

# Converting Colors

XYZ(27.1720, 12.4884, 83.4168)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(27.1720, 12.4884, 83.4168)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(27.2563, 12.5318,  
83.4204)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8F11F0
RGB	143, 17, 240
RGB Percent	56%, 7%, 94%
CMY	0.4392, 0.9333, 0.0588
CMYK	0.40, 0.93, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	274°, 88%, 50%
HSV	274°, 93%, 94%
XYZ	27.2563, 12.5318, 83.4204
YIQ	80.0960, 3.5130, 96.0650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

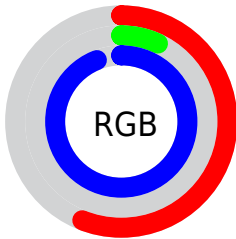
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	143, 17, 240
Decimal	9376240
CIE Lab	42.05, 79.51, -82.92
CIE LCh	42, 114.881, 313.796
Yxy	12.5318, 0.2212, 0.1017
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287566320 (0xFF8F11F0)
YUV	80.0960, 78.8327, 55.1668
Hunter-Lab	35.4003, 75.4848, -114.9361

# Details

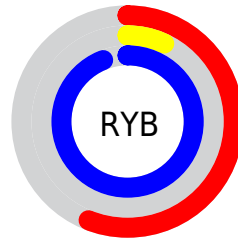
The XYZ color **27.2563, 12.5318, 83.4204** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9933FF**. The color can be described as middle washed purple. A complement of this color would be **38.2001, 65.9379, 11.2442**, and the grayscale version is **7.4952, 7.8855, 8.5874**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46.5242, 27.2021, 97.4062**, and **11.7518, 5.0829, 44.6177** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.8184, 11.4930, 83.2960**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.7418, 14.6926, 83.7068**.

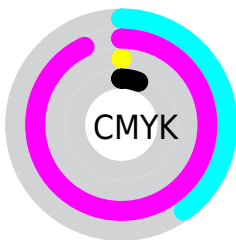
# Distribution



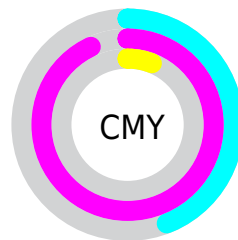
- Red (56%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (6%)




- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (6%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 27.2563, 12.5318, 83.4204 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 27.2563, 12.5318, 83.4204 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 27.2563, 12.5318,  
83.4204


 27.2563, 12.5318,  
83.4204


281.0409,  
207.8948, 526.3942


 17.9034, 7.1069,  
61.9944


 54.7119, 30.4600,  
140.0186


 10.9799, 3.5291,  
44.5924


 73.5452, 43.7322,  
176.0279


 6.1205, 1.4138,  
30.7959


 96.2694, 60.3889,  
217.7353

 2.9599, 0.2269,  
20.1863

 123.2499, 80.8146,  
265.5595

 1.1326, 0.0000,  
12.3451

 154.8519,  
105.3937, 319.9190

 0.0521, 0.0000,  
6.8538

 191.4408,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

134.5105, 381.2322

3.2938

233.3821,  
168.5494, 449.9178

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.2465

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0174

■ 27.2563, 12.5318,  
83.4204

■ 27.2563, 12.5318,  
83.4204

■ 25.8184, 11.4930,  
83.2960

■ 29.7418, 14.6926,  
83.7068

■ 32.9040, 17.9517,  
84.1692

■ 36.8277, 22.4714,  
84.8348

■ 41.5829, 28.3857,  
85.7257

■ 47.2308, 35.8108,  
86.8612

■ 53.8261, 44.8506,  
88.2585

■ 61.4186, 55.5993,  
89.9330

■ 70.0545, 68.1439,  
91.8992

■ 79.7768, 82.5652,  
94.1704

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.2675, 12.5318, 129.0435



27.2563, 12.5318, 83.4204



35.6329, 12.5318, 31.4053

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.2563, 12.5318, 83.4204



17.1011, 12.5318, 0.0000



2.0265, 12.5318, 28.1968

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.2563, 12.5318, 83.4204



38.2001, 65.9379, 11.2442

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.0817, 12.5318, 4.2845



27.2563, 12.5318, 83.4204



8.4114, 12.5318, 0.0000

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.2563, 12.5318, 83.4204



28.1116, 12.5318, 0.0000



3.7823, 12.5318, 0.0000



3.5599, 12.5318, 78.8392



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.2563, 12.5318, 83.4204



36.9266, 12.5318, 10.7645



3.7823, 12.5318, 0.0000



1.8951, 12.5318, 16.9983

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.2571, 12.5322, 83.4207



65.8307, 57.1734, 102.1737



22.3614, 19.2146, 84.9686



13.3085, 11.1381, 21.6984



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.2571, 12.5322, 83.4207



29.5666, 13.1570, 95.5890



50.2577, 24.5750, 76.1138



15.7520, 15.6694, 19.9159



14.2889, 6.3716, 45.6046



1.3026, 0.5888, 3.7992



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.1727, 20.1410, 17.7409



44.1045, 22.4058, 17.0143



31.6027, 62.5241, 11.5107



16.0583, 15.8730, 17.8632



21.1142, 10.7181, 8.5179

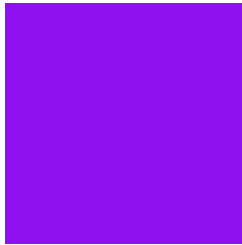


1.8056, 0.9113, 0.9669



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.2563, 12.5318, 83.4204 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

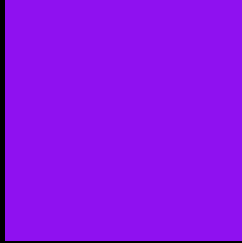
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.2563, 12.5318, 83.4204 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

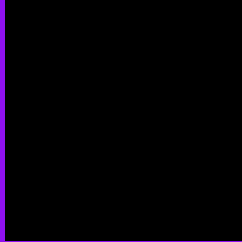
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 27.2563, 12.5318, 83.4204**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.2563, 12.5318, 83.4204.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.2563, 12.5318,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

27.2563, 12.5318, 83.4204

### Protanopia

14.9624, 12.6775, 58.1583

### Deuteranopia

12.5881, 12.7956, 42.3638



## Tritanopia

13.2110, 12.4754, 14.2821

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

27.2563, 12.5318, 83.4204



## Protanomaly

15.8180, 9.7022, 66.0048



## Deuteranomaly

14.0423, 9.4883, 55.1241



## Tritanomaly

15.9279, 10.4485, 30.8830

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

27.2563, 12.5318, 83.4204



## Achromatopsia

7.6249, 8.0220, 8.7359



## Achromatomaly

11.6441, 7.6448, 24.9066

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 27.2563, 12.5318, 83.4204 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 17, 240)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 17, 240)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 17, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 17, 240) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 27.2563, 12.5318, 83.4204 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 17, 240) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 17, 240) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 17, 240)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 17, 240); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 17, 240);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 17,  
240) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 27.2563, 12.5318, 83.4204 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 17, 240) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143, 17,  
240) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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