

# Converting Colors

XYZ(28.1552, 35.3204, 56.1712)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(28.1552, 35.3204, 56.1712)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(28.1463, 35.2849, 56.3661)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(28.1463, 35.2849,  
56.3661)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	54ACC2
RGB	84, 172, 194
RGB Percent	33%, 67%, 76%
CMY	0.6706, 0.3255, 0.2392
CMYK	0.57, 0.11, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	192°, 47%, 55%
HSV	192°, 57%, 76%
XYZ	28.1463, 35.2849, 56.3661
YIQ	148.1960, -59.5100, -11.8140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

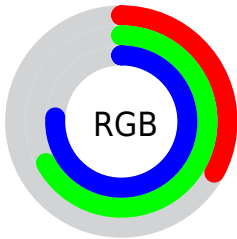
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	84, 133, 194
Decimal	5549250
CIELab	65.97, -20.05, -19.26
CIELCh	66, 27.801, 223.855
Yxy	35.2849, 0.2349, 0.2945
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283739330 (0xFF54ACC2)
YUV	148.1960, 22.5814, -56.2999
Hunter-Lab	59.4011, -19.3724, -14.6799

# Details

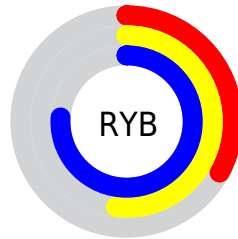
The XYZ color **28.1463, 35.2849, 56.3661** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. The color can be described as light muted azure. A complement of this color would be **29.0033, 22.4186, 11.1873**, and the grayscale version is **28.1577, 29.6241, 32.2606**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.3113, 68.2026, 101.4633**, and **11.5002, 15.3522, 27.1681** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.9170, 33.0561, 56.0540**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.8802, 37.8073, 56.7095**.

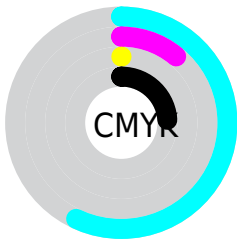
# Distribution



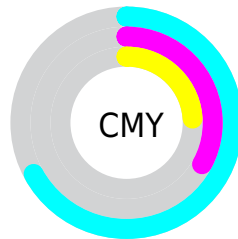
- Red (33%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 28.1463, 35.2849, 56.3661 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 28.1463, 35.2849, 56.3661 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 28.1463, 35.2849,  
56.3661

■ 28.1463, 35.2849,  
56.3661

285.2327,  
325.8241, 428.4967

■ 18.5770, 23.8824,  
40.0906

■ 56.1249, 67.9269,  
101.0308

■ 11.4672, 15.2464,  
27.2948

■ 75.2650, 89.9352,  
130.2570

■ 6.4516, 8.9925,  
17.5604

■ 98.3260, 116.2475,  
164.6372

■ 3.1648, 4.7363,  
10.4687

■ 125.6733,  
147.2484, 204.5899

■ 1.2415, 2.0934,  
5.6011

157.6723,  
183.3220, 250.5337

■ 0.1388, 0.6609,  
2.5393

194.6883,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

224.8529, 302.8871

0.8609

237.0866,  
272.2255, 362.0686

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 28.1463, 35.2849,  
56.3661

■ 28.1463, 35.2849,  
56.3661

■ 25.9170, 33.0561,  
56.0540

■ 30.8802, 37.8073,  
56.7095

■ 24.1479, 31.0956,  
55.7689

■ 34.1517, 40.6384,  
57.0836

■ 22.7926, 29.3798,  
55.5091

■ 37.9947, 43.7967,  
57.4906

■ 21.7876, 27.8758,  
55.2718

■ 42.4395, 47.2979,  
57.9322

■ 21.4927, 27.4051,  
55.1965

■ 47.5139, 51.1569,  
58.4096

■ 53.2442, 55.3872,  
58.9241

■ 59.6551, 60.0020,  
59.4769

■ 66.7700, 65.0135,  
60.0692

■ 73.2716, 69.7429,  
60.6394

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.4231, 35.2849, 44.1084



28.1463, 35.2849, 56.3661



31.3837, 35.2849, 64.5725

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.1463, 35.2849, 56.3661



41.7310, 35.2849, 45.0751



31.6770, 35.2849, 20.3427

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.1463, 35.2849, 56.3661



29.0033, 22.4186, 11.1873

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.7872, 35.2849, 20.4965



28.1463, 35.2849, 56.3661



41.8258, 35.2849, 33.2416

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.1463, 35.2849, 56.3661



39.3267, 35.2849, 57.1974



39.5760, 35.2849, 24.7543



28.3458, 35.2849, 24.2794



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.1463, 35.2849, 56.3661



34.0723, 35.2849, 65.7713



39.5760, 35.2849, 24.7543



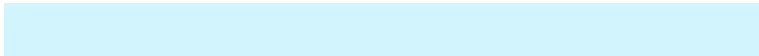
33.0078, 35.2849, 19.9471

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.1474, 35.2862, 56.3669



76.3985, 85.3114, 104.9099



25.4561, 41.4721, 19.8057



16.3517, 18.3877, 22.9373



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.1474, 35.2862, 56.3669



46.1189, 59.0006, 101.4273



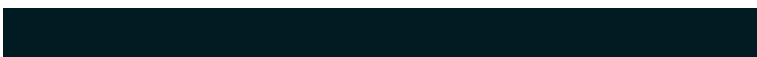
19.9719, 18.9352, 53.6418



10.1919, 11.0751, 12.8854



14.1895, 18.1355, 36.3092



0.6576, 0.8727, 1.5837



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.8658, 20.7897, 41.3116



55.9048, 31.7005, 69.5828



36.2761, 36.9642, 13.6115



10.4082, 10.2119, 12.2400



18.5582, 9.1130, 21.3832



0.8243, 0.4027, 1.0423



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.1463, 35.2849, 56.3661 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

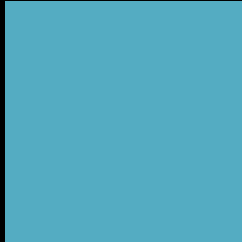
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.1463, 35.2849, 56.3661 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 28.1463, 35.2849, 56.3661**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.1463, 35.2849, 56.3661.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.1463, 35.2849,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.1463, 35.2849, 56.3661

### Protanopia

34.5014, 34.9251, 50.8217

### Deuteranopia

35.4841, 34.7767, 57.6657



## Tritanopia

27.3065, 35.2243, 52.3735

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.1463, 35.2849, 56.3661

## Protanomaly

31.2276, 34.4924, 52.5888

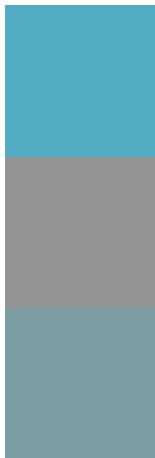
## Deuteranomaly

31.9374, 34.4933, 57.1991

## Tritanomaly

27.7175, 35.3987, 54.0870

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.1463, 35.2849, 56.3661

## Achromatopsia

28.1479, 29.6138, 32.2495

## Achromatomaly

27.3059, 31.1905, 40.1785

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 28.1463, 35.2849, 56.3661 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 172, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 172, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 172, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 172, 194) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 28.1463, 35.2849, 56.3661 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 172, 194) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 172, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 172, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 172, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 172, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 172,  
194) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 28.1463, 35.2849, 56.3661 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 172, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 172,  
194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor