

# Converting Colors

XYZ(28.0425, 30.4509, 51.6054)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(28.0425, 30.4509, 51.6054)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(28.1330, 30.6210,  
51.4414)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	779ABB
RGB	119, 154, 187
RGB Percent	47%, 60%, 73%
CMY	0.5333, 0.3961, 0.2667
CMYK	0.36, 0.18, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	209°, 33%, 60%
HSV	209°, 36%, 73%
XYZ	28.1330, 30.6210, 51.4414
YIQ	147.2970, -31.4530, 2.8430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

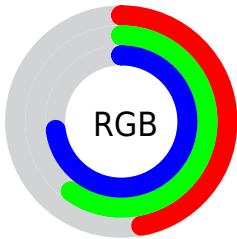
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	119, 142, 187
Decimal	7838395
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	62.19, -3.79, -20.96
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	62, 21.305, 259.748
Yxy	30.6210, 0.2553, 0.2779
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286028475 (0xFF779ABB)
YUV	147.2970, 19.5736, -24.8165
Hunter-Lab	55.3362, -6.0889, -16.3815

# Details

The XYZ color **28.1330, 30.6210, 51.4414** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **35.0521, 34.3538, 22.2372**, and the grayscale version is **27.7877, 29.2348, 31.8367**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55.9671, 60.4671, 93.5155**, and **11.4681, 12.6150, 24.3848** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.3733, 26.5433, 50.8530**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.5129, 35.1879, 52.0926**.

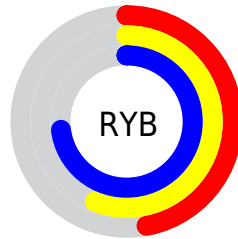
# Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (60%)

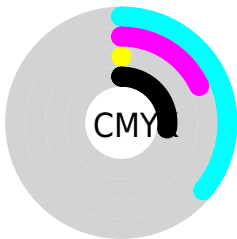
Blue (73%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (73%)

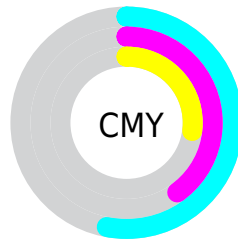


Cyan (36%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 28.1330, 30.6210, 51.4414 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 28.1330, 30.6210, 51.4414 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 28.1330, 30.6210,  
51.4414

■ 28.1330, 30.6210,  
51.4414

285.1705,  
304.7885, 409.1717

■ 18.5669, 20.3104,  
36.1808

■ 56.1039, 60.6429,  
93.7251

■ 11.4599, 12.6209,  
24.2831

■ 75.2394, 81.1230,  
121.5853

■ 6.4466, 7.1680,  
15.3296

■ 98.2954, 105.7617,  
154.4825

■ 3.1617, 3.5674,  
8.9019

125.6372,  
134.9434, 192.8351

■ 1.2399, 1.4346,  
4.5813

157.6303,  
169.0526, 237.0619

■ 0.1375, 0.2420,  
1.9494

194.6400,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

208.4735, 287.5812

0.5239

237.0316,  
253.5907, 344.8116

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 28.1330, 30.6210,  
51.4414

