

# Converting Colors

XYZ(27.4919, 18.4187, 5.4278)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(27.4919, 18.4187, 5.4278)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(27.4045, 18.4213,  
5.4794)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C85135
RGB	200, 81, 53
RGB Percent	78%, 32%, 21%
CMY	0.2157, 0.6823, 0.7922
CMYK	0.00, 0.59, 0.73, 0.22
HSL	11°, 58%, 50%
HSV	11°, 73%, 78%
XYZ	27.4045, 18.4213, 5.4794
YIQ	113.3890, 79.9120, 16.5200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

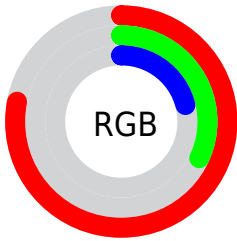
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	200, 88, 53
Decimal	13127989
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	50.00, 45.82, 39.96
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 60.797, 41.091
Yxy	18.4213, 0.5341, 0.3591
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291318069 (0xFFC85135)
YUV	113.3890, -29.7718, 75.9578
Hunter-Lab	42.9200, 38.8624, 22.4748

# Details

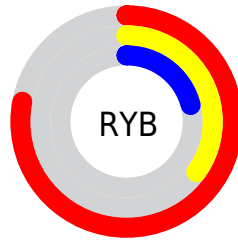
The XYZ color **27.4045, 18.4213, 5.4794** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6633**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **26.6446, 34.4292, 59.8845**, and the grayscale version is **15.8816, 16.7087, 18.1958**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52.1141, 39.2498, 17.1412**, and **11.0552, 6.2431, 0.8234** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.9737, 16.1489, 3.1870**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.3148, 21.3462, 8.8786**.

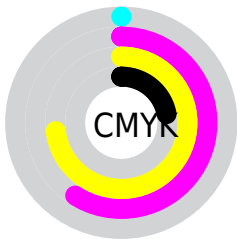
# Distribution



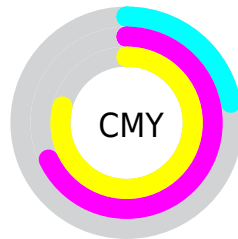
- Red (78%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (79%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 27.4045, 18.4213, 5.4794 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 27.4045, 18.4213, 5.4794 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 27.4045, 18.4213,  
5.4794


 27.4045, 18.4213,  
5.4794


281.7423,  
243.2351, 163.4720


 18.0154, 11.2529,  
2.4676


 54.9476, 40.7539,  
17.2990

 11.0608, 6.2372,  
0.8229


 73.8323, 56.6869,  
26.9439


 6.1753, 2.9898,  
0.0000


 96.6129, 76.3102,  
39.6368

 2.9937, 1.1264,  
0.0000

 123.6549,  
100.0082, 55.7964

 1.1504, 0.0004,  
0.0000

 155.3234,  
128.1653, 75.8412

 0.0667, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 191.9839,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

161.1659, 100.1897

0.0000

234.0018,  
199.3943, 129.2604

■ 27.4045, 18.4213,  
5.4794

■ 27.4045, 18.4213,  
5.4794

■ 25.9737, 16.1489,  
3.1870

■ 29.3148, 21.3462,  
8.8786

■ 24.9748, 14.4741,  
1.8582

■ 31.7435, 24.9663,  
13.5020

■ 24.5158, 13.6722,  
1.3469

■ 34.7263, 29.3243,  
19.4528

■ 38.2957, 34.4583,  
26.8232

■ 42.4815, 40.4040,  
35.6969

■ 47.3113, 47.1947,  
46.1513

■ 52.8112, 54.8619,  
58.2582

■ 59.0056, 63.4354,  
72.0853

■ 65.9179, 72.9437,  
87.6963

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.9957, 18.4213, 14.4873



27.4045, 18.4213, 5.4794



21.4043, 18.4213, 2.4265

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.4045, 18.4213, 5.4794



8.8919, 18.4213, 11.3393



19.7582, 18.4213, 71.0345

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.4045, 18.4213, 5.4794



26.6446, 34.4292, 59.8845

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.1173, 18.4213, 68.4311



27.4045, 18.4213, 5.4794



8.6421, 18.4213, 26.8991

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.4045, 18.4213, 5.4794



11.1189, 18.4213, 4.2753



10.3384, 18.4213, 49.4745



25.9713, 18.4213, 55.3512



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.4045, 18.4213, 5.4794



17.2960, 18.4213, 2.0277



10.3384, 18.4213, 49.4745



17.7235, 18.4213, 72.4249

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.4049, 18.4223, 5.4797



74.4823, 71.2691, 63.8026



32.6401, 17.8446, 41.2845



15.4845, 14.6076, 12.6756



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.4049, 18.4223, 5.4797



43.8879, 26.1685, 4.0067



35.9269, 35.4664, 8.3204



10.7947, 10.9586, 11.1090



15.6377, 8.7925, 0.8729



0.7910, 0.5173, 0.0582



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.6446, 34.4292, 59.8845



42.2082, 54.7153, 102.9442



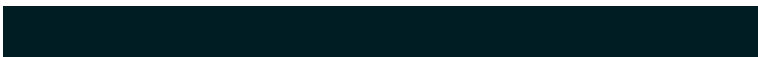
16.4077, 13.9553, 56.4722



10.7683, 11.7108, 13.6103



14.8945, 19.1829, 37.6620

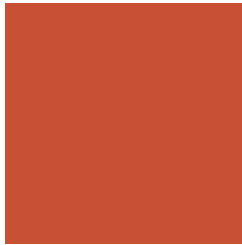


0.7507, 0.9993, 1.7985



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.4045, 18.4213, 5.4794 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.4045, 18.4213, 5.4794 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 27.4045, 18.4213, 5.4794**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.4045, 18.4213, 5.4794.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.4045, 18.4213,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

27.4045, 18.4213, 5.4794

### Protanopia

17.1863, 18.7201, 7.7086

### Deuteranopia

18.8854, 18.6137, 5.0800



## Tritanopia

28.2643, 18.3345, 10.0319

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

27.4045, 18.4213, 5.4794

## Protanomaly

19.9010, 17.8131, 6.8043

## Deuteranomaly

21.4333, 18.0410, 5.1489

## Tritanomaly

27.9491, 18.3212, 8.0245

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

27.4045, 18.4213, 5.4794

## Achromatopsia

15.6958, 16.5132, 17.9829

## Achromatomaly

18.2191, 16.0824, 12.0415

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 27.4045, 18.4213, 5.4794 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 81, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 81, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 81, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 81, 53) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 27.4045, 18.4213, 5.4794 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 81, 53) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 81, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 81, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 81, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 81, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 81,  
53) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 27.4045, 18.4213, 5.4794 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 81, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200, 81,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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