

# Converting Colors

XYZ(27.1942, 34.6858, 31.2787)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(27.1942, 34.6858, 31.2787)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(27.2178, 34.7976,  
31.2687)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	79AA8F
RGB	121, 170, 143
RGB Percent	47%, 67%, 56%
CMY	0.5255, 0.3333, 0.4392
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.16, 0.33
HSL	147°, 22%, 57%
HSV	147°, 29%, 67%
XYZ	27.2178, 34.7976, 31.2687
YIQ	152.2710, -20.5370, -18.7850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

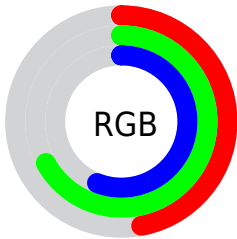
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	121, 155, 170
Decimal	7973519
CIELab	65.59, -22.12, 8.72
CIELCh	66, 23.777, 158.478
Yxy	34.7976, 0.2918, 0.3730
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286163599 (0xFF79AA8F)
YUV	152.2710, -4.5706, -27.4247
Hunter-Lab	58.9895, -20.8716, 9.8647

# Details

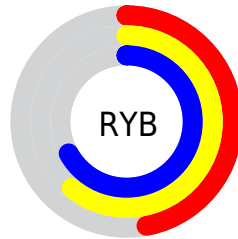
The XYZ color **27.2178, 34.7976, 31.2687** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **28.7614, 24.3597, 31.2043**, and the grayscale version is **29.9883, 31.5501, 34.3580**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.4588, 66.8803, 62.8622**, and **11.0528, 15.0868, 12.6854** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.3620, 33.4049, 27.5843**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.5547, 36.4333, 35.2865**.

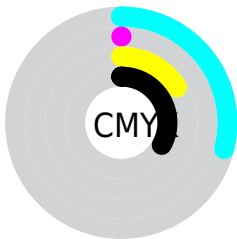
# Distribution



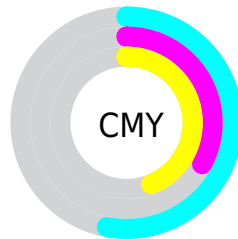
- Red (47%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (33%)




- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (44%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 27.2178, 34.7976, 31.2687 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 27.2178, 34.7976, 31.2687 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 27.2178, 34.7976,  
31.2687


 27.2178, 34.7976,  
31.2687


280.8585,  
323.6740, 322.1638


 17.8743, 23.5070,  
20.5434


 54.6506, 67.1721,  
62.7474

 10.9589, 14.9683,  
12.6026


 73.4706, 89.0248,  
84.3378

 6.1063, 8.7972,  
7.0280


 96.1801, 115.1670,  
110.3870

 2.9511, 4.6091,  
3.4009

123.1446,  
145.9830, 141.3136

 1.1280, 2.0198,  
1.3028

154.7293,  
181.8574, 177.5360

 0.0483, 0.6189,  
0.0641

191.2996,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

223.1744, 219.4728

0.0000

233.2209,  
270.3185, 267.5425

■ 27.2178, 34.7976,  
31.2687

■ 27.2178, 34.7976,  
31.2687

■ 24.3620, 33.4049,  
27.5843

■ 30.5547, 36.4333,  
35.2865

■ 21.9608, 32.2390,  
24.2223

■ 34.3916, 38.3188,  
39.6437

■ 19.9898, 31.2883,  
21.1746

■ 38.7498, 40.4660,  
44.3489

■ 18.4207, 30.5385,  
18.4316

■ 43.6488, 42.8845,  
49.4099

■ 17.2217, 29.9734,  
15.9833

■ 49.1067, 45.5838,  
54.8342

■ 16.3559, 29.5740,  
13.8192

■ 55.1409, 48.5725,  
60.6290

■ 15.7551, 29.3056,  
11.9266

■ 61.7680, 51.8592,  
66.8012

■ 15.6912, 29.2771,  
11.7210

■ 68.2630, 55.0698,  
73.3230

■ 69.5236, 55.5741,  
79.9615

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.0732, 34.7976, 24.7510



27.2178, 34.7976, 31.2687



26.8729, 34.7976, 40.7924

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.2178, 34.7976, 31.2687



34.0730, 34.7976, 60.2443



38.6084, 34.7976, 27.1478

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.2178, 34.7976, 31.2687



28.7614, 24.3597, 31.2043

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.1626, 34.7976, 35.1262



27.2178, 34.7976, 31.2687



37.4261, 34.7976, 55.0064

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.2178, 34.7976, 31.2687



30.6737, 34.7976, 58.7186



39.7153, 34.7976, 45.3827



35.5966, 34.7976, 22.6791



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.2178, 34.7976, 31.2687



27.5210, 34.7976, 47.8076



39.7153, 34.7976, 45.3827



39.3280, 34.7976, 29.4464

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.2188, 34.7990, 31.2695



62.1458, 69.3987, 71.6478



30.1790, 36.4992, 23.5440



13.6265, 15.3619, 15.7194



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.2188, 34.7990, 31.2695



45.7616, 61.3677, 52.1147



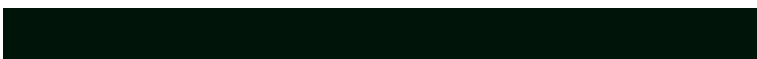
29.2115, 35.5961, 41.7629



7.5715, 8.4616, 8.7296



11.5695, 21.5466, 8.7657



0.3075, 0.5346, 0.3500



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.7614, 24.3597, 31.2043



49.0507, 39.1012, 51.9696



27.0709, 23.6835, 22.3023



7.6976, 7.6089, 8.7246



13.6986, 6.8882, 8.4905



0.3585, 0.1777, 0.3394



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.2178, 34.7976, 31.2687 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.2178, 34.7976, 31.2687 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

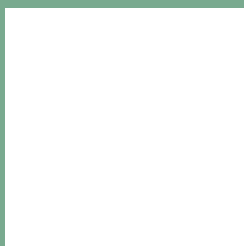
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 27.2178, 34.7976, 31.2687**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.2178, 34.7976, 31.2687.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.2178, 34.7976,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

27.2178, 34.7976, 31.2687

### Protanopia

32.6786, 34.4754, 28.5990

### Deuteranopia

35.2481, 34.4728, 32.3999



## Tritanopia

30.3931, 34.7138, 47.2180

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

27.2178, 34.7976, 31.2687

## Protanomaly

30.1582, 34.1888, 29.4357

## Deuteranomaly

31.6870, 34.1407, 32.1139

## Tritanomaly

29.0677, 34.7140, 40.7658

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

27.2178, 34.7976, 31.2687

## Achromatopsia

29.8446, 31.3989, 34.1934

## Achromatomaly

28.8075, 32.6289, 33.2135

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 27.2178, 34.7976, 31.2687 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 170, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 170, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 170, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 170, 143) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 27.2178, 34.7976, 31.2687 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 170, 143) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 170, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 170, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 170, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 170, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 170,  
143) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 27.2178, 34.7976, 31.2687 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 170, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
170, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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