

# Converting Colors

XYZ(28.0550, 14.3719, 23.4857)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(28.0550, 14.3719, 23.4857)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(28.0550, 14.3719,  
23.4857)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C71585
RGB	199, 21, 133
RGB Percent	78%, 8%, 52%
CMY	0.2196, 0.9176, 0.4784
CMYK	0.00, 0.89, 0.33, 0.22
HSL	322°, 81%, 43%
HSV	322°, 89%, 78%
XYZ	28.0550, 14.3719, 23.4857
YIQ	86.9900, 70.1360, 72.5680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

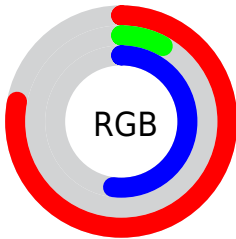
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	199, 21, 133
Decimal	13047173
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	44.76, 71.01, -15.18
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	45, 72.612, 347.931
Yxy	14.3719, 0.4256, 0.2180
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291237253 (0xFFC71585)
YUV	86.9900, 22.6829, 98.2328
Hunter-Lab	37.9103, 65.7535, -10.1934

# Details

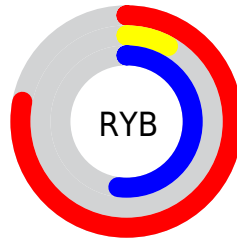
The XYZ color **28.0550, 14.3719, 23.4857** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3399**, and the color name is [mediumvioletred](#). The color can be described as dark washed rose. A complement of this color would be **22.4543, 41.6950, 15.8857**, and the grayscale version is **9.0015, 9.4703, 10.3131**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.1056, 32.8106, 49.9358**, and **12.3766, 6.2000, 8.7280** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.3069, 13.6631, 20.8086**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.1051, 15.6272, 26.4404**.

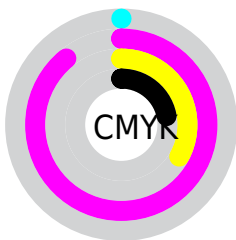
# Distribution



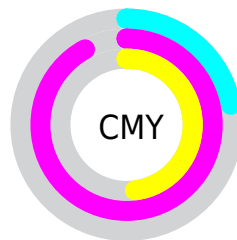
- Red (78%)
- Green (8%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (48%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 28.0550, 14.3719, 23.4857 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 28.0550, 14.3719, 23.4857 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 28.0550, 14.3719,  
23.4857


 28.0550, 14.3719,  
23.4857


284.8049,  
219.5323, 283.4123


 18.5078, 8.3798,  
14.7439


 55.9803, 33.7475,  
50.1229

 11.4171, 4.3389,  
8.4952


 75.0890, 47.8997,  
68.8553


 6.4174, 1.8649,  
4.3211


 98.1157, 65.5408,  
91.7551

 3.1436, 0.5271,  
1.8031

 125.4256, 87.0551,  
119.2407

 1.2301, 0.0000,  
0.4300

 157.3842,  
112.8270, 151.7307

 0.1300, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 194.3566,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

143.2409, 189.6436

0.0000

236.7085,  
178.6812, 233.3979

■ 28.0550, 14.3719,  
23.4857

■ 28.0550, 14.3719,  
23.4857

■ 27.3069, 13.6631,  
20.8086

■ 29.1051, 15.6272,  
26.4404

■ 27.2680, 13.6281,  
20.6641

■ 30.5387, 17.5910,  
29.7030

■ 32.4030, 20.3568,  
33.2929

■ 34.7380, 24.0032,  
37.2267

■ 37.5786, 28.5991,  
41.5191

■ 40.9564, 34.2070,  
46.1840

■ 44.9005, 40.8835,  
51.2340

■ 49.4376, 48.6813,  
56.6811

■ 54.5927, 57.6496,  
62.5364

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.9491, 14.3719, 49.1426



28.0550, 14.3719, 23.4857



27.5719, 14.3719, 7.6164

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.0550, 14.3719, 23.4857



10.4522, 14.3719, 0.5656



7.3741, 14.3719, 54.3631

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.0550, 14.3719, 23.4857



22.4543, 41.6950, 15.8857

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



5.4510, 14.3719, 27.9560



28.0550, 14.3719, 23.4857



6.8427, 14.3719, 2.4043

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.0550, 14.3719, 23.4857



16.1760, 14.3719, 0.4313



5.2896, 14.3719, 9.7834



11.4195, 14.3719, 73.9079



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.0550, 14.3719, 23.4857



24.7241, 14.3719, 2.9584



5.2896, 14.3719, 9.7834



6.5154, 14.3719, 45.3830

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.0554, 14.3727, 23.4859



73.0389, 62.1244, 82.6138



14.4410, 6.6524, 54.5558



15.1563, 12.4965, 17.0508



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.0554, 14.3727, 23.4859



47.6236, 23.8134, 35.5457



24.2907, 12.8668, 3.6609



10.9098, 10.7473, 12.5084



17.5774, 8.7805, 13.5165



0.8664, 0.4294, 0.8198



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.0554, 14.3727, 23.4859



47.6236, 23.8134, 35.5457



28.4975, 44.1123, 47.7090



10.9098, 10.7473, 12.5084



17.5774, 8.7805, 13.5165



0.8664, 0.4294, 0.8198



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.0550, 14.3719, 23.4857 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.0550, 14.3719, 23.4857 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 28.0550, 14.3719, 23.4857**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.0550, 14.3719, 23.4857.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.0550, 14.3719,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.0550, 14.3719, 23.4857

### Protanopia

16.5470, 14.9931, 49.0355

### Deuteranopia

14.9963, 14.8096, 21.1369



## Tritanopia

24.3780, 14.5072, 5.5183

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.0550, 14.3719, 23.4857



## Protanomaly

16.7599, 11.4695, 37.8897



## Deuteranomaly

17.4349, 12.1806, 21.5109



## Tritanomaly

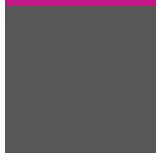
25.2685, 14.1194, 9.9878

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.0550, 14.3719, 23.4857



## Achromatopsia

9.0590, 9.5307, 10.3790



## Achromatomaly

13.1783, 9.1437, 14.1670

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 28.0550, 14.3719, 23.4857 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 21, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 21, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 21, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 21, 133) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 28.0550, 14.3719, 23.4857 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 21, 133) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 21, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 21, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 21, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 21, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 21,  
133) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 28.0550, 14.3719, 23.4857 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 21, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199, 21,  
133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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