

# Converting Colors

XYZ(28.2167, 23.8457, 48.5546)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(28.2167, 23.8457, 48.5546)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(28.1889, 23.8638, 48.4679)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(28.1889, 23.8638,  
48.4679)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	967AB8
RGB	150, 122, 184
RGB Percent	59%, 48%, 72%
CMY	0.4118, 0.5216, 0.2784
CMYK	0.18, 0.34, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	267°, 30%, 60%
HSV	267°, 34%, 72%
XYZ	28.1889, 23.8638, 48.4679
YIQ	137.4400, -3.2140, 25.2180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

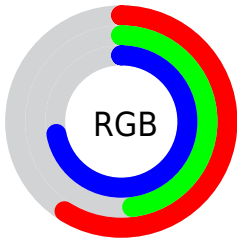
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	150, 122, 184
Decimal	9861816
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	55.95, 23.30, -28.65
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	56, 36.935, 309.122
Yxy	23.8638, 0.2804, 0.2374
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288051896 (0xFF967AB8)
YUV	137.4400, 22.9541, 11.0151
Hunter-Lab	48.8506, 17.5137, -24.6301

# Details

The XYZ color **28.1889, 23.8638, 48.4679** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **34.3645, 42.7547, 24.8547**, and the grayscale version is **23.8617, 25.1044, 27.3387**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.2350, 49.9304, 89.1117**, and **11.5163, 9.0005, 22.6030** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.3625, 18.8494, 47.7021**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.6046, 29.8181, 49.3849**.

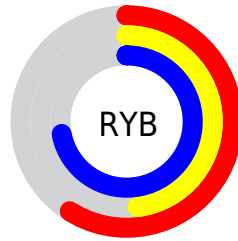
# Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (48%)

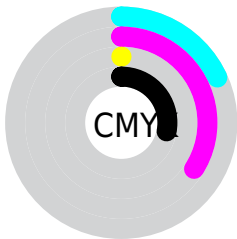
Blue (72%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (72%)

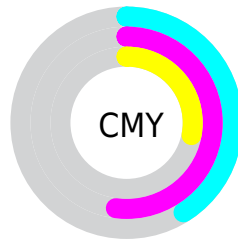


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (28%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 28.1889, 23.8638, 48.4679 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 28.1889, 23.8638, 48.4679 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 28.1889, 23.8638,  
48.4679

■ 28.1889, 23.8638,  
48.4679

285.4322,  
272.1312, 397.2059

■ 18.6093, 15.2326,  
33.8350

■ 56.1924, 49.8079,  
89.2734

■ 11.4906, 8.9828,  
22.4905

■ 75.3470, 67.8895,  
116.2831

■ 6.4676, 4.7300,  
14.0160

■ 98.4240, 89.8901,  
148.2554

■ 3.1748, 2.0897,  
7.9929

125.7888,  
116.1941, 185.6090

■ 1.2468, 0.6588,  
4.0027

157.8066,  
147.1857, 228.7622

■ 0.1429, 0.0000,  
1.6268

194.8429,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

183.2496, 278.1338

0.3099

237.2630,  
224.7699, 334.1421

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 28.1889, 23.8638,  
48.4679

■ 28.1889, 23.8638,  
48.4679

■ 24.3625, 18.8494,  
47.7021

■ 32.6046, 29.8181,  
49.3849

■ 21.0947, 14.7214,  
47.0775

■ 37.6332, 36.7559,  
50.4589

■ 18.3556, 11.4254,  
46.5857

■ 43.3002, 44.7216,  
51.6978

■ 16.1109, 8.8996,  
46.2165

■ 49.6286, 53.7560,  
53.1081

■ 14.3219, 7.0731,  
45.9582

■ 56.6402, 63.8977,  
54.6961

12.9425, 5.8607,  
45.7969

64.3559, 75.1833,  
56.4677

12.2275, 5.3041,  
45.7272

72.7956, 87.6476,  
58.4288

77.2784, 91.9241,  
59.0180

80.6248, 93.6492,  
59.1746

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.9910, 23.8638, 56.2948



28.1889, 23.8638, 48.4679



31.1272, 23.8638, 35.1633

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.1889, 23.8638, 48.4679



25.6941, 23.8638, 9.7720



15.5846, 23.8638, 29.8394

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.1889, 23.8638, 48.4679



34.3645, 42.7547, 24.8547

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.9215, 23.8638, 18.5592



28.1889, 23.8638, 48.4679



21.4212, 23.8638, 9.1448

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.1889, 23.8638, 48.4679



29.5675, 23.8638, 13.9185



17.9432, 23.8638, 11.8171



16.9579, 23.8638, 43.5508



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.1889, 23.8638, 48.4679



31.7877, 23.8638, 26.3409



17.9432, 23.8638, 11.8171



15.5056, 23.8638, 25.6296

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.1897, 23.8648, 48.4684



71.7087, 71.5056, 92.2271



28.5839, 31.4097, 49.9040



15.1578, 14.9935, 19.8167



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.1897, 23.8648, 48.4684



46.1525, 36.7454, 86.8647



34.6446, 27.1924, 48.7705



8.8959, 8.9127, 11.3309



8.5063, 3.6964, 31.5182



0.3713, 0.1671, 1.1144



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.7283, 26.5107, 34.8457



55.7889, 42.3686, 57.7013



29.1262, 40.0543, 24.6096



9.2051, 9.0924, 10.4275



15.2751, 7.6838, 9.3356

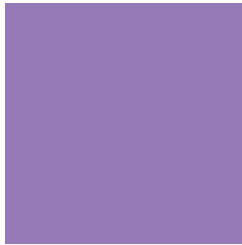


0.5692, 0.2832, 0.4910



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.1889, 23.8638, 48.4679 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.1889, 23.8638, 48.4679 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

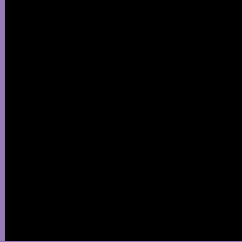
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 28.1889, 23.8638, 48.4679**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.1889, 23.8638, 48.4679.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.1889, 23.8638,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.1889, 23.8638, 48.4679

### Protanopia

24.8359, 23.9531, 53.1836

### Deuteranopia

24.4405, 23.8730, 47.5758



## **Tritanopia**

24.2517, 23.9953, 28.5527

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.1889, 23.8638, 48.4679

## Protanomaly

25.8066, 23.7017, 51.3588

## Deuteranomaly

25.6265, 23.6825, 48.0203

## Tritanomaly

25.6590, 23.9837, 35.1752

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.1889, 23.8638, 48.4679

## Achromatopsia

23.7775, 25.0158, 27.2422

## Achromatomaly

25.2393, 24.5864, 33.9872

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 28.1889, 23.8638, 48.4679 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 122, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 122, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 122, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 122, 184) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 28.1889, 23.8638, 48.4679 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 122, 184) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 122, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 122, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 122, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 122, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 122,  
184) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 28.1889, 23.8638, 48.4679 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 122, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
122, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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