

# Converting Colors

XYZ(27.5518, 26.9514, 8.9043)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(27.5518, 26.9514, 8.9043)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(27.5518, 26.9514,  
8.9043)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B08742
RGB	176, 135, 66
RGB Percent	69%, 53%, 26%
CMY	0.3098, 0.4706, 0.7412
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.62, 0.31
HSL	38°, 45%, 47%
HSV	38°, 62%, 69%
XYZ	27.5518, 26.9514, 8.9043
YIQ	139.3930, 46.5850, -12.7670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

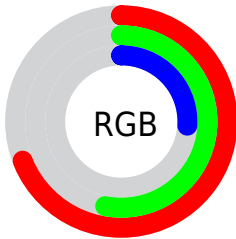
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	131, 176, 66
Decimal	11568962
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	58.93, 7.94, 42.38
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	59, 43.114, 79.392
Yxy	26.9514, 0.4345, 0.4251
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289759042 (0xFFB08742)
YUV	139.3930, -36.1827, 32.1043
Hunter-Lab	51.9147, 3.8814, 26.1710

# Details

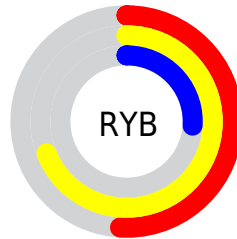
The XYZ color **27.5518, 26.9514, 8.9043** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **15.3407, 14.8076, 43.1235**, and the grayscale version is **24.8156, 26.1079, 28.4315**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55.0673, 54.7198, 24.1826**, and **11.1670, 10.6861, 1.9643** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.2236, 25.0016, 6.2837**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.0973, 29.0805, 12.3855**.

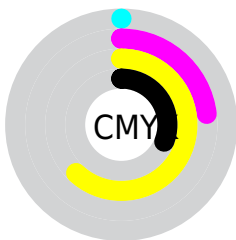
# Distribution



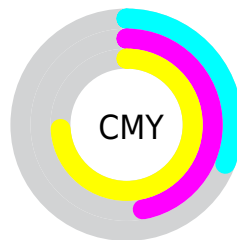
- Red (69%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (26%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Black (31%)




- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (74%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 27.5518, 26.9514, 8.9043 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 27.5518, 26.9514, 8.9043 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 27.5518, 26.9514,  
8.9043


 27.5518, 26.9514,  
8.9043


282.4381,  
287.4217, 192.8541


 18.1268, 17.5367,  
4.5829


 55.1817, 54.8059,  
24.2879


 11.1413, 10.6179,  
1.9502


 74.1174, 74.0145,  
36.1871


 6.2299, 5.8105,  
0.5244


 96.9539, 97.2565,  
51.4493

 3.0274, 2.7302,  
0.0000

 124.0568,  
124.9163, 70.4930

 1.1683, 0.9926,  
0.0000

 155.7913,  
157.3783, 93.7368

 0.0811, 0.0000,  
0.0000

192.5227,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

195.0270, 121.5992

0.0000

234.6166,  
238.2467, 154.4988

■ 27.5518, 26.9514,  
8.9043

■ 27.5518, 26.9514,  
8.9043

■ 26.2236, 25.0016,  
6.2837

■ 29.0973, 29.0805,  
12.3855

■ 25.0947, 23.2191,  
4.4418

■ 30.8725, 31.3921,  
16.7960

■ 24.1464, 21.5958,  
3.2834

■ 32.8908, 33.8944,  
22.1992

■ 23.5243, 20.4699,  
2.7112

■ 35.1641, 36.5934,  
28.6525

■ 37.7032, 39.4951,  
36.2088

■ 40.5183, 42.6049,  
44.9176

■ 43.6191, 45.9280,  
54.8250

■ 47.0147, 49.4695,  
65.9751

■ 50.7137, 53.2342,  
78.4093

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.8907, 26.9514, 12.2145



27.5518, 26.9514, 8.9043



22.3590, 26.9514, 9.4406

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.5518, 26.9514, 8.9043



17.1071, 26.9514, 40.2215



34.2207, 26.9514, 52.9232

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.5518, 26.9514, 8.9043



15.3407, 14.8076, 43.1235

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.1759, 26.9514, 66.6986



27.5518, 26.9514, 8.9043



19.5026, 26.9514, 57.7789

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.5518, 26.9514, 8.9043



16.7982, 26.9514, 24.2624



23.7740, 26.9514, 68.7323



37.0809, 26.9514, 35.0931



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.5518, 26.9514, 8.9043



19.6420, 26.9514, 11.9924



23.7740, 26.9514, 68.7323



32.6941, 26.9514, 58.4108

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.5524, 26.9527, 8.9048



65.1816, 67.9950, 56.0848



22.5684, 14.2130, 15.7881



13.8565, 14.4240, 11.3642



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216



16.2198, 17.0645, 18.5832



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.5524, 26.9527, 8.9048



46.7394, 44.0767, 9.9644



31.6470, 39.2479, 11.0622



8.9256, 9.3637, 8.9895



17.3178, 15.1342, 2.0084



0.5986, 0.5836, 0.0811



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.3407, 14.8076, 43.1235



22.8228, 20.3684, 77.2239



12.9955, 8.6865, 42.0657



8.2928, 8.7318, 10.7547



7.2139, 5.2282, 30.7659

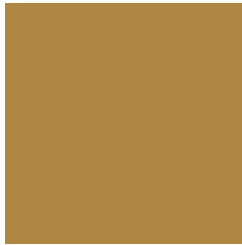


0.2841, 0.2787, 0.9871



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.5518, 26.9514, 8.9043 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.5518, 26.9514, 8.9043 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 27.5518, 26.9514, 8.9043**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.5518, 26.9514, 8.9043.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.5518, 26.9514,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

27.5518, 26.9514, 8.9043

### Protanopia

24.6210, 26.9315, 9.3695

### Deuteranopia

27.5518, 26.9514, 8.9043



## Tritanopia

31.1608, 26.8086, 27.1991

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

27.5518, 26.9514, 8.9043

## Protanomaly

25.5556, 26.7630, 9.1290

## Deuteranomaly

27.5518, 26.9514, 8.9043

## Tritanomaly

29.4423, 26.6967, 18.6401

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

27.5518, 26.9514, 8.9043

## Achromatopsia

24.5403, 25.8183, 28.1161

## Achromatomaly

24.9620, 26.0222, 19.0364

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 27.5518, 26.9514, 8.9043 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 135, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 135, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 135, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 135, 66) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 27.5518, 26.9514, 8.9043 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 135, 66) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 135, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 135, 66)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 135, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 135, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 135,  
66) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 27.5518, 26.9514, 8.9043 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 135, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
135, 66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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