

# Converting Colors

XYZ(27.1480, 32.9818, 49.7350)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(27.1480, 32.9818, 49.7350)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(27.1480, 32.9818,  
49.7350)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	63A5B7
RGB	99, 165, 183
RGB Percent	39%, 65%, 72%
CMY	0.6117, 0.3529, 0.2823
CMYK	0.46, 0.10, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	193°, 37%, 55%
HSV	193°, 46%, 72%
XYZ	27.1480, 32.9818, 49.7350
YIQ	147.3180, -45.1140, -8.3940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

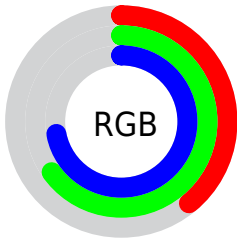
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	99, 136, 183
Decimal	6530487
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	64.15, -16.17, -15.84
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	64, 22.642, 224.409
Yxy	32.9818, 0.2471, 0.3002
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284720567 (0xFF63A5B7)
YUV	147.3180, 17.5912, -42.3749
Hunter-Lab	57.4298, -16.1222, -11.1451

# Details

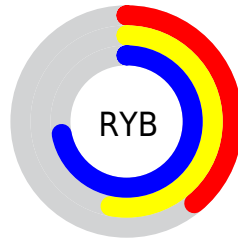
The XYZ color **27.1480, 32.9818, 49.7350** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **28.1426, 23.6915, 14.8951**, and the grayscale version is **27.8085, 29.2567, 31.8605**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.4996, 64.2884, 91.1978**, and **10.9307, 13.9356, 23.2328** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.6745, 30.6734, 49.4204**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.0983, 35.5696, 50.0796**.

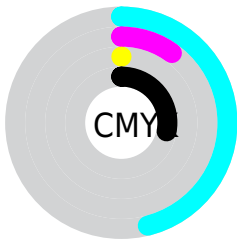
# Distribution



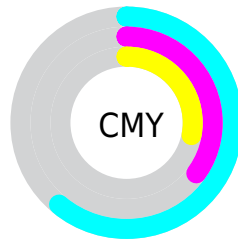
- Red (39%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (28%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (28%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 27.1480, 32.9818, 49.7350 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 27.1480, 32.9818, 49.7350 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 27.1480, 32.9818,  
49.7350

■ 27.1480, 32.9818,  
49.7350

280.5275,  
315.5677, 402.3341

■ 17.8216, 22.1125,  
34.8332

■ 54.5395, 64.3471,  
91.1744

■ 10.9209, 13.9396,  
23.2519

■ 73.3352, 85.6119,  
118.5490

■ 6.0805, 8.0787,  
14.5726

■ 96.0182, 111.1107,  
150.9183

■ 2.9352, 4.1453,  
8.3767

■ 122.9536,  
141.2278, 188.7009

■ 1.1196, 1.7552,  
4.2457

154.5069,  
176.3477, 232.3152

■ 0.0414, 0.4590,  
1.7611

191.0434,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

216.8547, 282.1798

0.4021

232.9285,  
263.1332, 338.7132

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 27.1480, 32.9818,  
49.7350