■ 28.1330, 30.6210,  
51.4414

■ 24.3733, 26.5433,  
50.8530

■ 32.5129, 35.1879,  
52.0926

■ 21.1985, 22.9310,  
50.3231

■ 37.5398, 40.2592,  
52.8065

■ 18.5742, 19.7630,  
49.8499

■ 43.2423, 45.8541,  
53.5859

■ 16.4608, 17.0150,  
49.4309

■ 49.6464, 51.9892,  
54.4325

■ 14.8123, 14.6592,  
49.0631

■ 56.7768, 58.6804,  
55.3483

■ 13.5694, 12.6608,  
48.7429

■ 64.6567, 65.9431,  
56.3348

■ 13.1757, 11.9998,  
48.6360

■ 73.3084, 73.7917,  
57.3937

■ 77.5699, 79.5683,  
58.2841

■ 80.1120, 84.6525,  
59.1315

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.6815, 30.6210, 46.9198



28.1330, 30.6210, 51.4414



31.0095, 30.6210, 50.5422

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.1330, 30.6210, 51.4414



34.6147, 30.6210, 28.2798



25.0916, 30.6210, 24.1343

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.1330, 30.6210, 51.4414



35.0521, 34.3538, 22.2372

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.2788, 30.6210, 20.5661



28.1330, 30.6210, 51.4414



32.8186, 30.6210, 22.6729

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.1330, 30.6210, 51.4414



34.8808, 30.6210, 36.2343



30.0978, 30.6210, 20.0792



24.0036, 30.6210, 30.6061



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.1330, 30.6210, 51.4414



32.7783, 30.6210, 47.0320



30.0978, 30.6210, 20.0792



25.7157, 30.6210, 22.6040

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.1340, 30.6222, 51.4421



72.3737, 77.1793, 95.2840



31.0354, 41.7259, 36.0676



15.6338, 16.6974, 20.9415



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.1340, 30.6222, 51.4421



44.6899, 48.6859, 91.2433



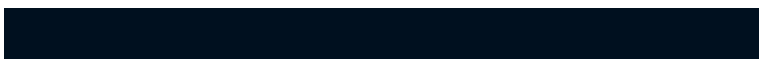
23.3108, 20.9758, 49.8344



9.4116, 10.0156, 12.1094



9.1507, 8.4131, 33.5345



0.4237, 0.4601, 1.3353



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.9239, 26.0925, 33.8742



54.8118, 40.1749, 53.8815



41.3548, 46.9590, 24.3381



9.7296, 9.6162, 10.9652



15.6196, 7.8790, 8.5565

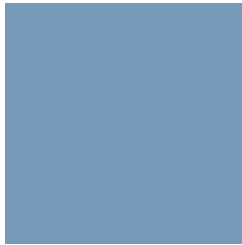


0.6448, 0.3218, 0.5086



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.1330, 30.6210, 51.4414 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.1330, 30.6210, 51.4414 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

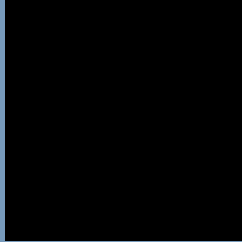
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

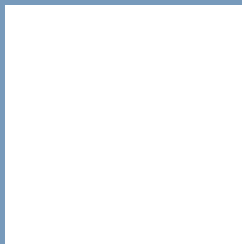
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 28.1330, 30.6210, 51.4414

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.1330, 30.6210, 51.4414.



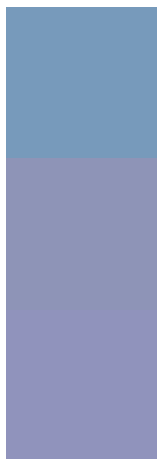
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.1330, 30.6210,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.1330, 30.6210, 51.4414

### Protanopia

30.2925, 30.3495, 49.0612

### Deuteranopia

31.0124, 30.4276, 51.8155



## Tritanopia

26.3829, 30.6611, 42.5579

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.1330, 30.6210, 51.4414

## Protanomaly

29.3896, 30.3417, 49.6549

## Deuteranomaly

29.9751, 30.5944, 51.9024

## Tritanomaly

26.9274, 30.6245, 45.5662

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.1330, 30.6210, 51.4414

## Achromatopsia

27.7328, 29.1771, 31.7738

## Achromatomaly

27.7445, 29.7397, 38.4605

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 28.1330, 30.6210, 51.4414 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 154, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 154, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 154, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 154, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 28.1330, 30.6210, 51.4414 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 154, 187) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 154, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 154, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 154, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 154, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 154,  
187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 28.1330, 30.6210, 51.4414 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 154, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
154, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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