

# Converting Colors

XYZ(27.8335, 26.5884, 26.1902)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(27.8335, 26.5884, 26.1902)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(27.7285, 26.4528,  
26.1987)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A28686
RGB	162, 134, 134
RGB Percent	64%, 53%, 53%
CMY	0.3647, 0.4745, 0.4745
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.17, 0.36
HSL	0°, 13%, 58%
HSV	0°, 17%, 64%
XYZ	27.7285, 26.4528, 26.1987
YIQ	142.3720, 16.6880, 5.9360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

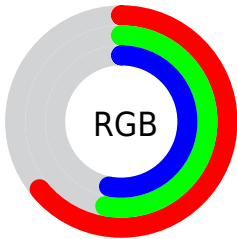
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	162, 134, 134
Decimal	10651270
CIE Lab	58.46, 10.65, 3.99
CIE LCh	58, 11.370, 20.552
Yxy	26.4528, 0.3450, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288841350 (0xFFA28686)
YUV	142.3720, -4.1274, 17.2138
Hunter-Lab	51.4323, 6.2276, 5.8013

# Details

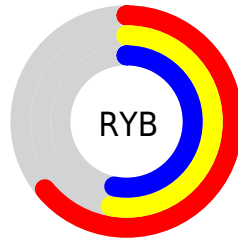
The XYZ color **27.7285, 26.4528, 26.1987** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **29.2733, 33.5170, 39.1093**, and the grayscale version is **25.8703, 27.2176, 29.6400**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55.3552, 53.8802, 54.4961**, and **11.2010, 10.2957, 9.7844** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.6142, 21.8958, 20.0066**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.3603, 31.7673, 33.4179**.

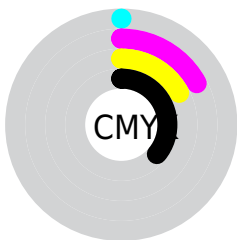
# Distribution



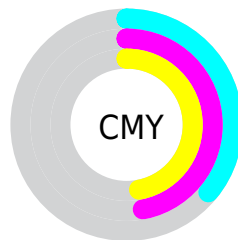
- Red (64%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 27.7285, 26.4528, 26.1987 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 27.7285, 26.4528, 26.1987 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 27.7285, 26.4528,  
26.1987

■ 27.7285, 26.4528,  
26.1987

283.2710,  
284.9978, 297.3926

■ 18.2605, 17.1627,  
16.7453

■ 55.4624, 54.0045,  
54.5833

■ 11.2380, 10.3506,  
9.8930

■ 74.4590, 73.0349,  
74.3516

■ 6.2956, 5.6320,  
5.2234

■ 97.3624, 96.0809,  
98.3952

■ 3.0680, 2.6226,  
2.3179

124.5382,  
123.5268, 127.1328

■ 1.1898, 0.9381,  
0.7412

156.3516,  
155.7571, 160.9827

■ 0.0983, 0.0000,  
0.0000

193.1679,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

193.1560, 200.3636

0.0000

235.3526,  
236.1082, 245.6941

■ 27.7285, 26.4528,  
26.1987

■ 27.7285, 26.4528,  
26.1987

■ 24.6142, 21.8958,  
20.0066

■ 31.3603, 31.7673,  
33.4179

■ 21.9918, 18.0586,  
14.7934

■ 35.5294, 37.8677,  
41.7062

■ 19.8369, 14.9053,  
10.5095

■ 40.2571, 44.7856,  
51.1051

■ 18.1220, 12.3958,  
7.1004

■ 45.5630, 52.5494,  
61.6536

■ 16.8167, 10.4858,  
4.5059

■ 51.4657, 61.1866,  
73.3886

■ 15.8870, 9.1254,  
2.6579

■ 57.9830, 70.7230,  
86.3454

■ 15.2933, 8.2564,  
1.4778

■ 65.1319, 81.1836,  
100.5581

■ 14.9725, 7.7870,  
0.8403

■ 68.7104, 86.4215,  
107.6673

■ 14.9006, 7.6818,  
0.6974

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.8716, 26.4528, 30.0771



27.7285, 26.4528, 26.1987



26.8789, 26.4528, 23.2881

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.7285, 26.4528, 26.1987



23.1351, 26.4528, 24.2088



24.7065, 26.4528, 37.0301

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.7285, 26.4528, 26.1987



29.2733, 33.5170, 39.1093

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.4828, 26.4528, 35.1254



27.7285, 26.4528, 26.1987



22.5978, 26.4528, 27.5646

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.7285, 26.4528, 26.1987



24.2161, 26.4528, 22.2149



22.7227, 26.4528, 31.5736



26.0924, 26.4528, 36.5788



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.7285, 26.4528, 26.1987



26.0428, 26.4528, 22.1724



22.7227, 26.4528, 31.5736



24.2634, 26.4528, 36.6380

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.7292, 26.4540, 26.1993



58.5038, 59.9706, 63.7920



29.9473, 27.3406, 37.8816



13.0306, 13.3095, 14.1105



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.7292, 26.4540, 26.1993



47.9013, 44.4564, 42.7142



29.7936, 30.5828, 26.8874



7.0738, 7.0861, 7.3750



11.7390, 6.0519, 0.5494



0.2467, 0.1272, 0.0116



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.2733, 33.5170, 39.1093



51.2738, 59.8833, 70.9123



26.9434, 28.8572, 38.3327



7.2761, 8.0111, 9.0659



15.3145, 22.4084, 30.4479

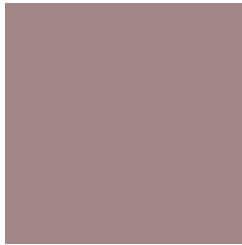


0.3218, 0.4709, 0.6398



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.7285, 26.4528, 26.1987 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

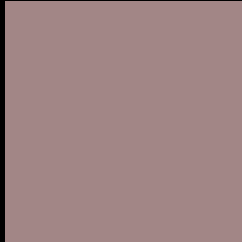
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.7285, 26.4528, 26.1987 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 27.7285, 26.4528, 26.1987**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.7285, 26.4528, 26.1987.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.7285, 26.4528,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

27.7285, 26.4528, 26.1987

### Protanopia

25.3950, 26.4916, 27.4418

### Deuteranopia

27.0119, 26.4976, 26.2451



## Tritanopia

28.4497, 26.5448, 29.6108

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

27.7285, 26.4528, 26.1987

## Protanomaly

26.2949, 26.5338, 27.0282

## Deuteranomaly

27.2651, 26.4201, 26.2168

## Tritanomaly

28.2254, 26.4550, 28.4296

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

27.7285, 26.4528, 26.1987

## Achromatopsia

25.7108, 27.0498, 29.4572

## Achromatomaly

26.2872, 26.7189, 28.1979

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 27.7285, 26.4528, 26.1987 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 134, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 134, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 134, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 134, 134) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 27.7285, 26.4528, 26.1987 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 134, 134) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 134, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 134, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 134, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 134, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 134,  
134) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 27.7285, 26.4528, 26.1987 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 134, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162,  
134, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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