

# Converting Colors

XYZ(27.2386, 20.4109, 0.3445)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(27.2386, 20.4109, 0.3445)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(27.5634, 20.5552,  
2.5148)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C66100
RGB	198, 97, 0
RGB Percent	78%, 38%, 0%
CMY	0.2235, 0.6196, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.51, 1.00, 0.22
HSL	29°, 100%, 39%
HSV	29°, 100%, 78%
XYZ	27.5634, 20.5552, 2.5148
YIQ	116.1410, 91.3330, -8.7550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

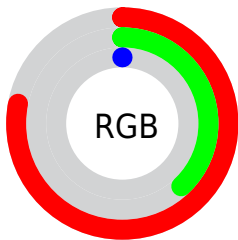
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	198, 190, 0
Decimal	13000960
CIE Lab	52.46, 35.87, 61.08
CIE LCh	52, 70.832, 59.573
Yxy	20.5552, 0.5444, 0.4060
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291191040 (0xFFC66100)
YUV	116.1410, -57.2575, 71.7903
Hunter-Lab	45.3378, 29.1789, 28.4478

# Details

The XYZ color **27.5634, 20.5552, 2.5148** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6600**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **14.8465, 13.3841, 55.2265**, and the grayscale version is **16.7953, 17.6700, 19.2426**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52.8846, 43.1138, 10.2371**, and **11.3330, 7.3514, 0.8216** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.5636, 20.5558, 2.5149**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.6818, 22.5931, 3.5020**.

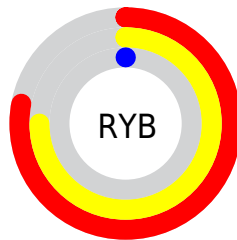
# Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (38%)

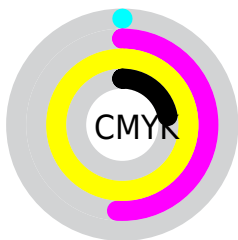
Blue (0%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (0%)

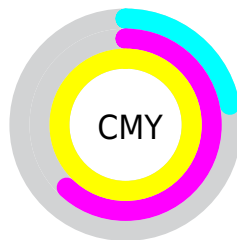


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (62%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 27.5634, 20.5552, 2.5148 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 27.5634, 20.5552, 2.5148 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 27.5634, 20.5552,  
2.5148


 27.5634, 20.5552,  
2.5148


282.4928,  
254.9051, 129.9184


 18.1356, 12.7993,  
0.8480


 55.2002, 44.3461,  
10.4057

 11.1476, 7.2905,  
0.0000


 74.1398, 61.1498,  
17.4714

 6.2343, 3.6444,  
0.0000


 96.9808, 81.7383,  
27.1754

 3.0300, 1.4767,  
0.0000

 124.0884,  
106.4958, 39.9363

 1.1697, 0.2722,  
0.0000

 155.8281,  
135.8069, 56.1724


 0.0822, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 192.5651,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


170.0559, 76.3025


0.0000


 234.6649,  
209.6271, 100.7450


 27.5634, 20.5552,  
2.5148


 27.5634, 20.5552,  
2.5148


 27.5636, 20.5558,  
2.5149

 28.6818, 22.5931,  
3.5020

 30.0501, 24.9268,  
5.2000

 31.7173, 27.5834,  
7.8454

 33.7106, 30.5798,  
11.5621

 36.0532, 33.9313,  
16.4548

■ 38.7660, 37.6517,  
22.6157

■ 41.8678, 41.7541,  
30.1277

■ 45.3762, 46.2507,  
39.0664

■ 49.3073, 51.1530,  
49.5020

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.5056, 20.5552, 7.8034



27.5634, 20.5552, 2.5148



19.6421, 20.5552, 1.4315

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.5634, 20.5552, 2.5148



8.5752, 20.5552, 22.0824



27.3358, 20.5552, 78.8965

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.5634, 20.5552, 2.5148



14.8465, 13.3841, 55.2265

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.4325, 20.5552, 91.6872



27.5634, 20.5552, 2.5148



9.6777, 20.5552, 48.7381

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.5634, 20.5552, 2.5148



9.7434, 20.5552, 7.5488



13.2431, 20.5552, 78.2036



34.3527, 20.5552, 49.6164



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.5634, 20.5552, 2.5148



15.1927, 20.5552, 1.8369



13.2431, 20.5552, 78.2036



24.6396, 20.5552, 85.8569

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.5638, 20.5563, 2.5152



73.8767, 73.5955, 52.6948



25.7018, 12.9711, 13.7981



15.2940, 15.0719, 10.0062



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.5638, 20.5563, 2.5152



48.5648, 35.9095, 4.3716



42.7363, 50.9012, 7.5726



11.0557, 11.4805, 11.1960



18.0106, 13.5384, 1.6639



0.9253, 0.7860, 0.1029

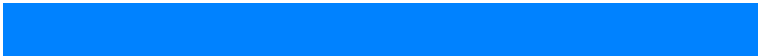


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.8465, 13.3841, 55.2265



26.0419, 23.2039, 97.7140



10.2289, 4.1490, 53.6873



10.4964, 11.1669, 13.5197



9.7408, 8.8755, 35.9441



0.5336, 0.5650, 1.7261



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.5634, 20.5552, 2.5148 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.5634, 20.5552, 2.5148 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 27.5634, 20.5552, 2.5148**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.5634, 20.5552, 2.5148.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.5634, 20.5552,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

27.5634, 20.5552, 2.5148

### Protanopia

18.7174, 20.7130, 3.5418

### Deuteranopia

20.8949, 20.5646, 2.8681



## Tritanopia

29.8549, 20.5744, 13.4641

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

27.5634, 20.5552, 2.5148

## Protanomaly

21.0914, 19.9670, 3.0590

## Deuteranomaly

22.9180, 20.2531, 2.7013

## Tritanomaly

28.5761, 20.4450, 6.8550

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

27.5634, 20.5552, 2.5148

## Achromatopsia

16.6002, 17.4647, 19.0191

## Achromatomaly

18.5587, 17.5427, 8.8865

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 27.5634, 20.5552, 2.5148 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 97, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(198, 97, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 97, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 97, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 27.5634, 20.5552, 2.5148 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 97, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 97, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 97, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 97, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 97, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 97, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 27.5634, 20.5552, 2.5148 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 97, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198, 97,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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