161

## Achromatomaly

24.7019, 26.1273, 17.9285

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 27.0116, 27.3370, 7.4673 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 138, 55)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 138, 55)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 138, 55) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 138, 55) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 27.0116, 27.3370, 7.4673 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 138, 55) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 138, 55) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 138, 55)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 138, 55); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 138, 55);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 138,  
55) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 27.0116, 27.3370, 7.4673 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 138, 55) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
138, 55) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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