■ 27.1480, 32.9818,  
49.7350

■ 24.6745, 30.6734,  
49.4204

■ 30.0983, 35.5696,  
50.0796

■ 22.6435, 28.6244,  
49.1319

■ 33.5505, 38.4479,  
50.4532

■ 21.0209, 26.8175,  
48.8687

■ 37.5317, 41.6317,  
50.8579

■ 19.7661, 25.2315,  
48.6287

■ 42.0660, 45.1336,  
51.2949

■ 18.8274, 23.8395,  
48.4095

■ 47.1761, 48.9657,  
51.7652

■ 18.4886, 23.3015,  
48.3235

■ 52.8834, 53.1392,  
52.2699

■ 59.2079, 57.6647,  
52.8101

■ 66.1691, 62.5525,  
53.3867

■ 70.5098, 66.1238,  
53.8472

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.7493, 32.9818, 40.4859



27.1480, 32.9818, 49.7350



29.7206, 32.9818, 55.7393

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.1480, 32.9818, 49.7350



37.6679, 32.9818, 40.8679



29.8393, 32.9818, 21.3841

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.1480, 32.9818, 49.7350



28.1426, 23.6915, 14.8951

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.0342, 32.9818, 21.4508



27.1480, 32.9818, 49.7350



37.7051, 32.9818, 31.6955

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.1480, 32.9818, 49.7350



35.8623, 32.9818, 50.0555



35.9607, 32.9818, 24.9209



27.2297, 32.9818, 24.7197



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.1480, 32.9818, 49.7350



31.8245, 32.9818, 56.5438



35.9607, 32.9818, 24.9209



30.8767, 32.9818, 21.0300

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.1490, 32.9831, 49.7358



68.5027, 75.5670, 91.2111



25.2207, 37.7767, 22.4255



14.7649, 16.4041, 20.1097



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.1490, 32.9831, 49.7358



44.1875, 54.9315, 88.5096



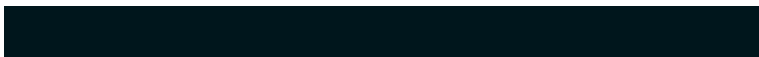
20.9266, 20.5381, 47.6616



9.0990, 9.8752, 11.5060



12.9492, 16.3581, 33.7280



0.4979, 0.6594, 1.2028



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.7827, 21.7086, 38.1663



51.7371, 33.1004, 64.1147



33.9741, 35.3546, 16.8389



9.2963, 9.1289, 10.9077



17.1499, 8.4337, 19.2077

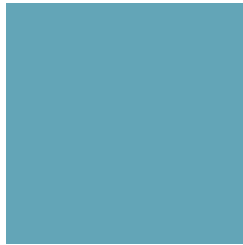


0.6255, 0.3057, 0.7871



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.1480, 32.9818, 49.7350 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

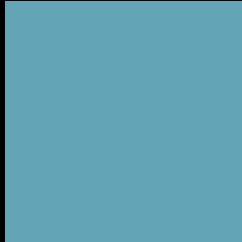
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.1480, 32.9818, 49.7350 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

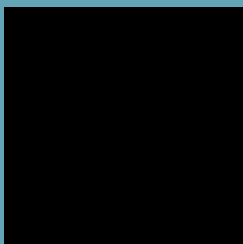
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

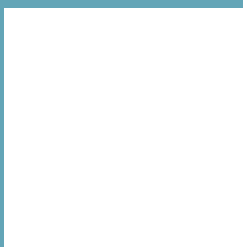
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 27.1480, 32.9818, 49.7350**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.1480, 32.9818, 49.7350.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.1480, 32.9818,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

27.1480, 32.9818, 49.7350

### Protanopia

32.0560, 32.7857, 45.1962

### Deuteranopia

33.2560, 32.5484, 50.9841



## Tritanopia

26.8099, 33.1238, 47.6283

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

27.1480, 32.9818, 49.7350

## Protanomaly

29.7785, 32.5736, 46.8373

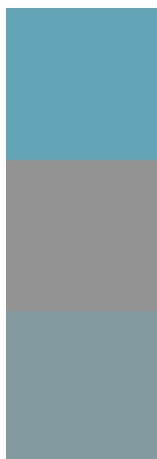
## Deuteranomaly

30.4769, 32.3480, 50.5364

## Tritanomaly

26.9114, 33.1644, 48.1630

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

27.1480, 32.9818, 49.7350

## Achromatopsia

27.7328, 29.1771, 31.7738

## Achromatomaly

27.1067, 30.3951, 37.6959

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 27.1480, 32.9818, 49.7350 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 165, 183)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 165, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 165, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 165, 183) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 27.1480, 32.9818, 49.7350 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

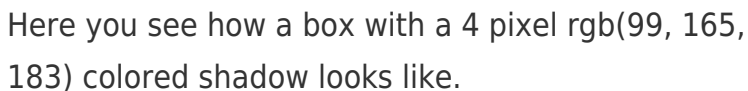
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 165, 183) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 165, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 165, 183)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 165, 183); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 165, 183); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 165, 183) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 27.1480, 32.9818, 49.7350 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 165, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 165,  
183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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