

# Converting Colors

XYZ(27.1186, 21.7449, 17.5478)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(27.1186, 21.7449, 17.5478)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(27.1055, 21.7664,  
17.5246)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B46D6E
RGB	180, 109, 110
RGB Percent	71%, 43%, 43%
CMY	0.2941, 0.5725, 0.5686
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.39, 0.29
HSL	359°, 32%, 57%
HSV	359°, 39%, 71%
XYZ	27.1055, 21.7664, 17.5246
YIQ	130.3430, 41.9950, 15.3630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

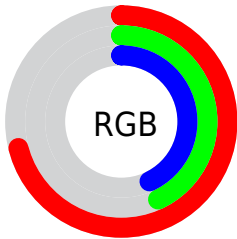
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	180, 109, 110
Decimal	11824494
CIELab	53.78, 28.34, 11.52
CIElCh	54, 30.593, 22.113
Yxy	21.7664, 0.4082, 0.3278
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290014574 (0xFFB46D6E)
YUV	130.3430, -10.0291, 43.5492
Hunter-Lab	46.6545, 22.0603, 10.3873

# Details

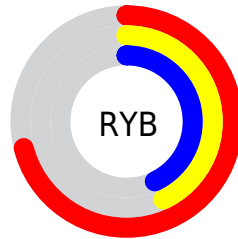
The XYZ color **27.1055, 21.7664, 17.5246** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **30.7656, 39.1488, 48.5849**, and the grayscale version is **21.3642, 22.4768, 24.4772**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.5264, 46.2755, 40.2406**, and **10.9705, 7.9506, 5.6590** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.5068, 17.9635, 12.3590**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.2921, 26.4353, 23.8413**.

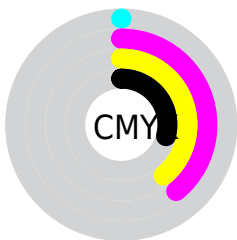
# Distribution



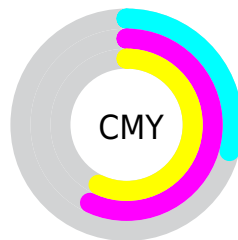
- Red (71%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (29%)




- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (57%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 27.1055, 21.7664, 17.5246 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 27.1055, 21.7664, 17.5246 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 27.1055, 21.7664,  
17.5246


 27.1055, 21.7664,  
17.5246


280.3258,  
261.3239, 250.3231


 17.7895, 13.6854,  
10.4433


 54.4718, 46.3596,  
40.0285


 10.8977, 7.9022,  
5.5844


 73.2528, 63.6406,  
56.2882

 6.0649, 4.0324,  
2.5294


 95.9195, 84.7569,  
76.4445

 2.9256, 1.6917,  
0.8557

 122.8372,  
110.0931, 100.9158

 1.1145, 0.4183,  
0.0000

154.3714,  
140.0335, 130.1209

 0.0372, 0.0000,  
0.0000

190.8873,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

174.9625, 164.4780

0.0000

232.7503,  
215.2645, 204.4059

■ 27.1055, 21.7664,  
17.5246

■ 27.1055, 21.7664,  
17.5246

■ 24.5068, 17.9635,  
12.3590

■ 30.2921, 26.4353,  
23.8413

■ 22.4584, 14.9703,  
8.2742

■ 34.0977, 32.0153,  
31.3715

■ 20.9213, 12.7292,  
5.1937


■ 38.5532, 38.5526,  
40.1743


■ 19.8505, 11.1733,  
3.0308


■ 43.6868, 46.0889,  
50.3047


■ 19.1931, 10.2243,  
1.6842


■ 49.5254, 54.6639,  
61.8147


 18.8525, 9.7328,  
0.9859

 56.0941, 64.3147,  
74.7532

 18.8362, 9.7088,  
0.9537

 63.4170, 75.0768,  
89.1668

 71.5169, 86.9841,  
105.1000

 72.6324, 88.4433,  
107.8509

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.5929, 21.7664, 26.2684



27.1055, 21.7664, 17.5246



24.8124, 21.7664, 12.1028

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.1055, 21.7664, 17.5246



16.0951, 21.7664, 14.2404



19.8341, 21.7664, 46.4990

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.1055, 21.7664, 17.5246



30.7656, 39.1488, 48.5849

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.0485, 21.7664, 41.0246



27.1055, 21.7664, 17.5246



15.0438, 21.7664, 21.3045

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.1055, 21.7664, 17.5246



18.4017, 21.7664, 10.5859



15.3734, 21.7664, 31.1782



23.1569, 21.7664, 44.7063



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.1055, 21.7664, 17.5246



22.6885, 21.7664, 10.3217



15.3734, 21.7664, 31.1782



18.8093, 21.7664, 45.4061

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.1061, 21.7675, 17.5250



67.5516, 66.4501, 68.1966



32.2554, 23.7955, 46.0729



14.3726, 14.0281, 14.2899



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.1061, 21.7675, 17.5250



45.1376, 33.5977, 23.8056



31.4534, 30.5484, 18.7081



8.5010, 8.5071, 8.8709



13.1486, 6.7770, 0.6767



0.4153, 0.2139, 0.0297



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.1061, 21.7675, 17.5250



45.1376, 33.5977, 23.8056



24.7760, 27.0078, 47.0871



8.5010, 8.5071, 8.8709



13.1486, 6.7770, 0.6767

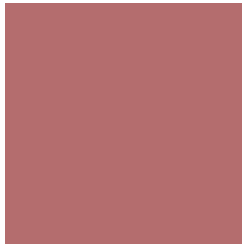


0.4153, 0.2139, 0.0297



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.1055, 21.7664, 17.5246 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.1055, 21.7664, 17.5246 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

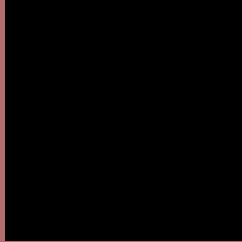
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 27.1055, 21.7664, 17.5246**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.1055, 21.7664, 17.5246.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.1055, 21.7664,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

27.1055, 21.7664, 17.5246

### Protanopia

20.7822, 21.7810, 20.8781

### Deuteranopia

22.2559, 21.8664, 16.9575



## Tritanopia

27.5710, 21.8098, 19.2796

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

27.1055, 21.7664, 17.5246

## Protanomaly

22.5674, 21.4197, 19.4680

## Deuteranomaly

23.8008, 21.7499, 17.1311

## Tritanomaly

27.4559, 21.7638, 18.6733

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

27.1055, 21.7664, 17.5246

## Achromatopsia

21.2178, 22.3228, 24.3095

## Achromatomaly

22.7474, 21.6450, 21.7179

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 27.1055, 21.7664, 17.5246 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 109, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 109, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 109, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 109, 110) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 27.1055, 21.7664, 17.5246 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

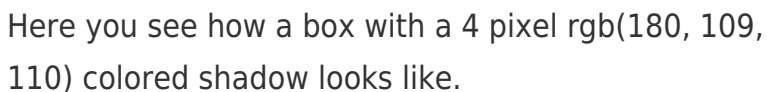
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 109, 110) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 109, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 109, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 109, 110); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 109, 110); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 109, 110) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 27.1055, 21.7664, 17.5246 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 109, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
109, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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