

# Converting Colors

XYZ(27.3867, 38.5609, 37.2169)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(27.3867, 38.5609, 37.2169)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(27.3641, 38.5607,  
37.0111)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5DB79B
RGB	93, 183, 155
RGB Percent	36%, 72%, 61%
CMY	0.6353, 0.2823, 0.3922
CMYK	0.49, 0.00, 0.15, 0.28
HSL	161°, 38%, 54%
HSV	161°, 49%, 72%
XYZ	27.3641, 38.5607, 37.0111
YIQ	152.8980, -44.6520, -27.7880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

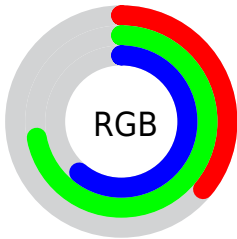
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	93, 146, 183
Decimal	6141851
CIELab	68.43, -33.78, 5.99
CIElCh	68, 34.303, 169.938
Yxy	38.5607, 0.2658, 0.3746
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284331931 (0xFF5DB79B)
YUV	152.8980, 1.0363, -52.5305
Hunter-Lab	62.0973, -30.0115, 8.1302

# Details

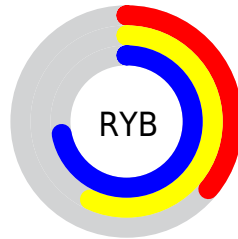
The XYZ color **27.3641, 38.5607, 37.0111** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. A complement of this color would be **26.8953, 19.2775, 20.3940**, and the grayscale version is **30.2444, 31.8194, 34.6514**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.7696, 72.7260, 71.4725**, and **10.9761, 17.0233, 15.8040** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.2620, 37.5320, 34.4757**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.9341, 39.8300, 39.6878**.

# Distribution



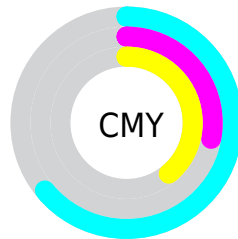
- Red (36%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (28%)




- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (39%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 27.3641, 38.5607, 37.0111 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 27.3641, 38.5607, 37.0111 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 27.3641, 38.5607,  
37.0111


 27.3641, 38.5607,  
37.0111


281.5512,  
340.0191, 348.5287


 17.9849, 26.4182,  
24.9202


 54.8834, 72.9667,  
71.7764

 11.0387, 17.1367,  
15.7992

 73.7541, 95.9990,  
95.2879

 6.1604, 10.3320,  
9.2293


 96.5193, 123.4300,  
123.4433

 2.9844, 5.6196,  
4.7922

 123.5445,  
155.6441, 156.6612

 1.1455, 2.6152,  
2.0693

155.1949,  
193.0256, 195.3602

 0.0627, 0.9343,  
0.5974

191.8360,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

235.9590, 239.9587

0.0000

233.8329,  
284.8288, 290.8754

■ 27.3641, 38.5607,  
37.0111

■ 27.3641, 38.5607,  
37.0111

■ 25.2620, 37.5320,  
34.4757

■ 29.9341, 39.8300,  
39.6878

■ 23.5922, 36.7225,  
32.0759

■ 32.9981, 41.3503,  
42.5060

■ 22.3189, 36.1150,  
29.8091


■ 36.5839, 43.1370,  
45.4695


■ 21.3990, 35.6871,  
27.6716


■ 40.7163, 45.2028,  
48.5810


■ 20.7533, 35.3982,  
25.6581


■ 45.4187, 47.5596,  
51.8429

 20.7043, 35.3764,  
25.4980

 50.7128, 50.2187,  
55.2579

 56.6192, 53.1907,  
58.8282

 63.1577, 56.4857,  
62.5562

 69.3446, 59.5965,  
66.3973

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.2773, 38.5607, 25.6337



27.3641, 38.5607, 37.0111



27.7459, 38.5607, 52.9428

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.3641, 38.5607, 37.0111



40.2998, 38.5607, 76.5254



43.7339, 38.5607, 23.1201

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.3641, 38.5607, 37.0111



26.8953, 19.2775, 20.3940

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.2822, 38.5607, 32.6560



27.3641, 38.5607, 37.0111



45.1688, 38.5607, 64.1329

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.3641, 38.5607, 37.0111



34.8698, 38.5607, 78.5159



47.8316, 38.5607, 47.3880



38.4914, 38.5607, 19.0176



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.3641, 38.5607, 37.0111



29.2649, 38.5607, 64.0681



47.8316, 38.5607, 47.3880



45.1852, 38.5607, 25.6688

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.3652, 38.5622, 37.0120



68.3094, 78.6485, 83.5912



26.8659, 38.7601, 16.4220



14.7538, 17.2044, 18.2067



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.3652, 38.5622, 37.0120



44.9768, 67.0873, 61.3925



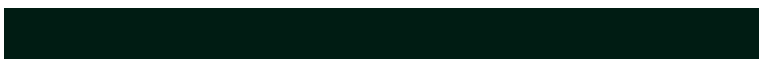
26.7899, 33.2021, 49.7982



9.1445, 10.1618, 10.9183



14.4750, 24.6910, 17.9553



0.5368, 0.8810, 0.7724



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.8953, 19.2775, 20.3940



44.0615, 28.5387, 28.2936



27.0276, 21.9029, 13.1598



9.1166, 9.0570, 9.9615



14.1651, 7.2398, 3.4902

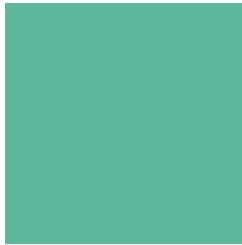


0.5281, 0.2667, 0.2743



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.3641, 38.5607, 37.0111 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.3641, 38.5607, 37.0111 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 27.3641, 38.5607, 37.0111**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.3641, 38.5607, 37.0111.



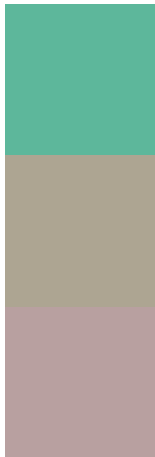
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.3641, 38.5607,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

27.3641, 38.5607, 37.0111

### Protanopia

35.8770, 37.8698, 32.6128

### Deuteranopia

38.6831, 37.8700, 38.5285



## Tritanopia

31.1437, 38.5896, 55.6763

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

27.3641, 38.5607, 37.0111



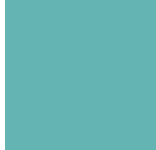
## Protanomaly

31.6789, 37.6043, 34.0225



## Deuteranomaly

32.9367, 37.0532, 37.7638



## Tritanomaly

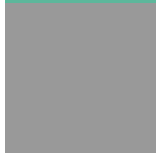
29.7135, 38.6065, 48.5336

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

27.3641, 38.5607, 37.0111



## Achromatopsia

30.2779, 31.8547, 34.6897



## Achromatomaly

28.4683, 33.7093, 35.5780

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 27.3641, 38.5607, 37.0111 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 183, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 183, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 183, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 183, 155) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 27.3641, 38.5607, 37.0111 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 183, 155) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 183, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 183, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 183, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 183, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 183,  
155) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 27.3641, 38.5607, 37.0111 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 183, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 183,  
155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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