

# Converting Colors

XYZ(27.4545, 24.0652, 13.7993)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(27.4545, 24.0652, 13.7993)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(27.4482, 24.0666,  
13.7883)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B3795E
RGB	179, 121, 94
RGB Percent	70%, 47%, 37%
CMY	0.2980, 0.5255, 0.6314
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.47, 0.30
HSL	19°, 36%, 54%
HSV	19°, 47%, 70%
XYZ	27.4482, 24.0666, 13.7883
YIQ	135.2640, 43.2350, 3.8990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

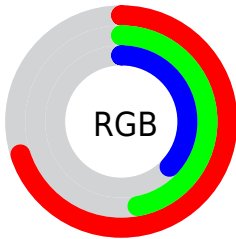
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	179, 134, 94
Decimal	11762014
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	56.15, 19.48, 23.97
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	56, 30.889, 50.897
Yxy	24.0666, 0.4203, 0.3685
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289952094 (0xFFB3795E)
YUV	135.2640, -20.3432, 38.3565
Hunter-Lab	49.0577, 14.0212, 17.6762

# Details

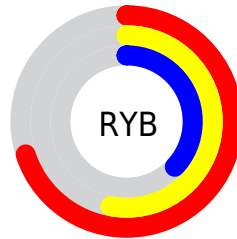
The XYZ color **27.4482, 24.0666, 13.7883** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **23.9805, 28.0897, 46.8058**, and the grayscale version is **23.1897, 24.3974, 26.5687**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55.1719, 50.3210, 33.5931**, and **11.1426, 9.1251, 3.8634** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.3449, 20.9998, 9.5735**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.9270, 27.5862, 19.0477**.

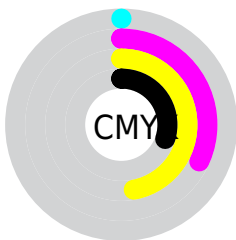
# Distribution



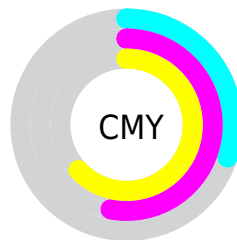
- Red (70%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (63%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 27.4482, 24.0666, 13.7883 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 27.4482, 24.0666, 13.7883 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 27.4482, 24.0666,  
13.7883


 27.4482, 24.0666,  
13.7883


281.9489,  
273.1570, 227.2923

 18.0484, 15.3830,  
7.8365


 55.0171, 50.1389,  
33.4246

 11.0847, 9.0886,  
3.9042


 73.9169, 68.2963,  
47.9462

 6.1915, 4.7990,  
1.5730


 96.7142, 90.3806,  
66.1615

 3.0037, 2.1298,  
0.2714

 123.7742,  
116.7760, 88.4891

 1.1557, 0.6813,  
0.0000

155.4623,  
147.8669, 115.3474

 0.0710, 0.0000,  
0.0000

192.1439,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

184.0378, 147.1550

0.0000

234.1843,  
225.6730, 184.3304

■ 27.4482, 24.0666,  
13.7883

■ 27.4482, 24.0666,  
13.7883

■ 25.3449, 20.9998,  
9.5735

■ 29.9270, 27.5862,  
19.0477

■ 23.5951, 18.3629,  
6.3307

■ 32.7978, 31.5729,  
25.4147

■ 22.1773, 16.1364,  
3.9802


■ 36.0784, 36.0450,  
32.9489


■ 21.0663, 14.2976,  
2.4289


■ 39.7849, 41.0185,  
41.7053


■ 20.2277, 12.8188,  
1.5374


■ 43.9325, 46.5086,  
51.7353

 20.0470, 12.4969,  
1.3555

 48.5355, 52.5300,  
63.0873

 53.6076, 59.0967,  
75.8073

 59.1621, 66.2223,  
89.9389

 65.1951, 73.9132,  
105.4383

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.8509, 24.0666, 19.8405



27.4482, 24.0666, 13.7883



23.9699, 24.0666, 11.2700

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.4482, 24.0666, 13.7883



16.7832, 24.0666, 23.2360



25.3928, 24.0666, 48.9969

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.4482, 24.0666, 13.7883



23.9805, 28.0897, 46.8058

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.8131, 24.0666, 50.5894



27.4482, 24.0666, 13.7883



17.0798, 24.0666, 33.8016

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.4482, 24.0666, 13.7883



17.9828, 24.0666, 15.7206



18.8395, 24.0666, 44.4577



28.5817, 24.0666, 40.5443



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.4482, 24.0666, 13.7883



21.6102, 24.0666, 11.3306



18.8395, 24.0666, 44.4577



24.1874, 24.0666, 50.4250

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.4488, 24.0678, 13.7888



66.6872, 67.3498, 63.8612



28.2676, 19.8591, 32.0850



14.4705, 14.5117, 13.4356



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.4488, 24.0678, 13.7888



45.2283, 37.3673, 16.8300



33.7822, 36.7346, 15.8999



8.7094, 8.9313, 8.9174



14.2188, 8.9362, 0.9754



0.5013, 0.3889, 0.0487



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.9805, 28.0897, 46.8058



38.2237, 45.3654, 83.1230



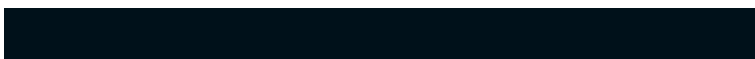
18.2841, 16.6968, 44.9070



8.5105, 9.1671, 10.8272



10.7397, 12.2798, 31.9412



0.3876, 0.4857, 1.0216



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.4482, 24.0666, 13.7883 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.4482, 24.0666, 13.7883 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

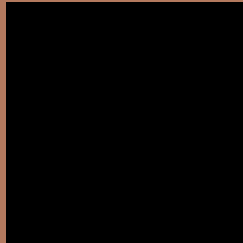
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 27.4482, 24.0666, 13.7883**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.4482, 24.0666, 13.7883.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.4482, 24.0666,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

27.4482, 24.0666, 13.7883

### Protanopia

22.6413, 24.2678, 15.5474

### Deuteranopia

24.4800, 24.0503, 13.4772



## Tritanopia

29.4186, 24.1740, 22.8542

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

27.4482, 24.0666, 13.7883

## Protanomaly

24.0919, 24.0152, 14.9209

## Deuteranomaly

25.5851, 24.0369, 13.6470

## Tritanomaly

28.5718, 23.9955, 19.0453

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

27.4482, 24.0666, 13.7883

## Achromatopsia

23.0288, 24.2281, 26.3844

## Achromatomaly

24.1353, 23.9006, 21.1105

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 27.4482, 24.0666, 13.7883 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 121, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 121, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 121, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 121, 94) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 27.4482, 24.0666, 13.7883 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 121, 94) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 121, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 121, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 121, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 121, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 121,  
94) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 27.4482, 24.0666, 13.7883 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 121, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
121, 94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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